

North Central U.S. Climate and Drought Outlook

16 May 2024

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General Information

- **Providing climate services to the Central Region**
 - Collaboration Activity Between:
 - State Climatologists/American Association of State Climatologists
 - NOAA NCEI/NWS/OAR/NIDIS
 - USDA Climate Hubs
 - Midwest and High Plains Regional Climate Centers
 - National Drought Mitigation Center
- **Next Regular Climate/Drought Outlook Webinar**
 - June 20, 2024 (1 PM CST): Presenter: Dr. Aaron Wilson, State Climatologist of Ohio
- **Access to Future Climate Webinars and Information**
- <http://www.drought.gov/drought/content/regional-programs/regional-drought-webinars>
 - <https://mrcc.purdue.edu/multimedia/webinars.jsp>
 - <https://hprcc.unl.edu/webinars.php>
- **Open for questions at the end (enter them along the way).**

Presentation Outline

- Recent Conditions
 - Temperature and precipitation ranks
 - 30-day temperature and precipitation
 - Drought
- Planting/Growing Progress
- Impacts and Notable Events
- Outlooks
 - Rapid shift from strong El Niño to La Niña
 - Short-term
 - Summer



Recent Conditions

April Temperature and Precipitation Ranks
Year-to-Date (YTD) Temperature and Precipitation Ranks
Departure from Normal Temperature and Precipitation
Long-term Precipitation Departures
Soil Moisture, Streamflow and Drought

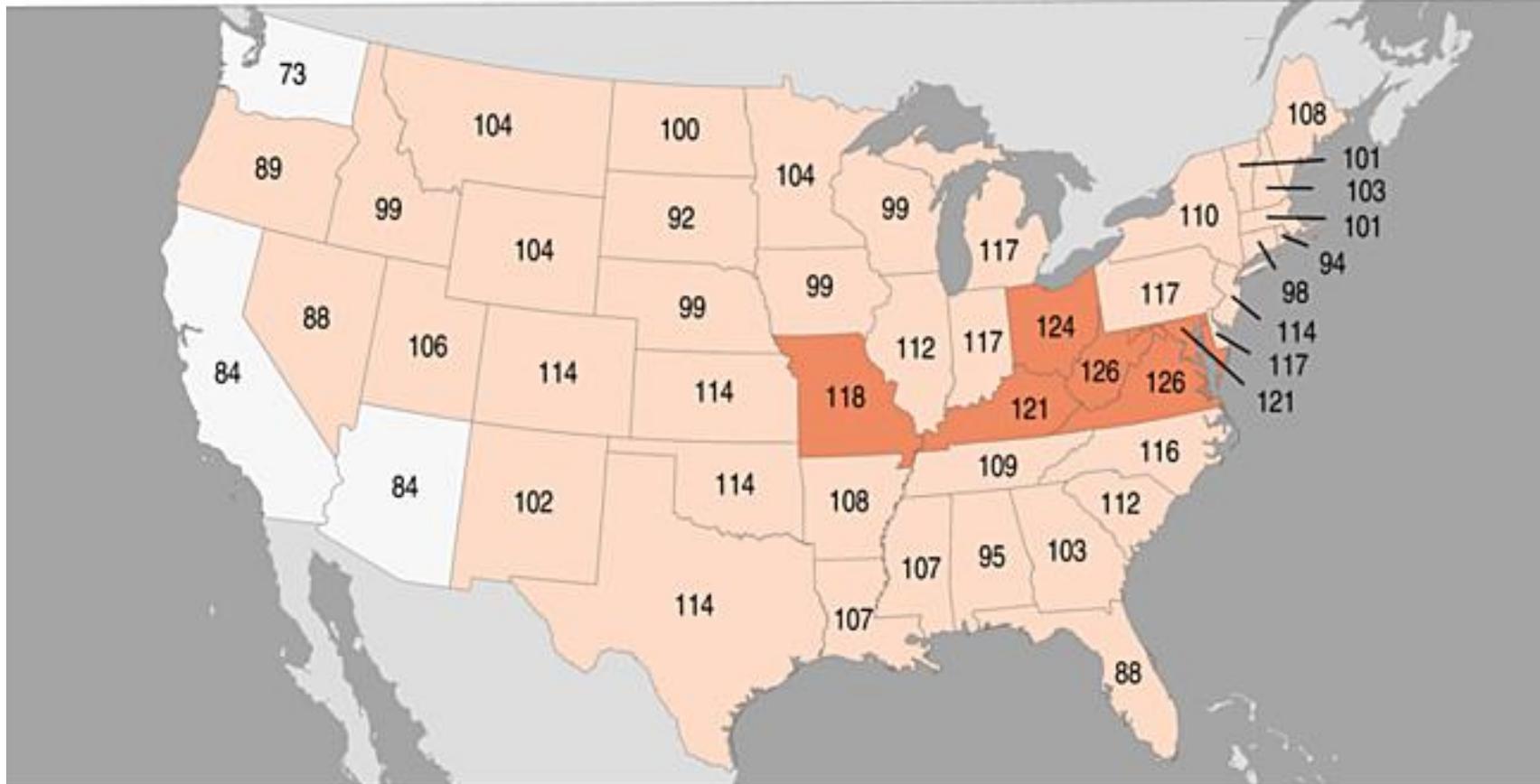
April Temperature Ranks

Statewide Average Temperature Ranks

April 2024

Ranking Period: 1895–2024

NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information



Unseasonably warm across the region, particularly south and east.

6th warmest OH

Created: Mon May 6 2024
Source: nClimGrid - Monthly

Record Coldest (1)	Much Below Average	Below Average	Near Average	Above Average	Much Above Average	Record Warmest (130)
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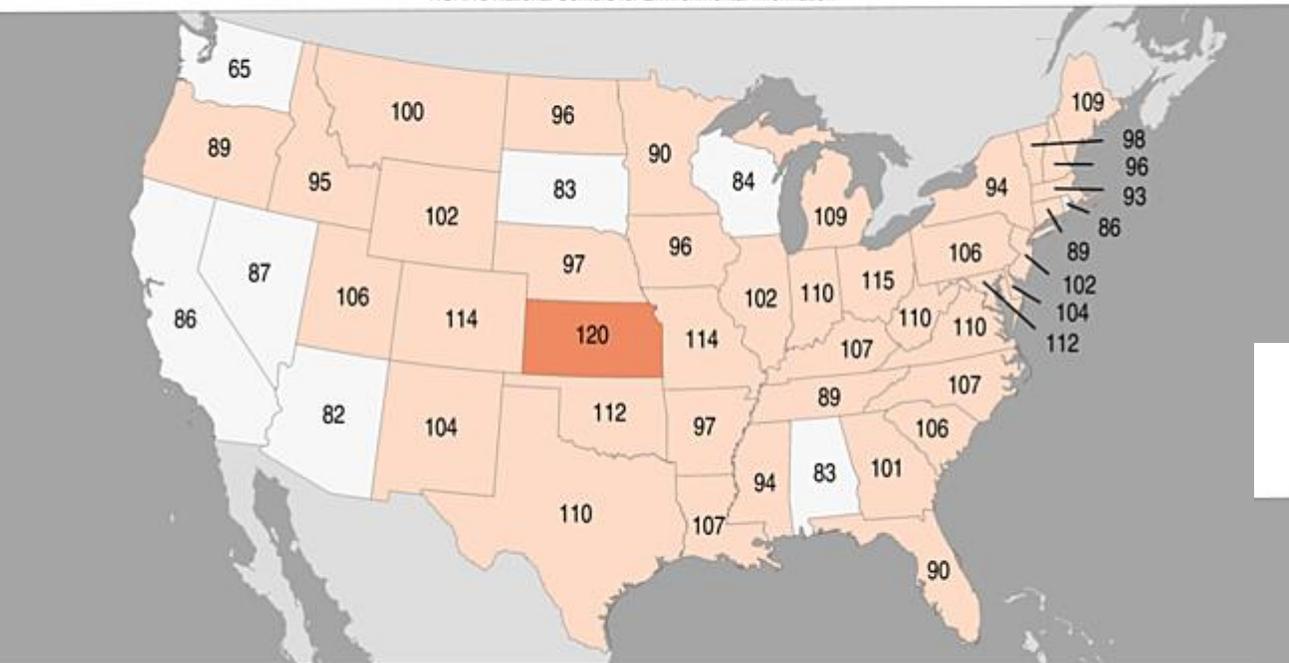
<http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/us-maps/>

Statewide Maximum Temperature Ranks

April 2024

Ranking Period: 1895–2024

NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information



Created: Mon May 6 2024
Source: nClimGrid - Monthly

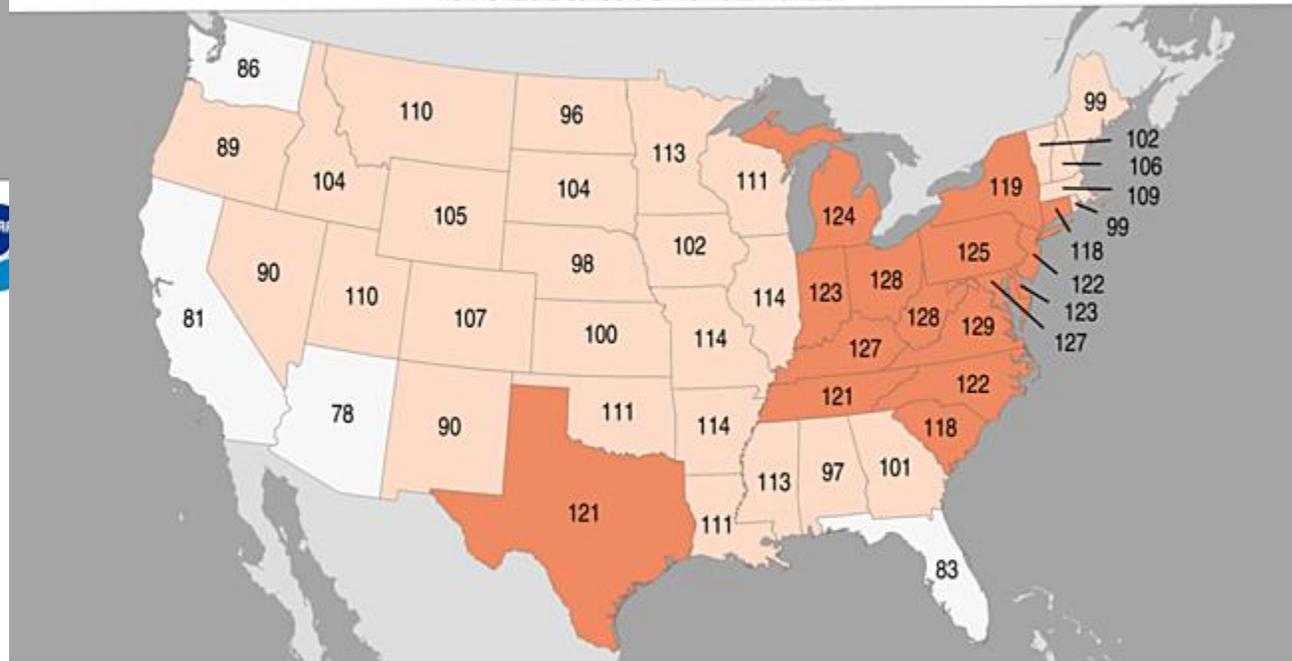


Statewide Minimum Temperature Ranks

April 2024

Ranking Period: 1895–2024

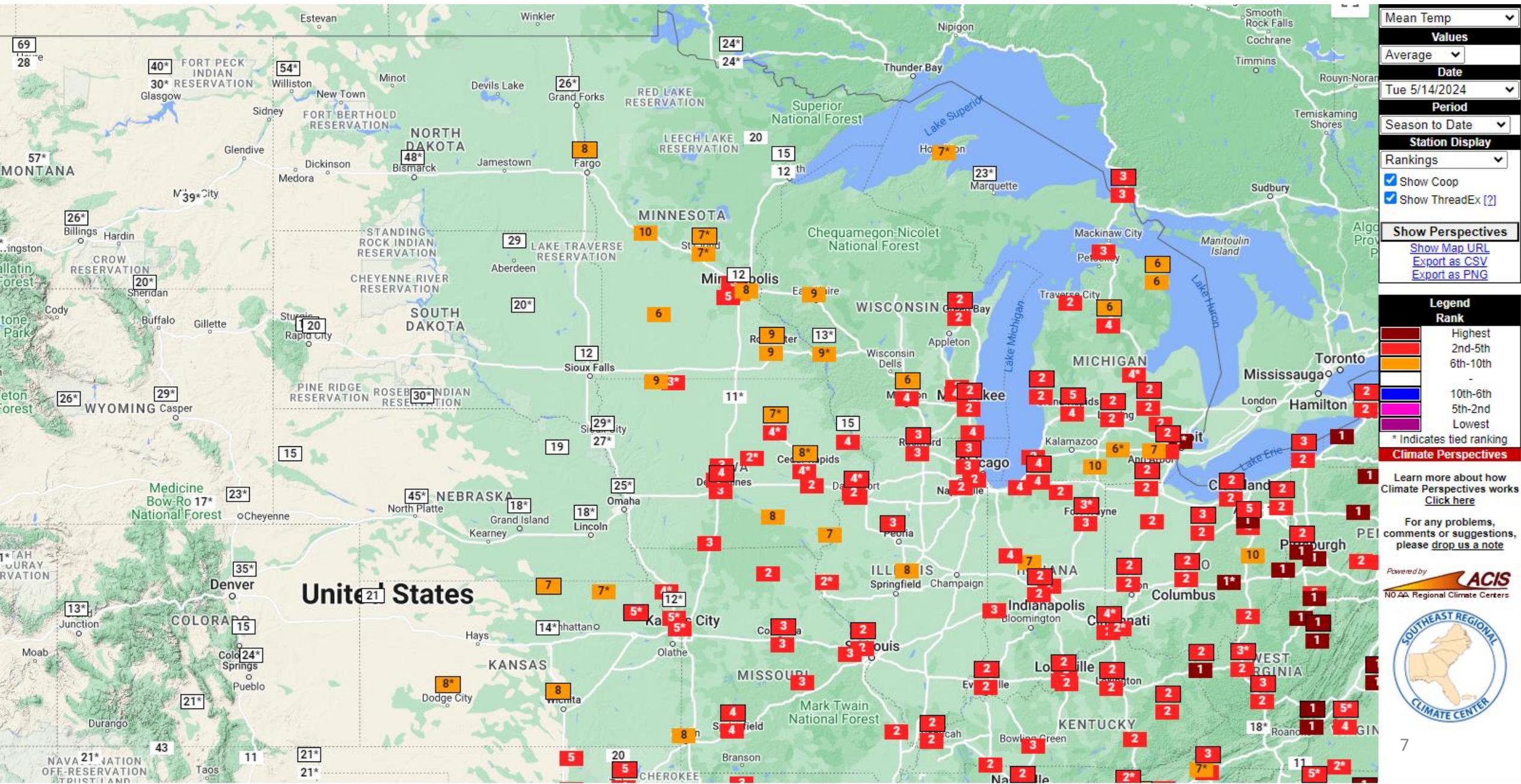
NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information



Created: Mon May 6 2024
Source: nClimGrid - Monthly



Meteorological Spring Average Temperature Departure Rank



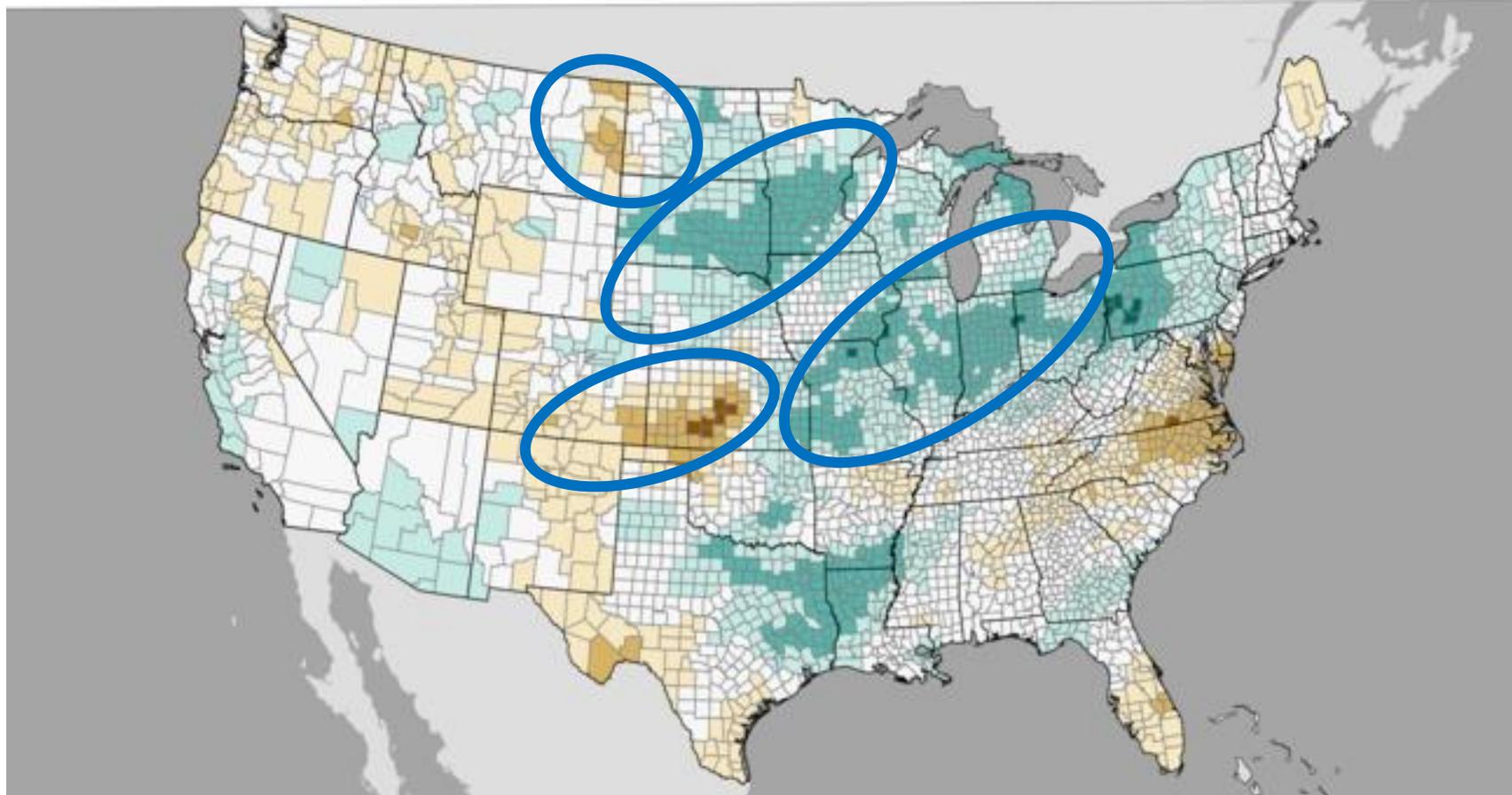
April Precipitation Ranks

County Precipitation Ranks

April 2024

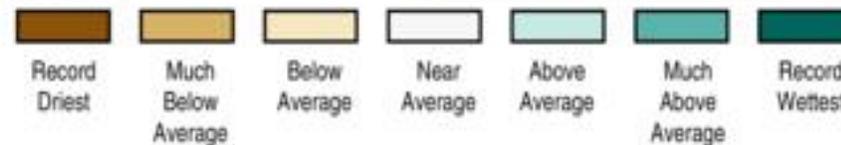
Ranking Period: 1895–2024

NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information



**Wet conditions
across the region;
eastern Corn Belt**

**Near average in
Montana.**



Created: Mon May 06 2024
Source: nClimGrid-Monthly



<http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/us-maps/>

January-April Temperature Recap

Statewide Average Temperature Ranks

January – April 2024

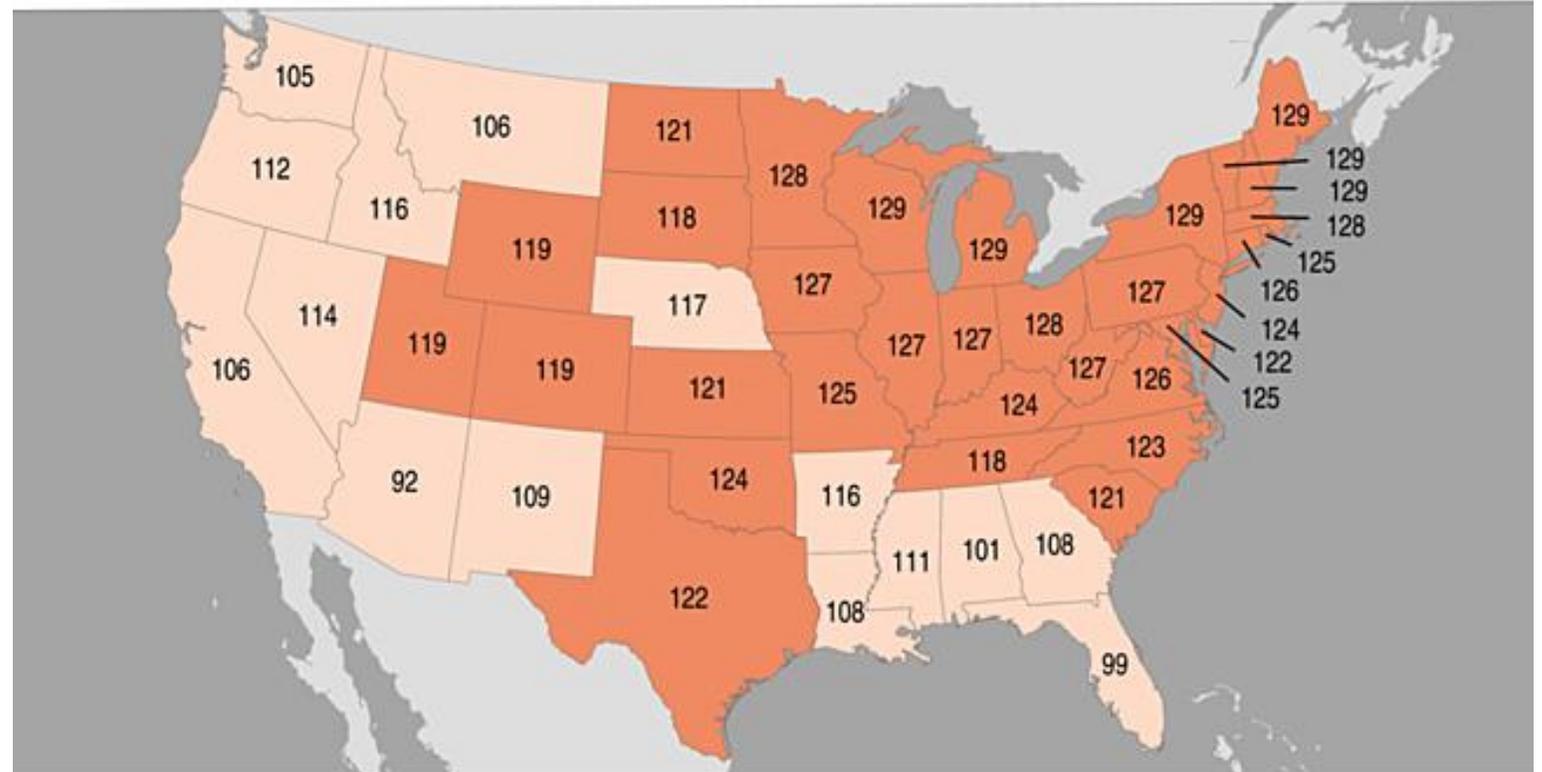
Ranking Period: 1895–2024

NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information

Very warm start to the year with many states in the top 5.

Close to the record in OH/MI/WI/MN.

11th consecutive month of record warmth globally



Created: Mon May 6 2024
Source: nClimGrid – Monthly

<http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/us-maps/>



January-April Precipitation Recap

Statewide Precipitation Ranks

January – April 2024

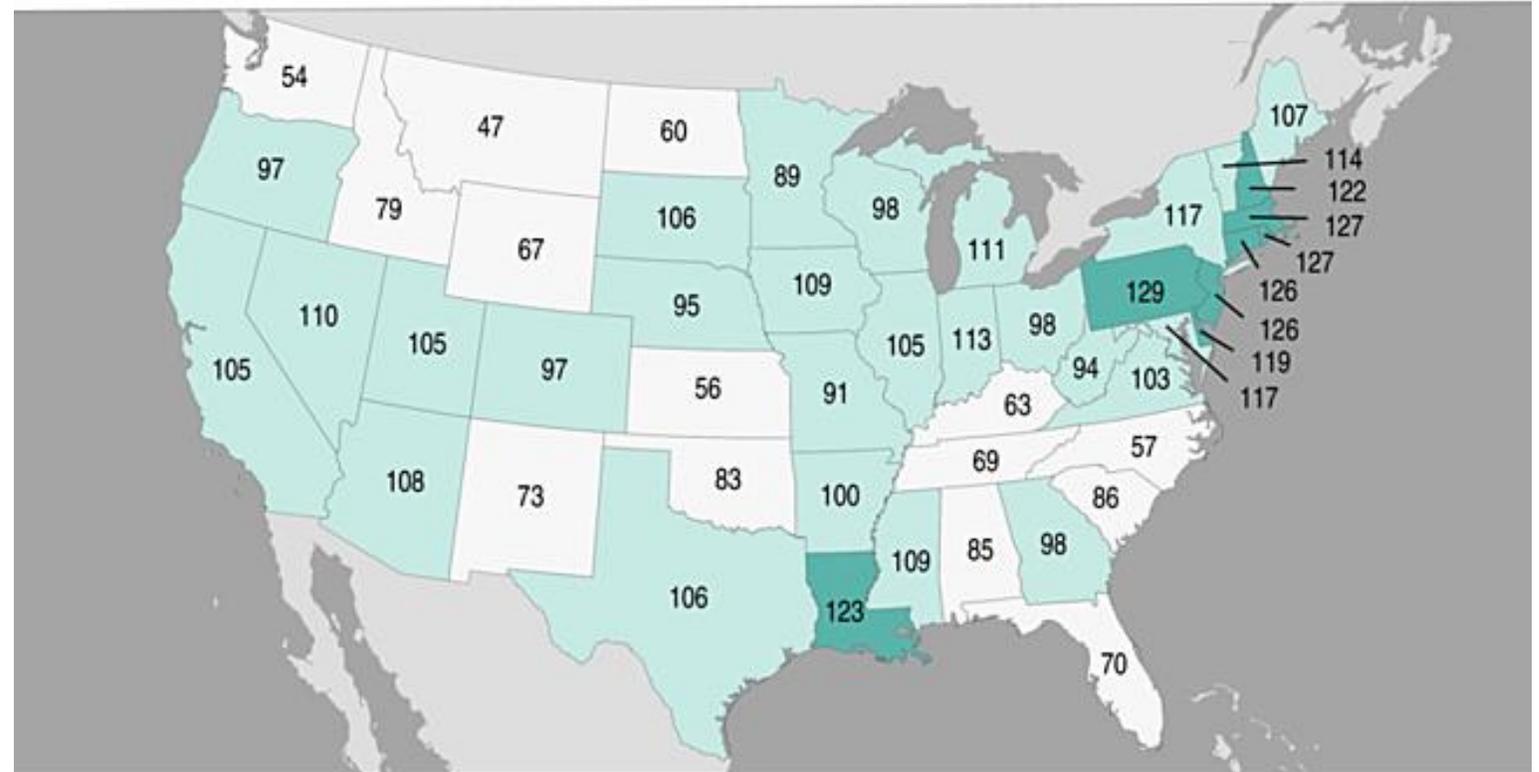
Ranking Period: 1895–2024

NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information

**Wetter conditions
region for the Corn
Belt**

**Near-normal
conditions ND/MT**

**Drought risk that
has built up over
the last few years
has been alleviated
... at least
temporarily**



Record
Driest
(1)

Much
Below
Average

Below
Average

Near
Average

Above
Average

Much
Above
Average

Record
Wettest
(130)

Created: Mon May 6 2024
Source: nClimGrid – Monthly

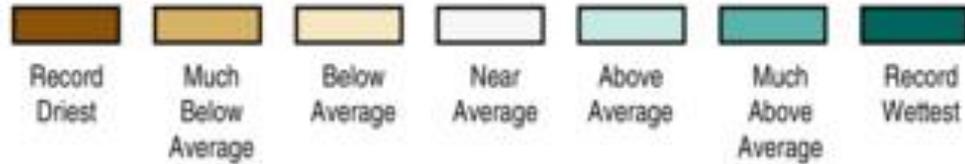
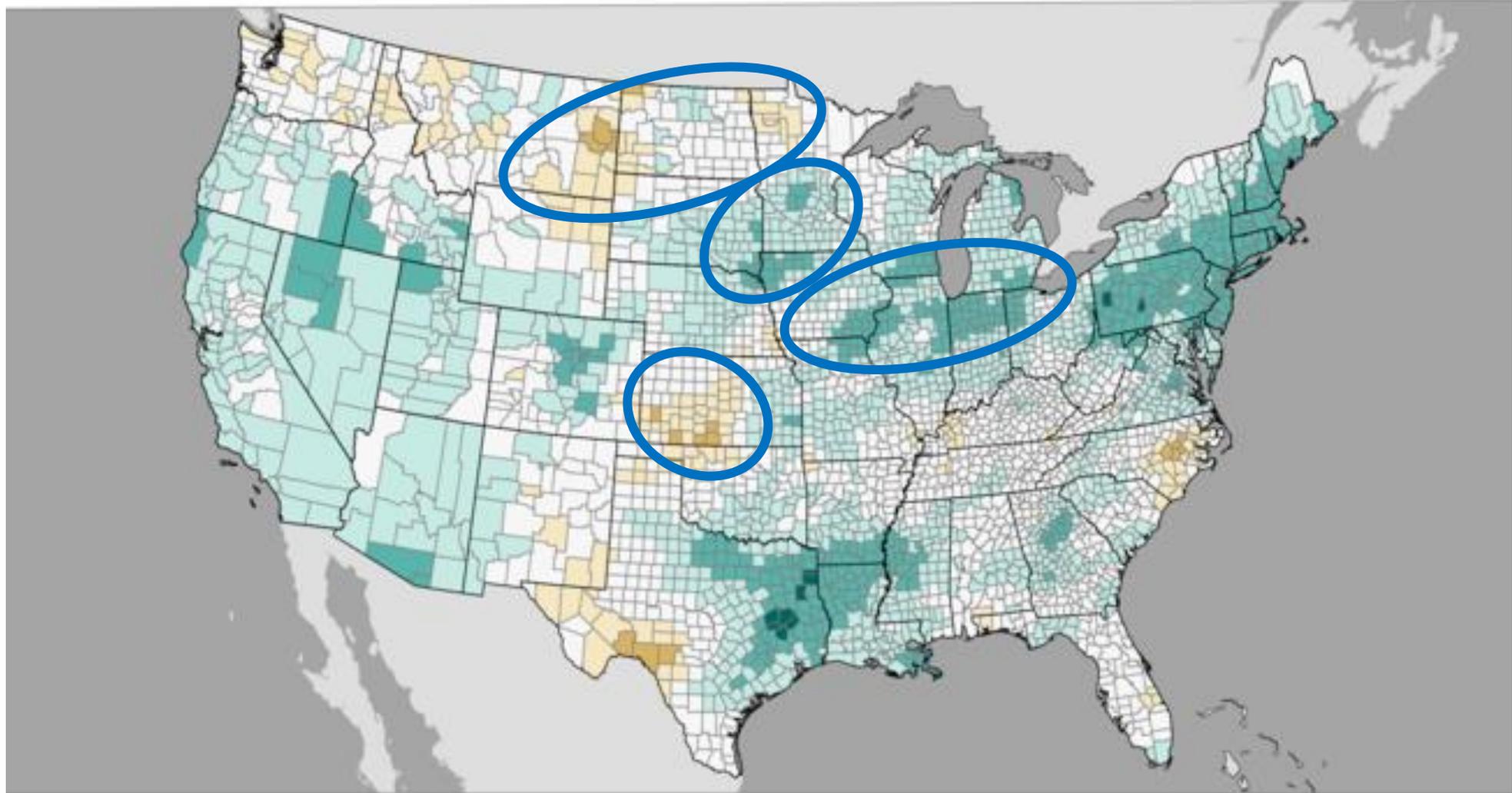


County Precipitation Ranks

January–April 2024

Ranking Period: 1895–2024

NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information

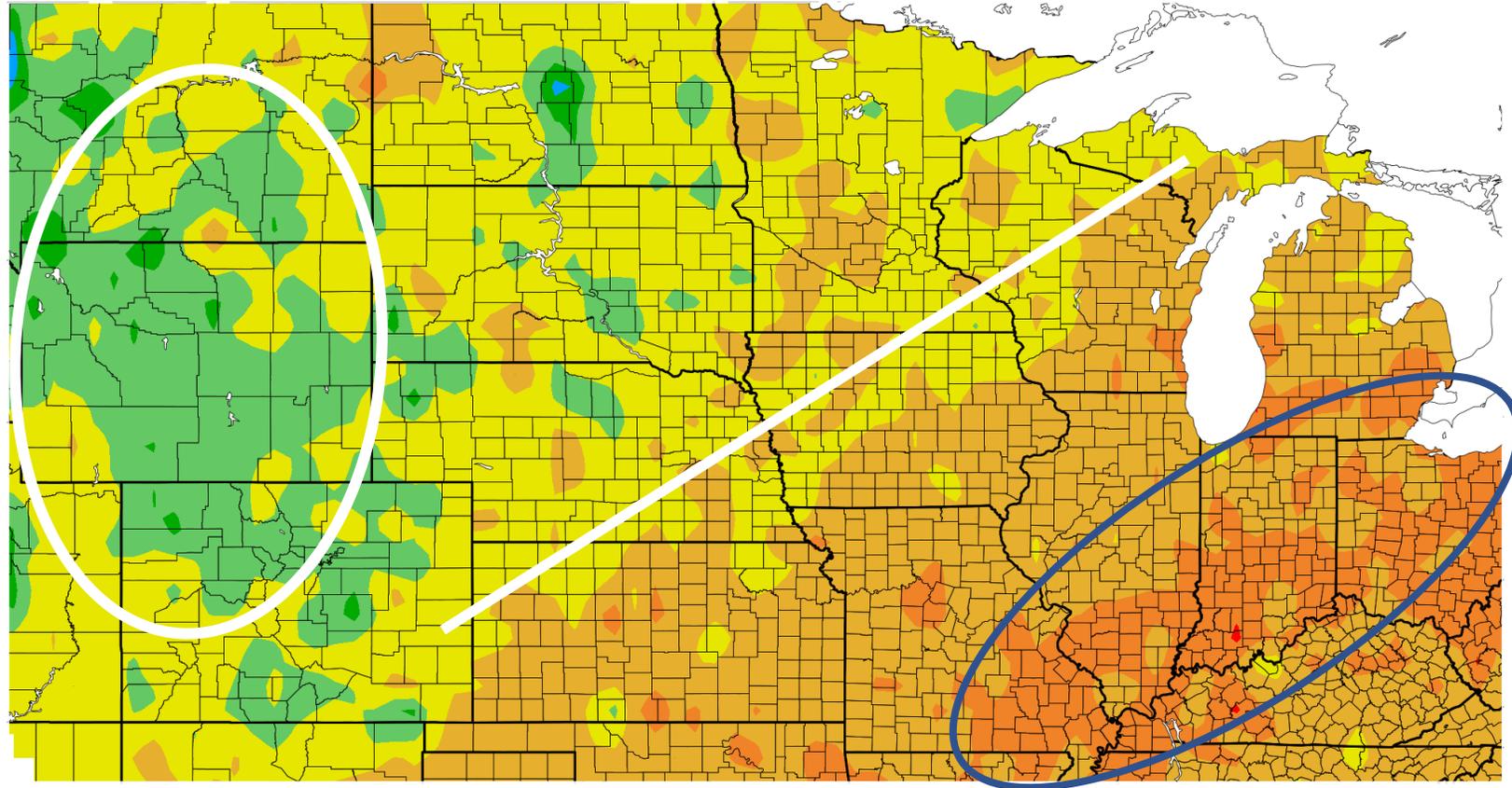


Created: Mon May 06 2024

Source: nClimGrid-Monthly



Departure from Normal Temperature (F) 4/15/2024 – 5/14/2024



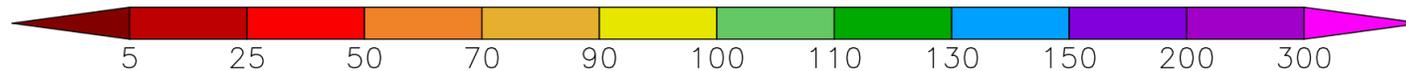
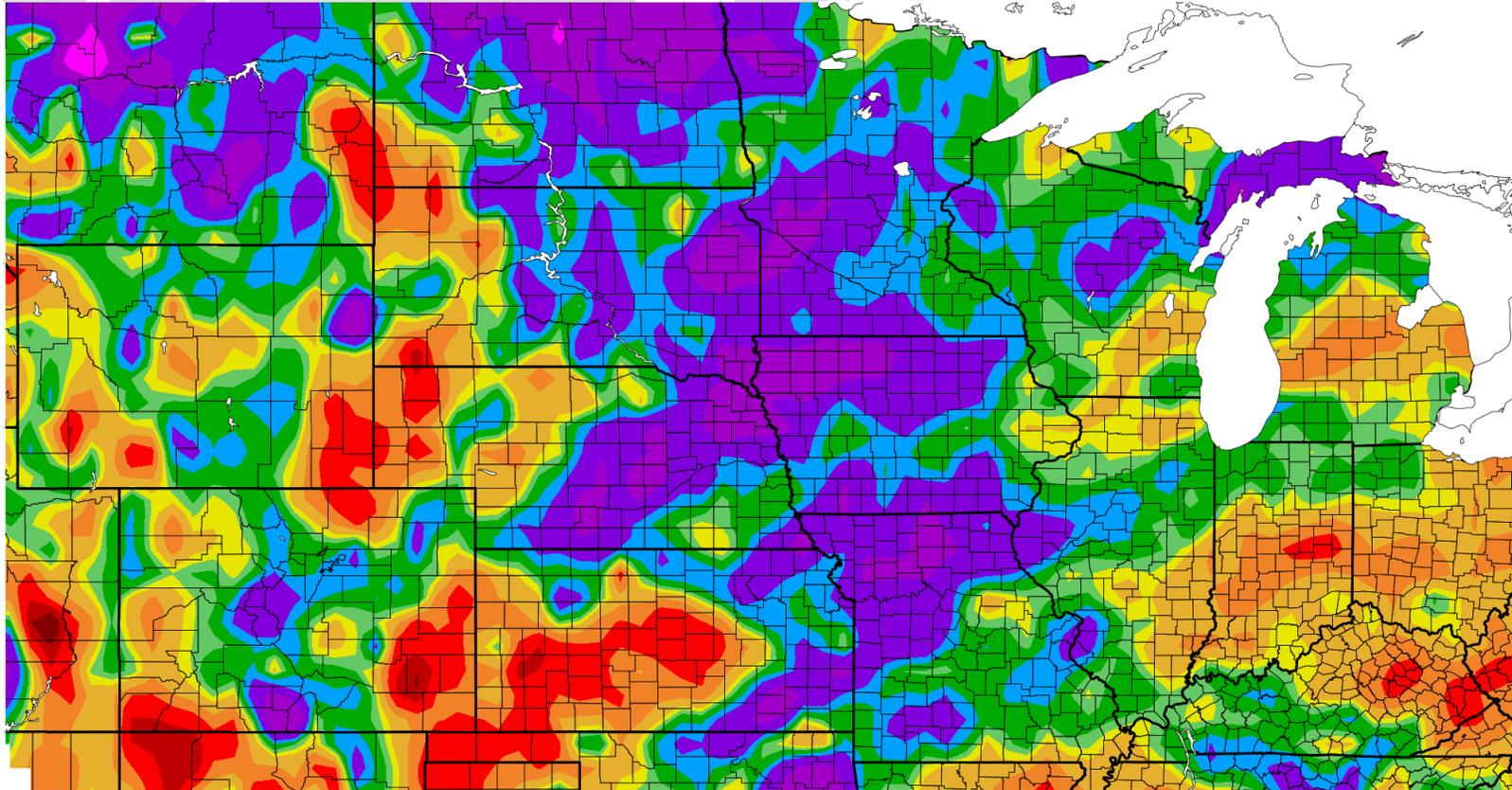
Generated 5/15/2024 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers

<https://hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php?map=ACISClimateMaps>

Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)

4/15/2024 – 5/14/2024

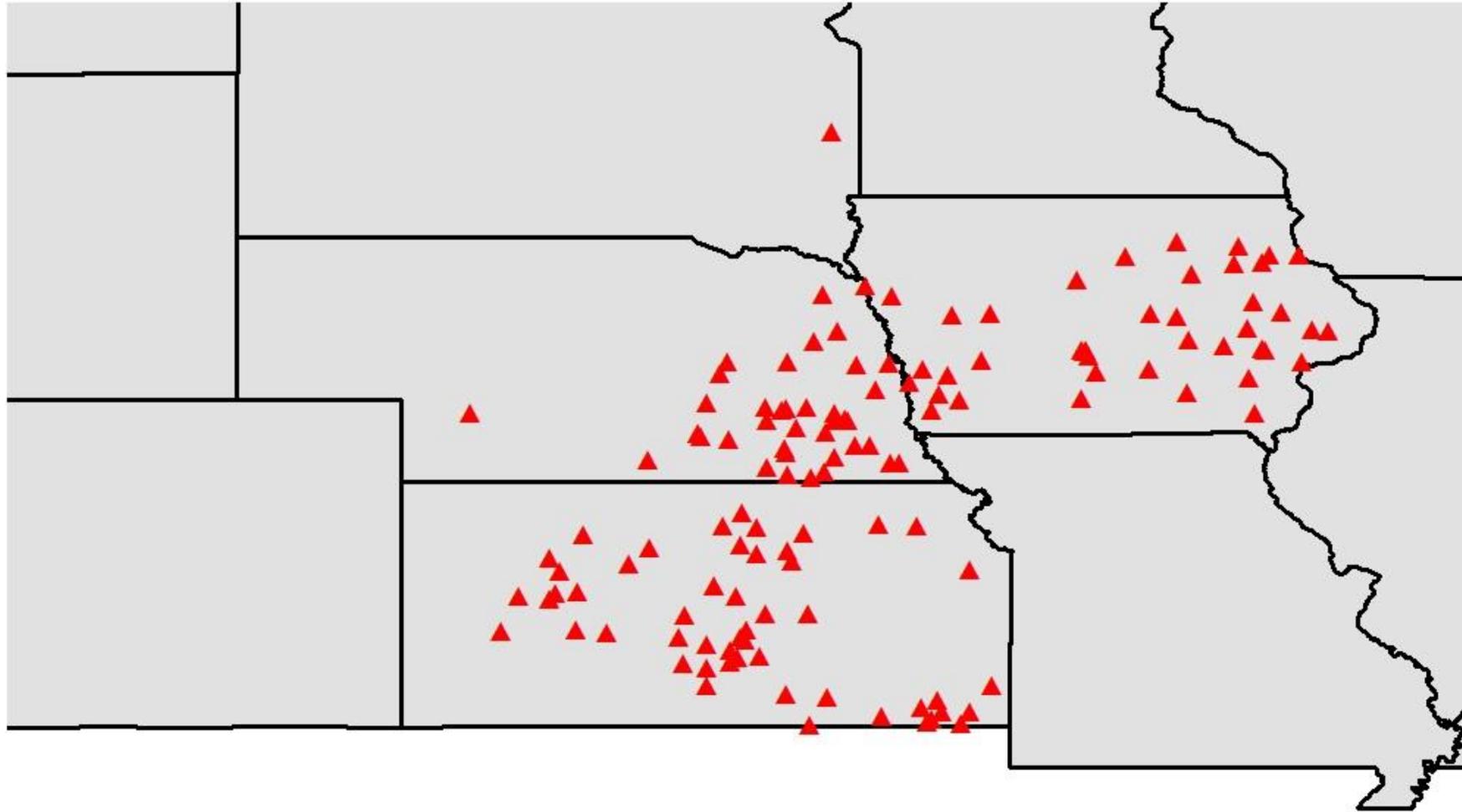


Generated 5/15/2024 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers

<https://hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php?map=ACISClimateMaps>

20+ Inch Precipitation Deficit Over the Past 3 Years as of May 13th



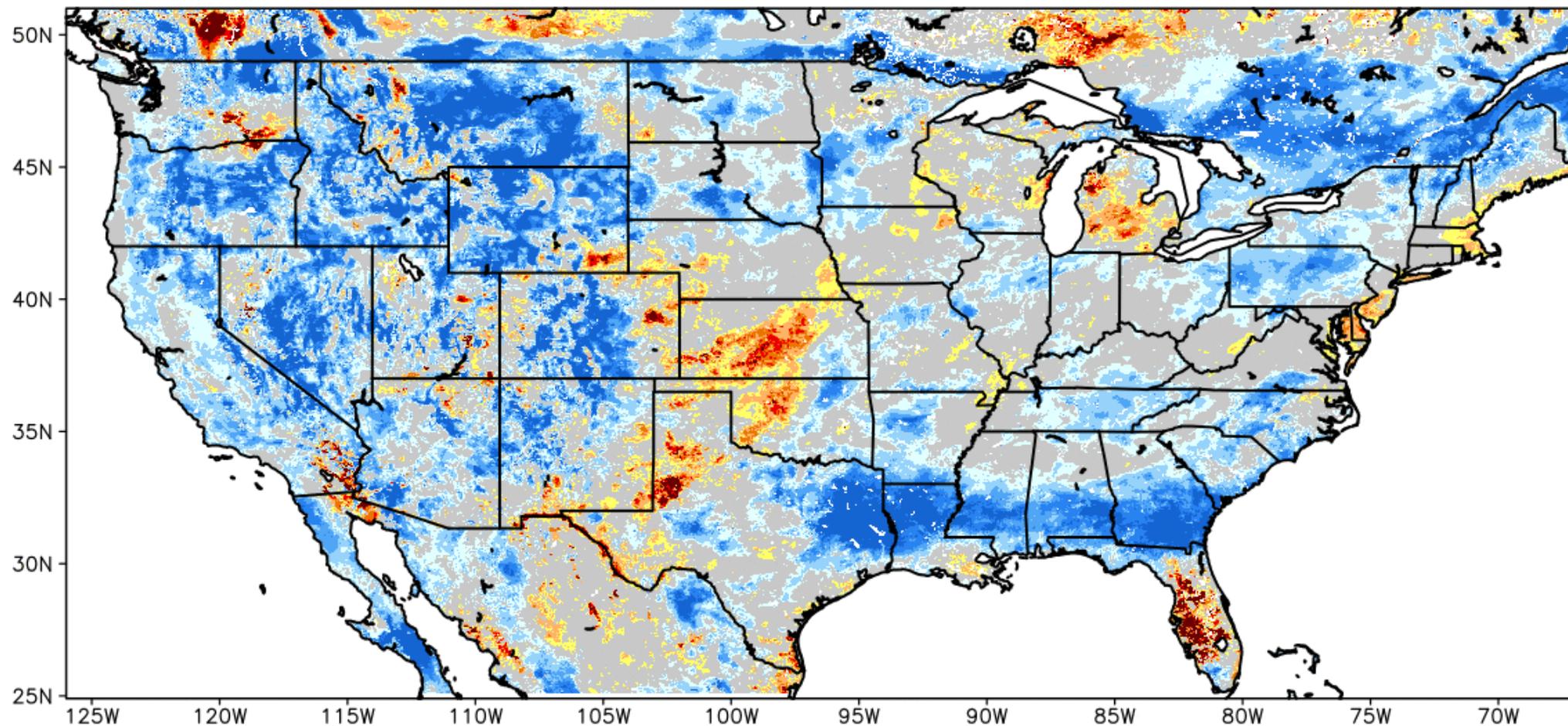
Total Stations: 135
Stations Above 30 inches: 12



Powered by
ACIS
Regional Climate Centers

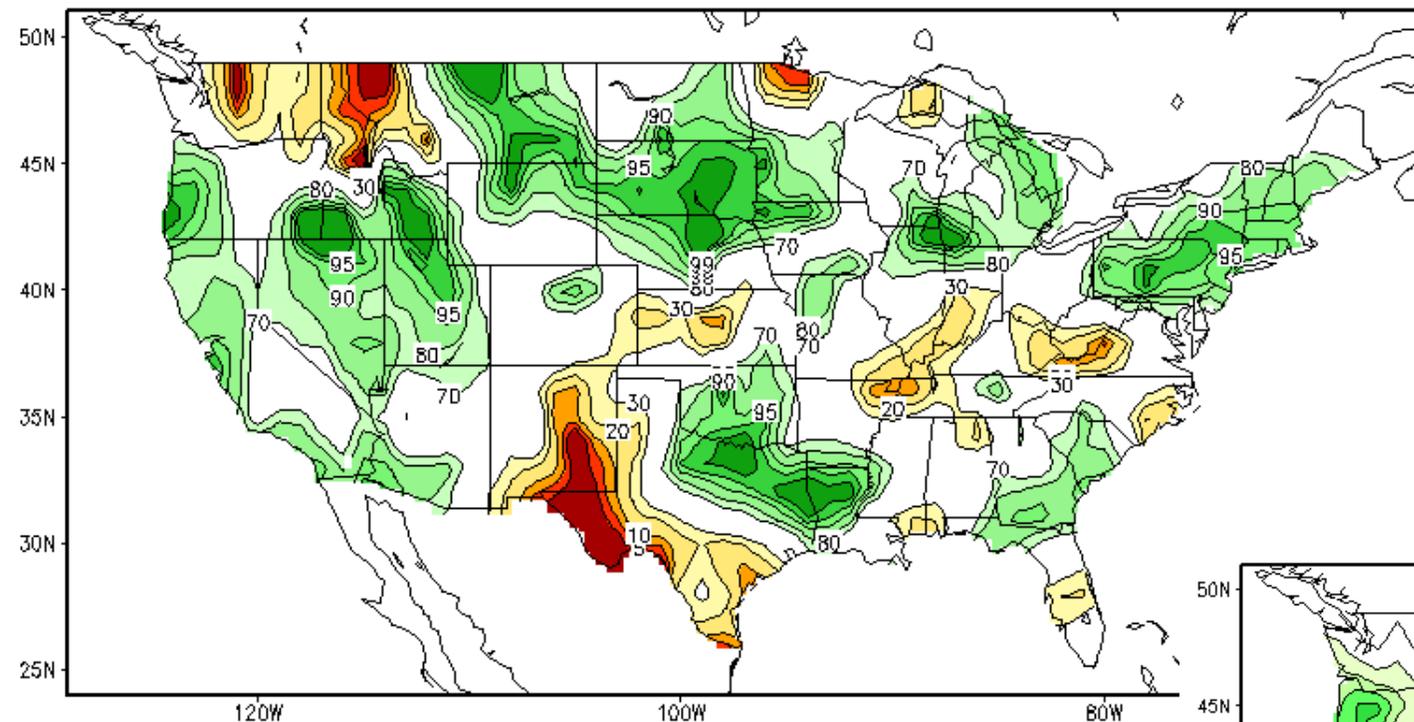
Minimum 30 years of data, maximum of 25 missing days
All Reports Are Considered Preliminary

SPoRT-LIS 0-200 cm Soil Moisture percentile valid 15 May 2024

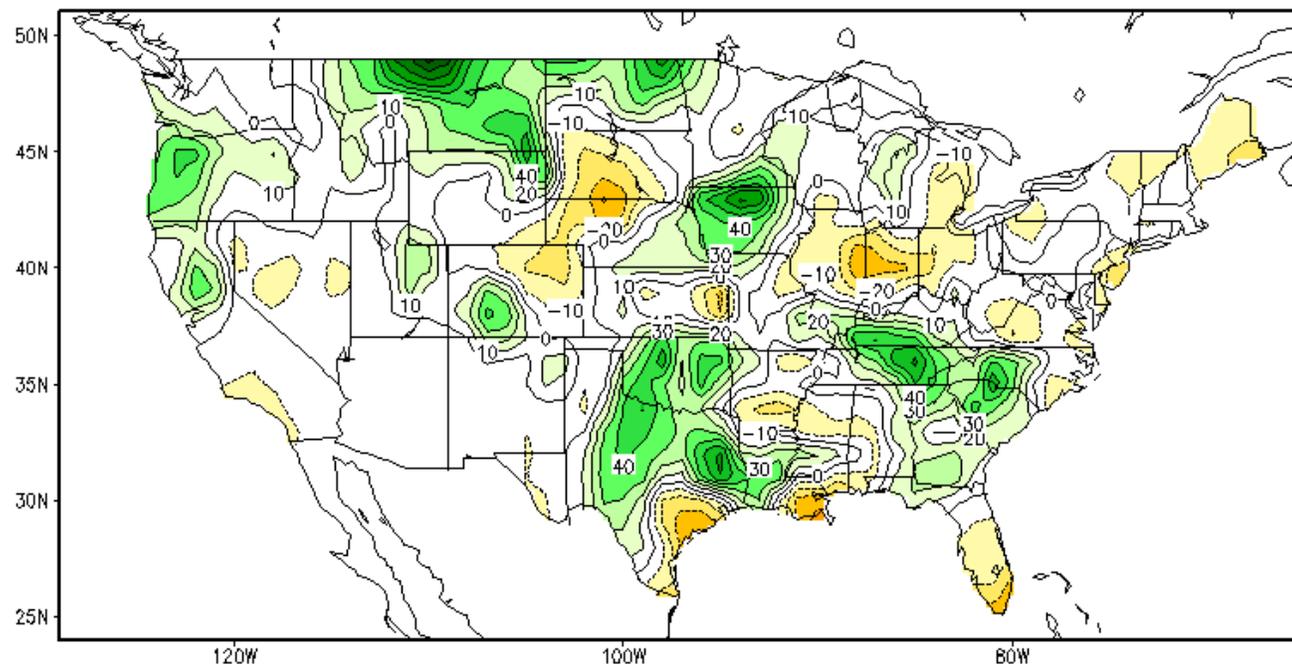


****NOTE****
****Experimental****

Calculated Soil Moisture Ranking Percentile MAY 14, 2024



Calculated Soil Moisture Anomaly Change MAY 14, 2024 from APR.30

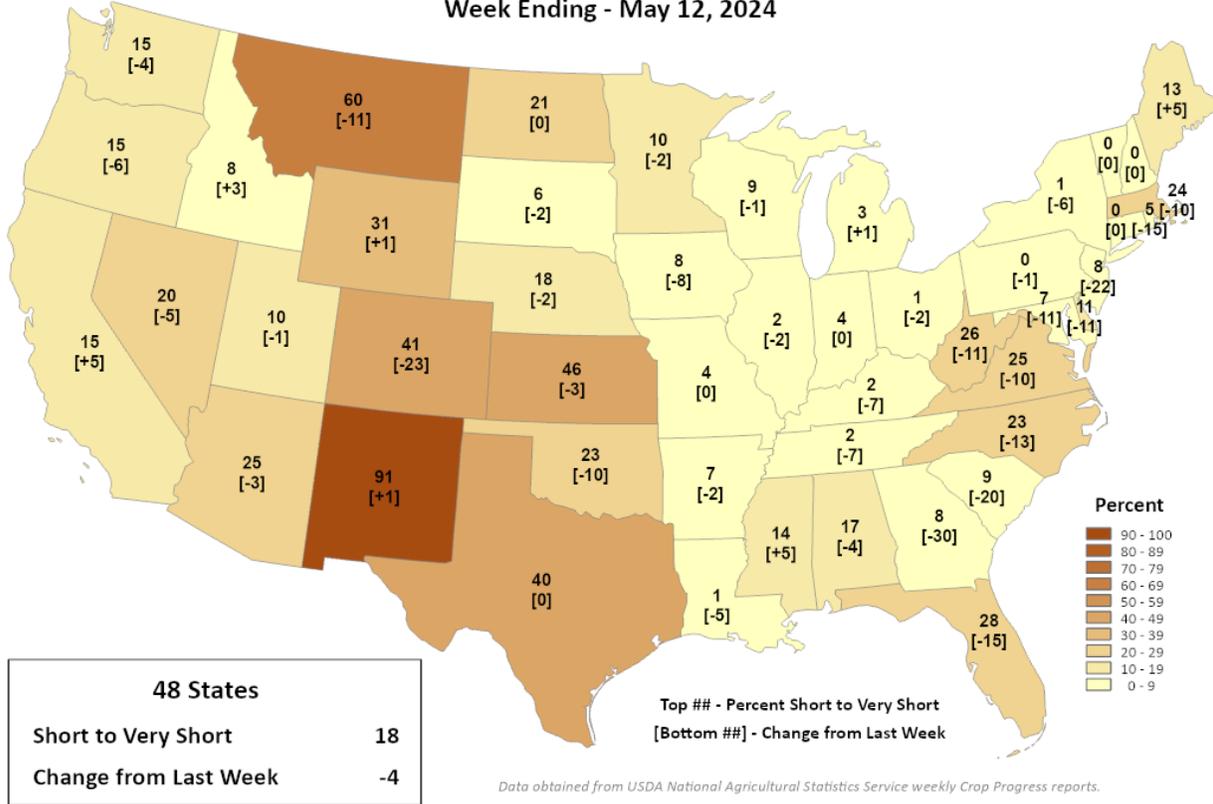


USDA NASS – Topsoil Moisture



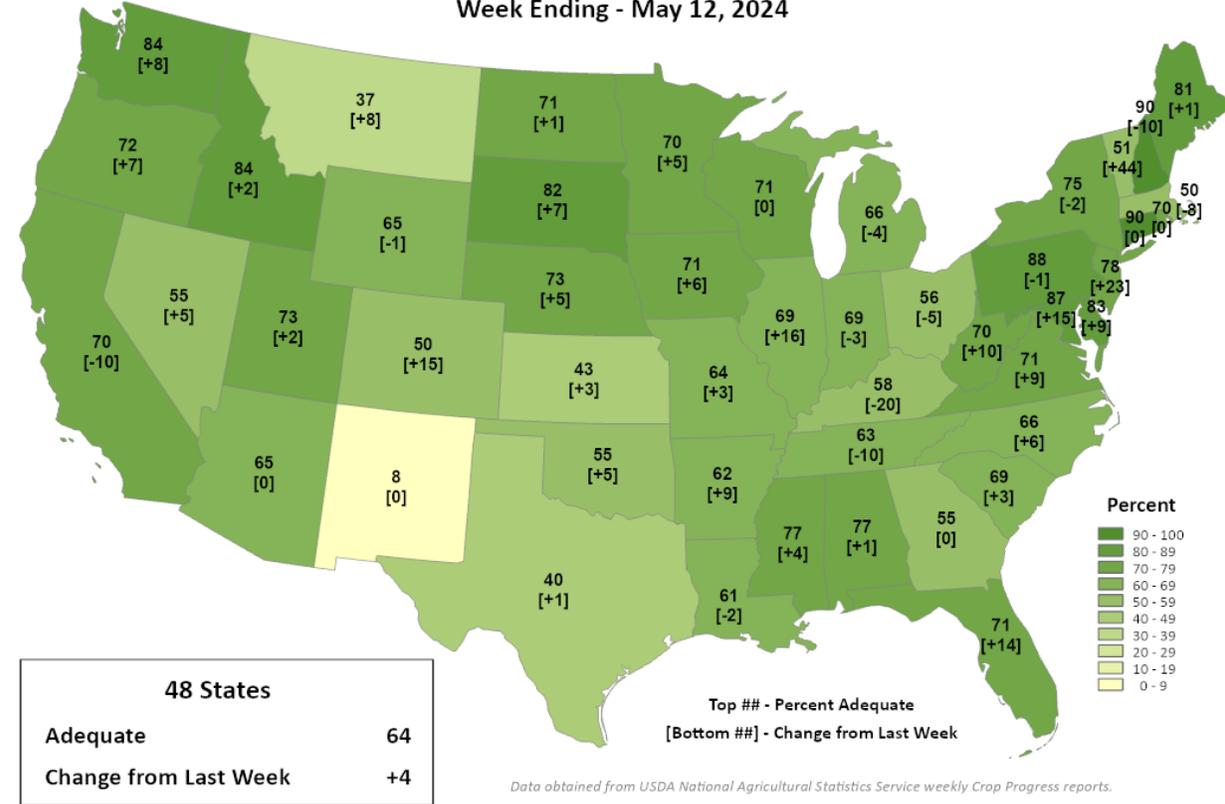
This product was prepared by the
USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE)
World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

Topsoil Moisture Percent Short to Very Short Week Ending - May 12, 2024



This product was prepared by the
USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE)
World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

Topsoil Moisture Percent Adequate Week Ending - May 12, 2024

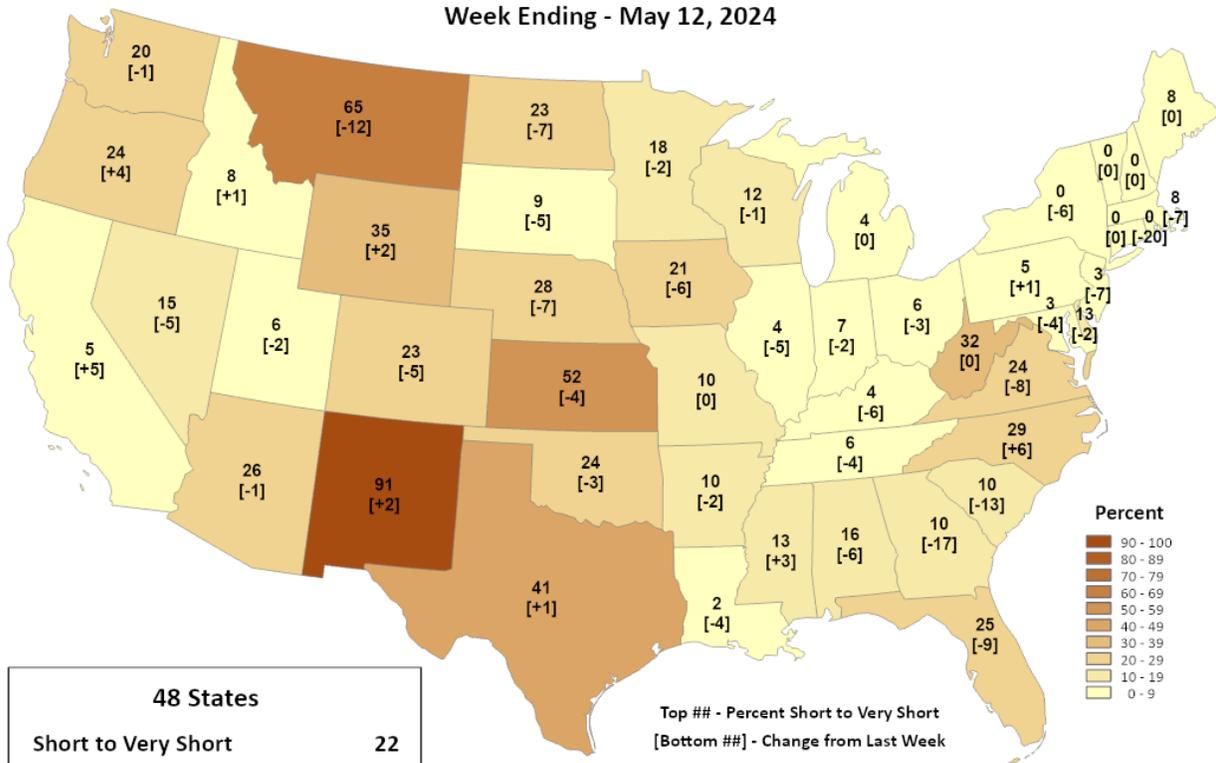


USDA NASS – Subsoil Moisture



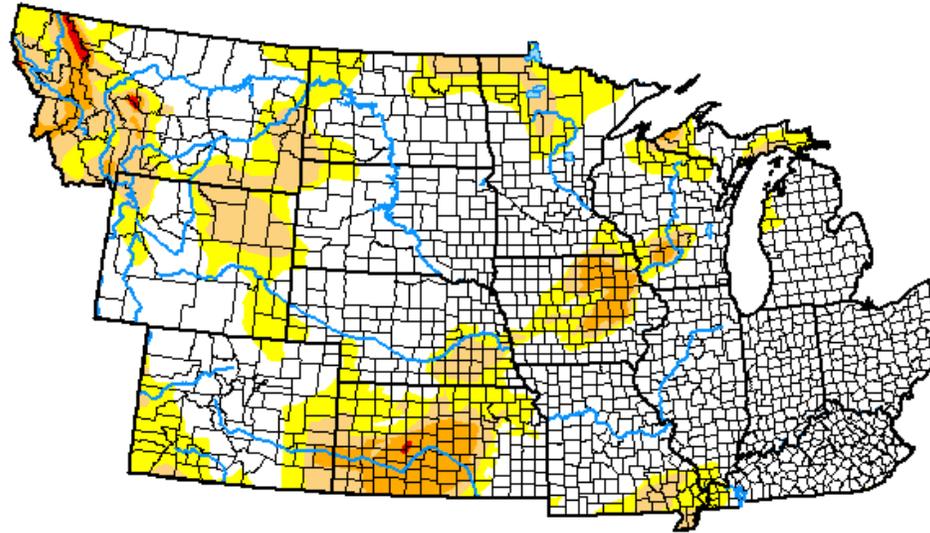
This product was prepared by the
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Subsoil Moisture Percent Short to Very Short Week Ending - May 12, 2024



U.S. Drought Monitor NWS Central

May 14, 2024
(Released Thursday, May. 16, 2024)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT



Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	66.09	33.91	15.48	4.56	0.21	0.00
Last Week <i>05-07-2024</i>	59.68	40.32	17.40	5.12	0.19	0.00
3 Months Ago <i>02-13-2024</i>	47.36	52.64	23.06	8.62	0.92	0.00
Start of Calendar Year <i>01-02-2024</i>	39.12	60.88	34.11	13.18	2.68	0.01
Start of Water Year <i>09-26-2023</i>	39.86	60.14	40.32	19.88	6.29	0.49
One Year Ago <i>05-16-2023</i>	55.54	44.46	22.11	11.65	5.53	2.88

Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

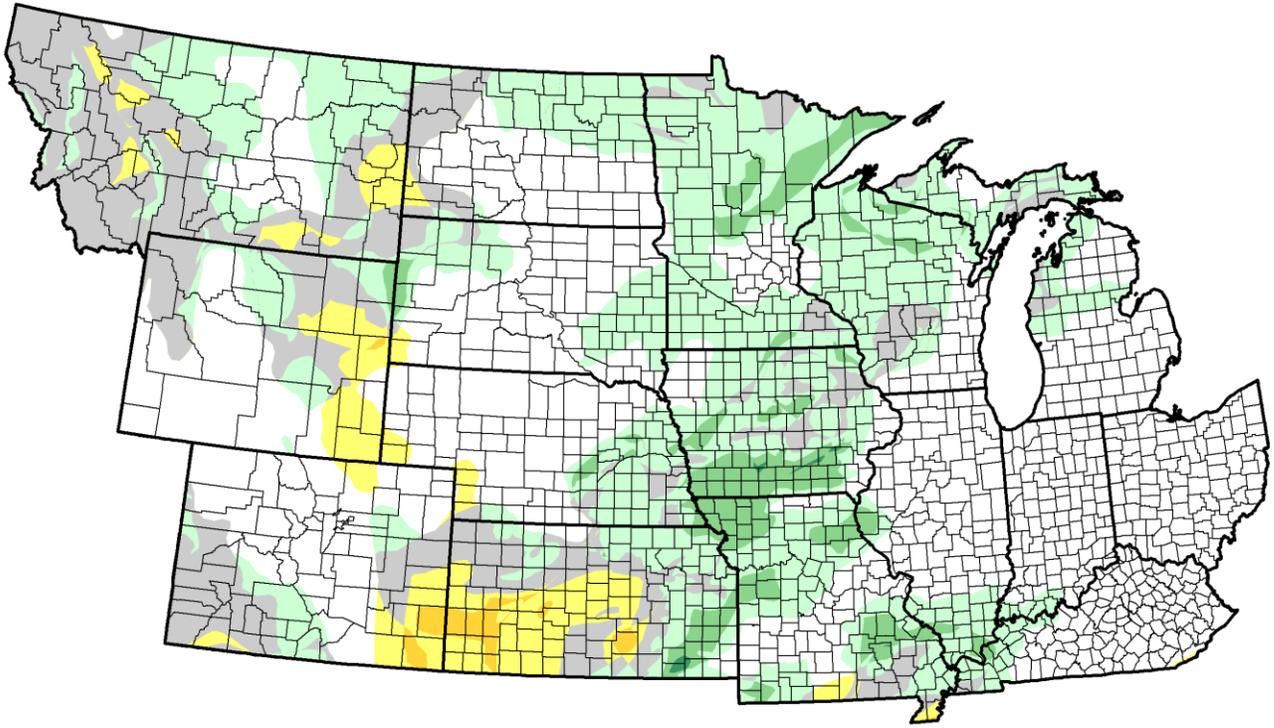
Author:

Lindsay Johnson
National Drought Mitigation Center



droughtmonitor.unl.edu

U.S. Drought Monitor Class Change - NWS Central 4 Week



- 5 Class Degradation
- 4 Class Degradation
- 3 Class Degradation
- 2 Class Degradation
- 1 Class Degradation
- No Change
- 1 Class Improvement
- 2 Class Improvement
- 3 Class Improvement
- 4 Class Improvement
- 5 Class Improvement

May 14, 2024
compared to
April 16, 2024

droughtmonitor.unl.edu



Photo Credit: OSU Extension



Photo Credit: Hans Schmitz

Growing Season Progress

USDA NASS – Corn Progress

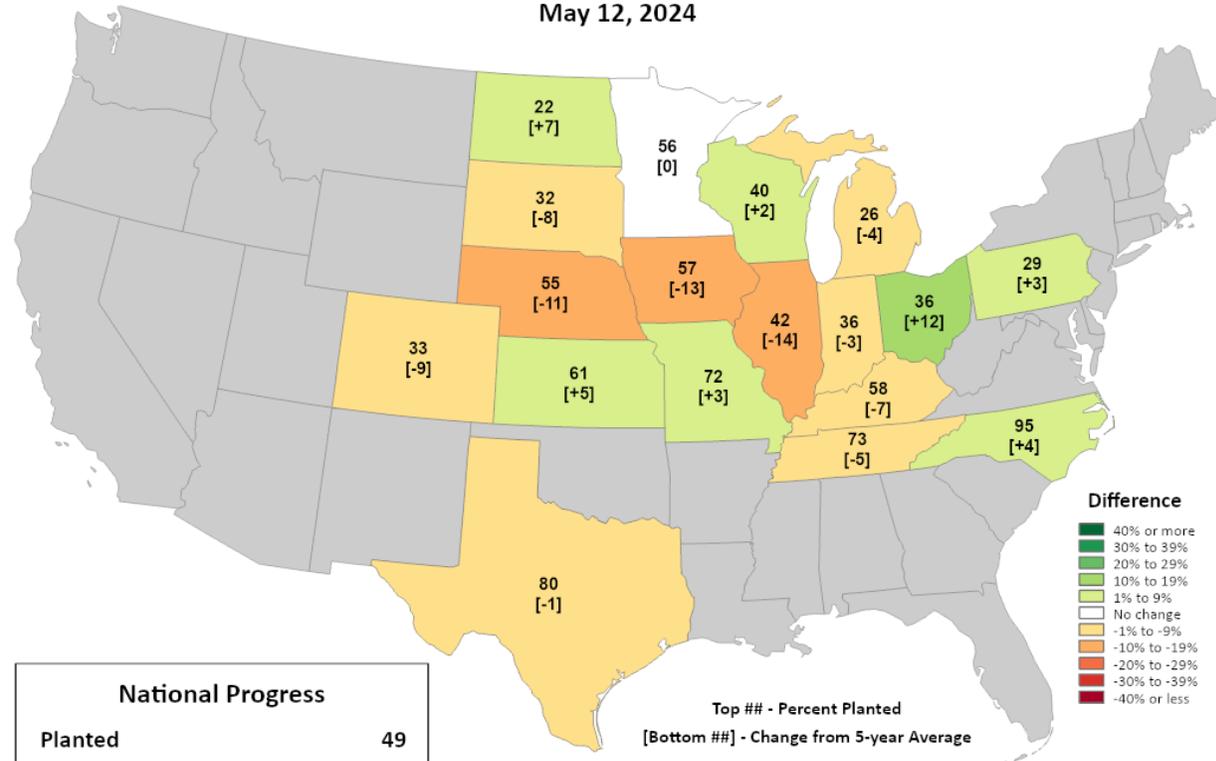


This product was prepared by the
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World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

Corn Progress

Percent Planted

May 12, 2024

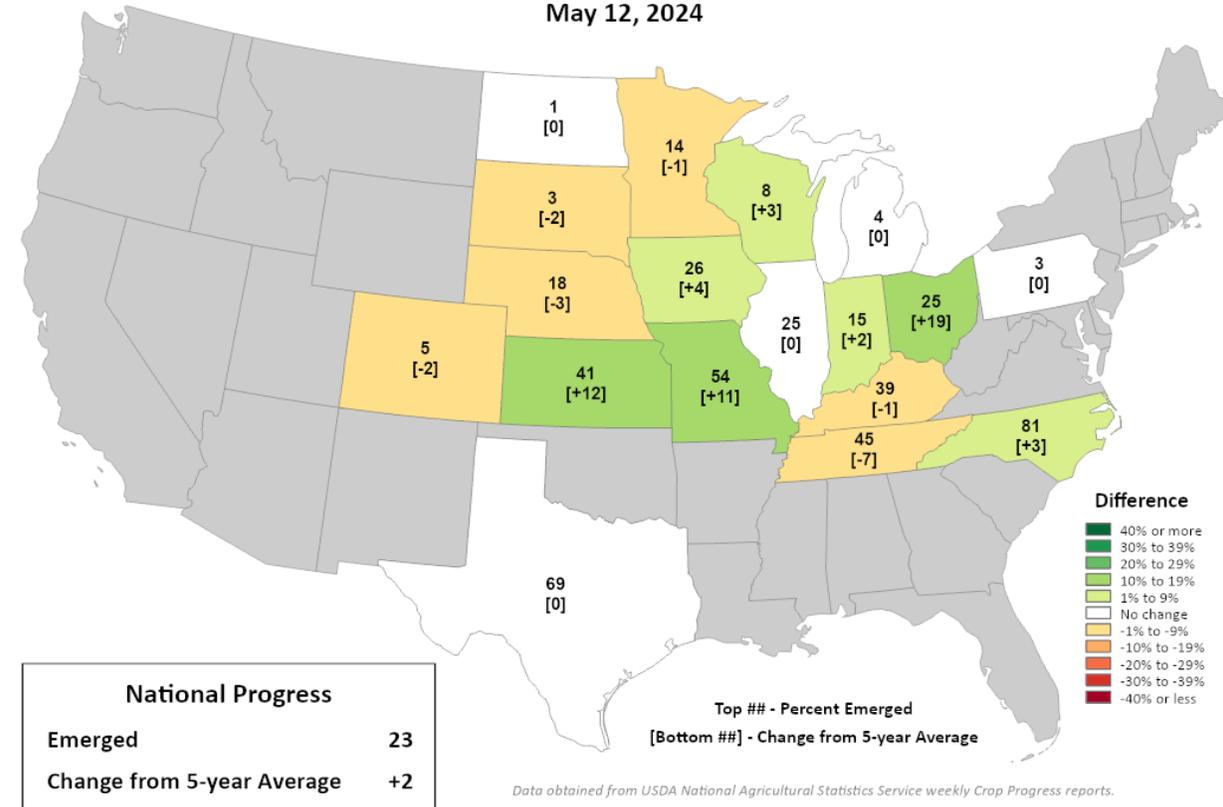


This product was prepared by the
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World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

Corn Progress

Percent Emerged

May 12, 2024



USDA NASS – Soybean Progress

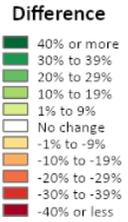
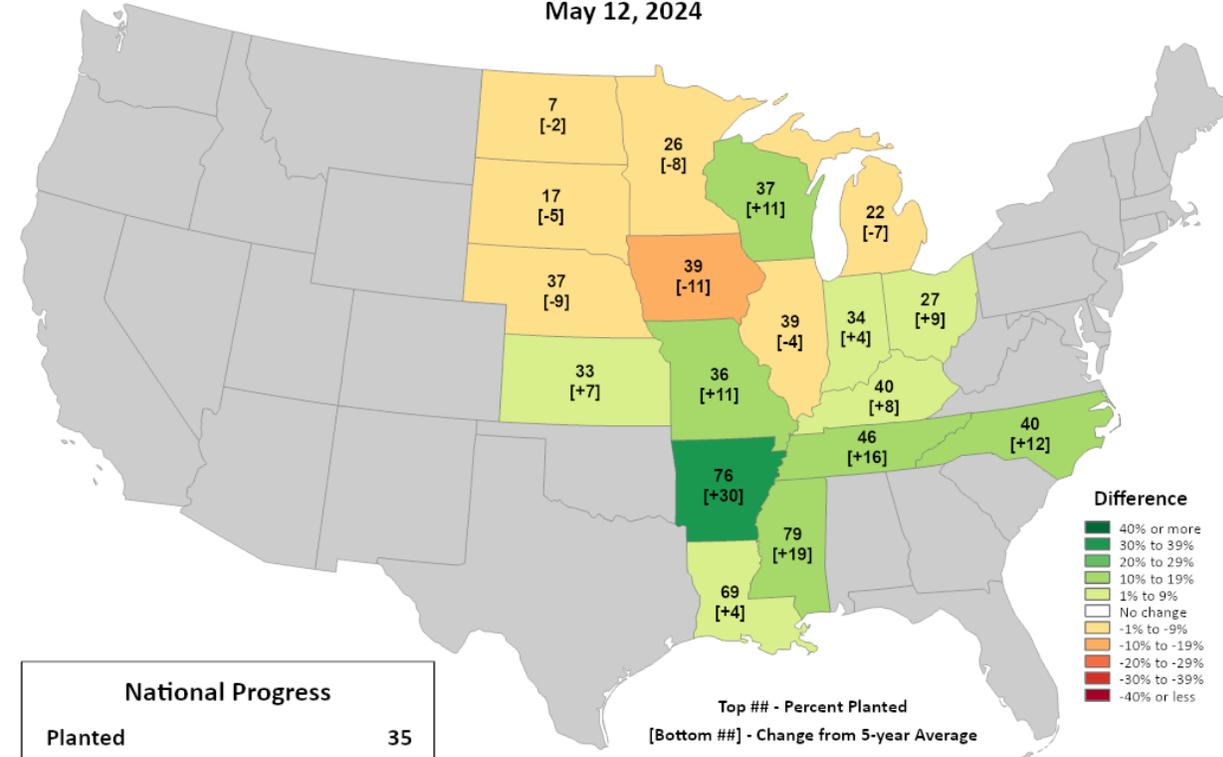


This product was prepared by the
USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE)
World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

Soybeans Progress

Percent Planted

May 12, 2024



National Progress	
Planted	35
Change from 5-year Average	+1

Top ## - Percent Planted
[Bottom ##] - Change from 5-year Average

Data obtained from USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service weekly Crop Progress reports.

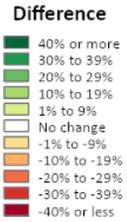
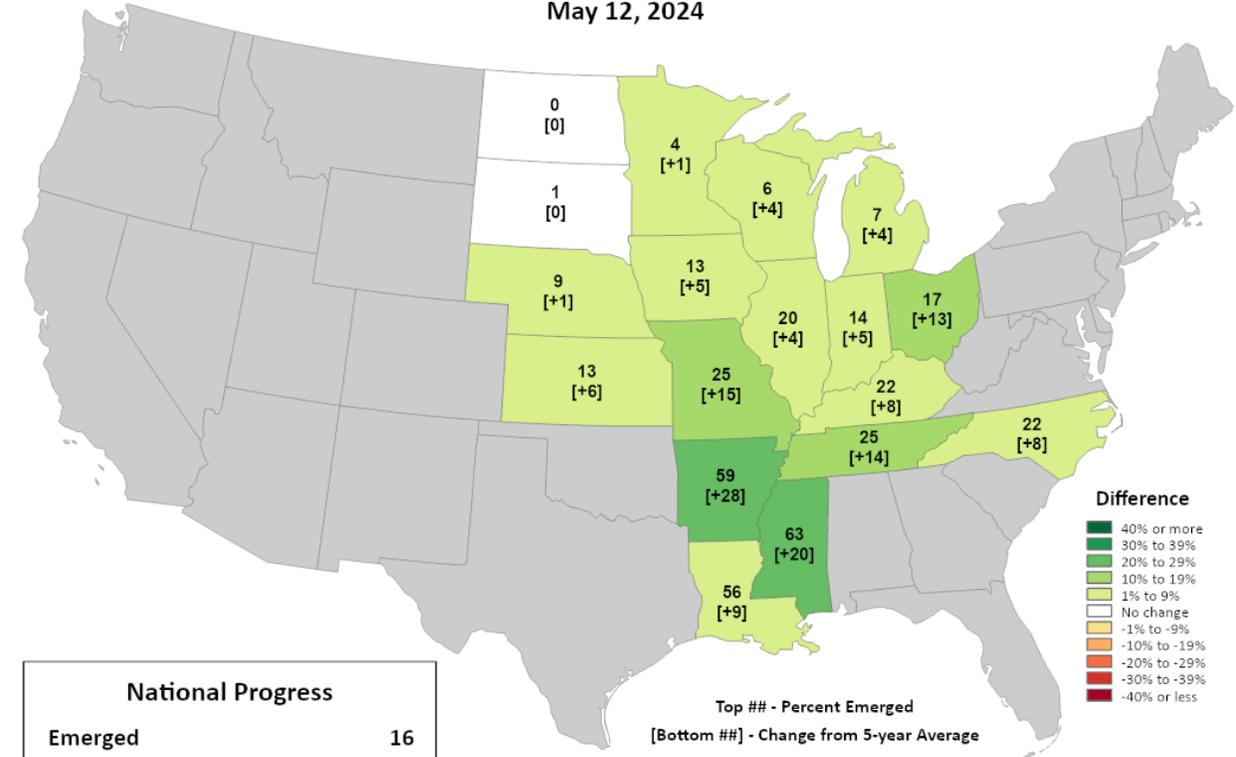


This product was prepared by the
USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE)
World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

Soybeans Progress

Percent Emerged

May 12, 2024



National Progress	
Emerged	16
Change from 5-year Average	+6

Top ## - Percent Emerged
[Bottom ##] - Change from 5-year Average

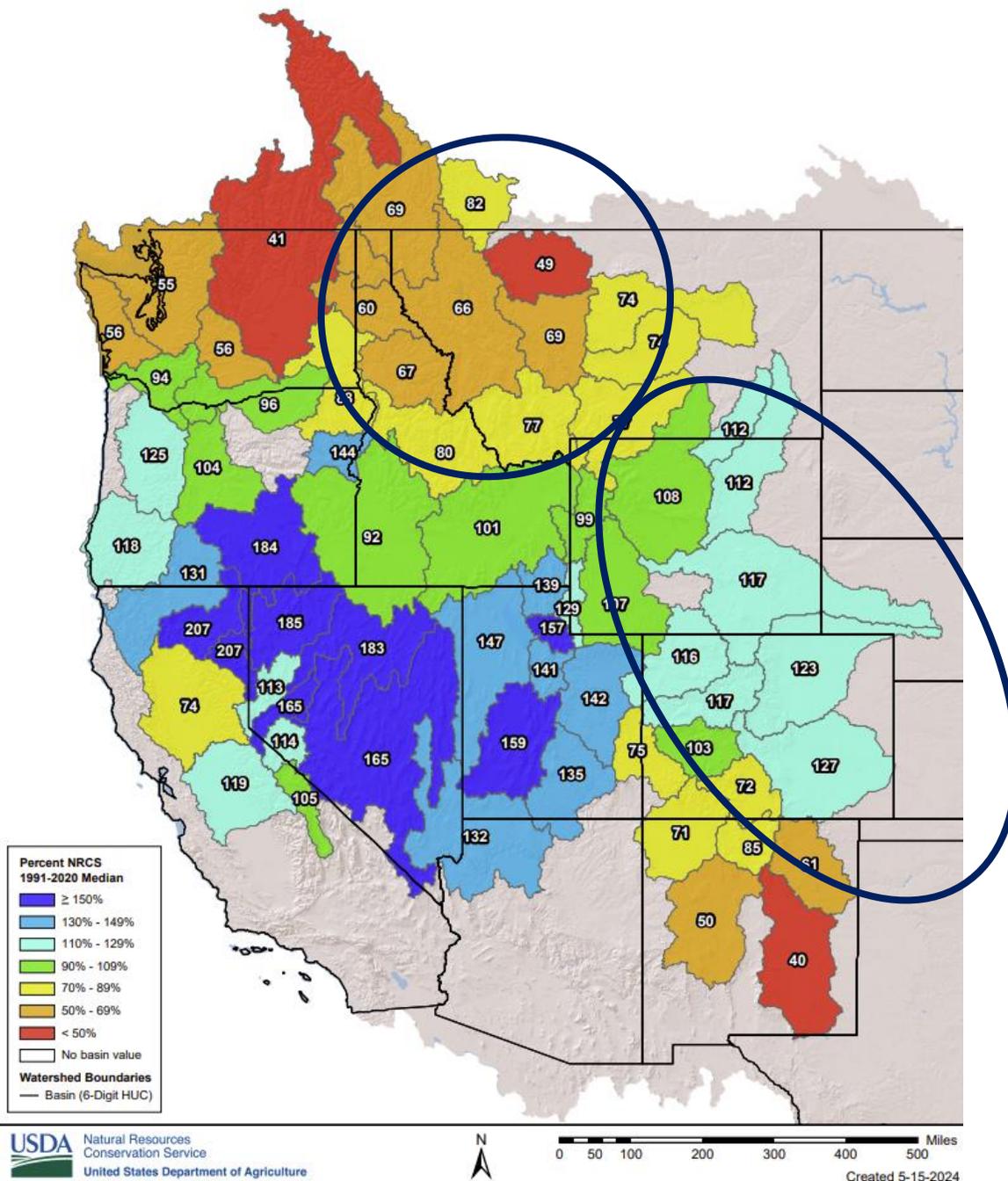
Data obtained from USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service weekly Crop Progress reports.



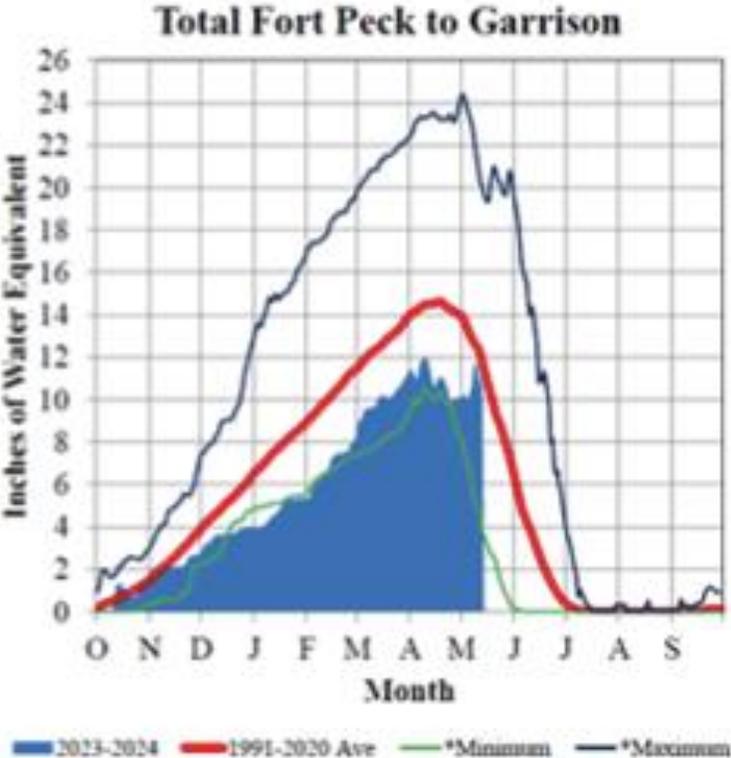
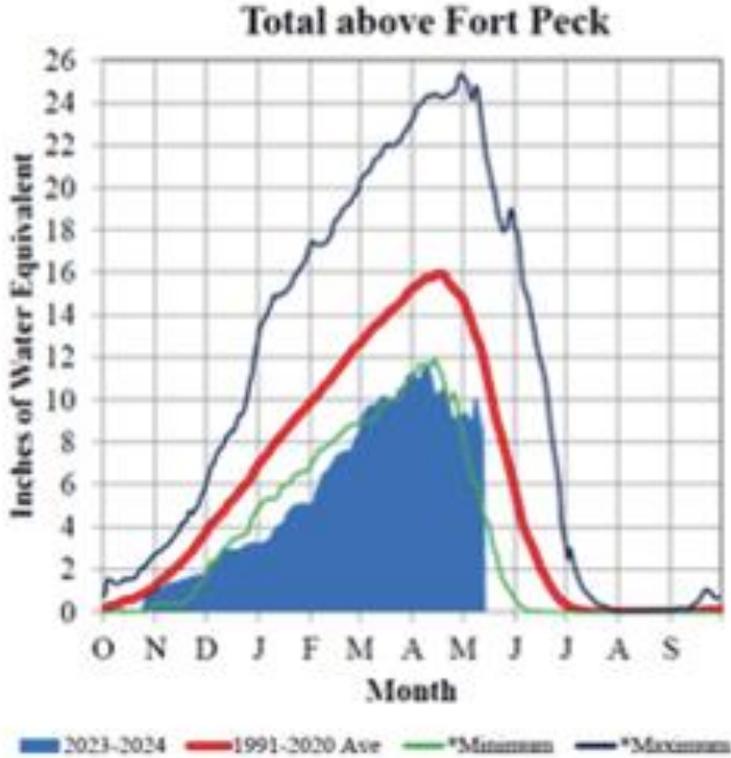
Snow, Fire, Rivers and Lakes

Missouri Basin Snow Water Equivalent

- Overall, snow water equivalent (SWE) percentages range from 100% to near 130% southeast.
- SWE below 70% northwest.
- SWE percentages can be misleading this time of year.
- Higher elevations are holding on to snowpack while pack below 8500' has melted.
- Cooler outlooks will hold off advance melting, but there will be melting over the next few weeks.



Missouri River Basin Mountain Snowpack, May 13



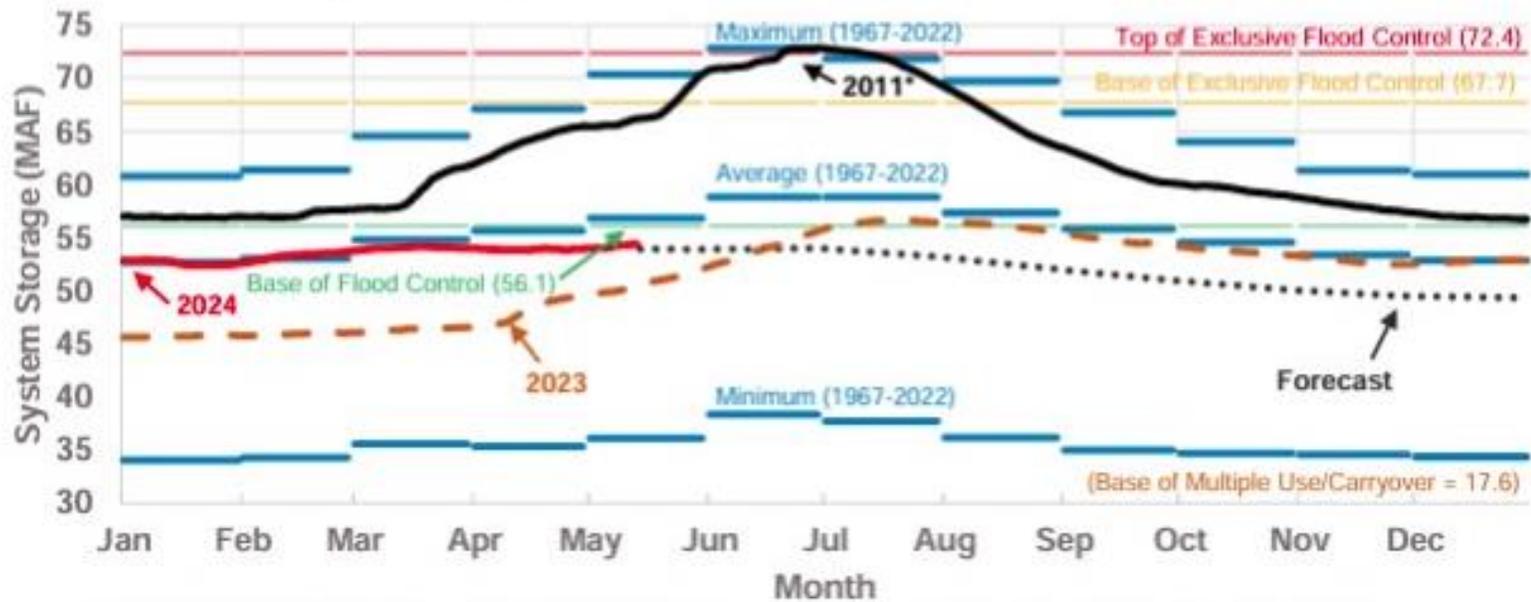
- Mountain snowpack had another uptick thanks to late-season accumulation.
- As of May 13, the reach above Fort Peck has 9.9” of SWE and 81% of annual peak remains. (normal peak is 17 Apr.)
- The reach between Fort Peck and Garrison had 10.4” of SWE and 73% of peak remaining.

Missouri River System Storage

Missouri Mainstem Reservoir Status
(as of 5/14/24):

- Over the last week, much of Montana received 2.00-5.00”+ of above-average precipitation.
- System storage is 54.3 million-acre feet, still below the 1969-2022 average but 0.3 MAF more than last week and around 3 MAF more than last year at this time.
- The Gavins Point release is currently 24,500 cfs and will be adjusted as needed to meet downstream nav. targets

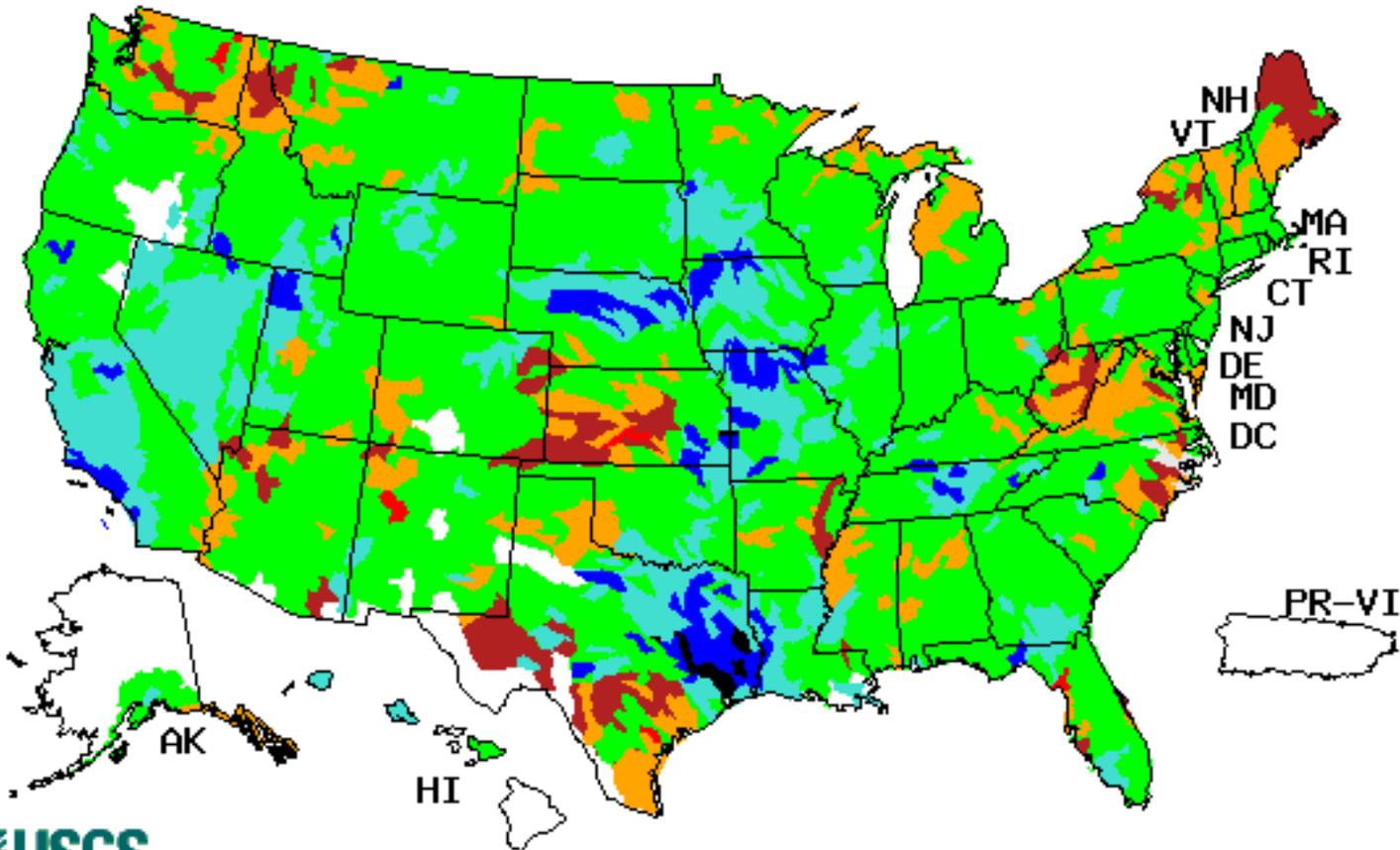
System Storage Comparison



*In January 2011, the Base of Flood Control was 56.8 MAF, and the Top of Exclusive Flood Control was 73.1 MAF

28-day Average Streamflow

Wednesday, May 15, 2024

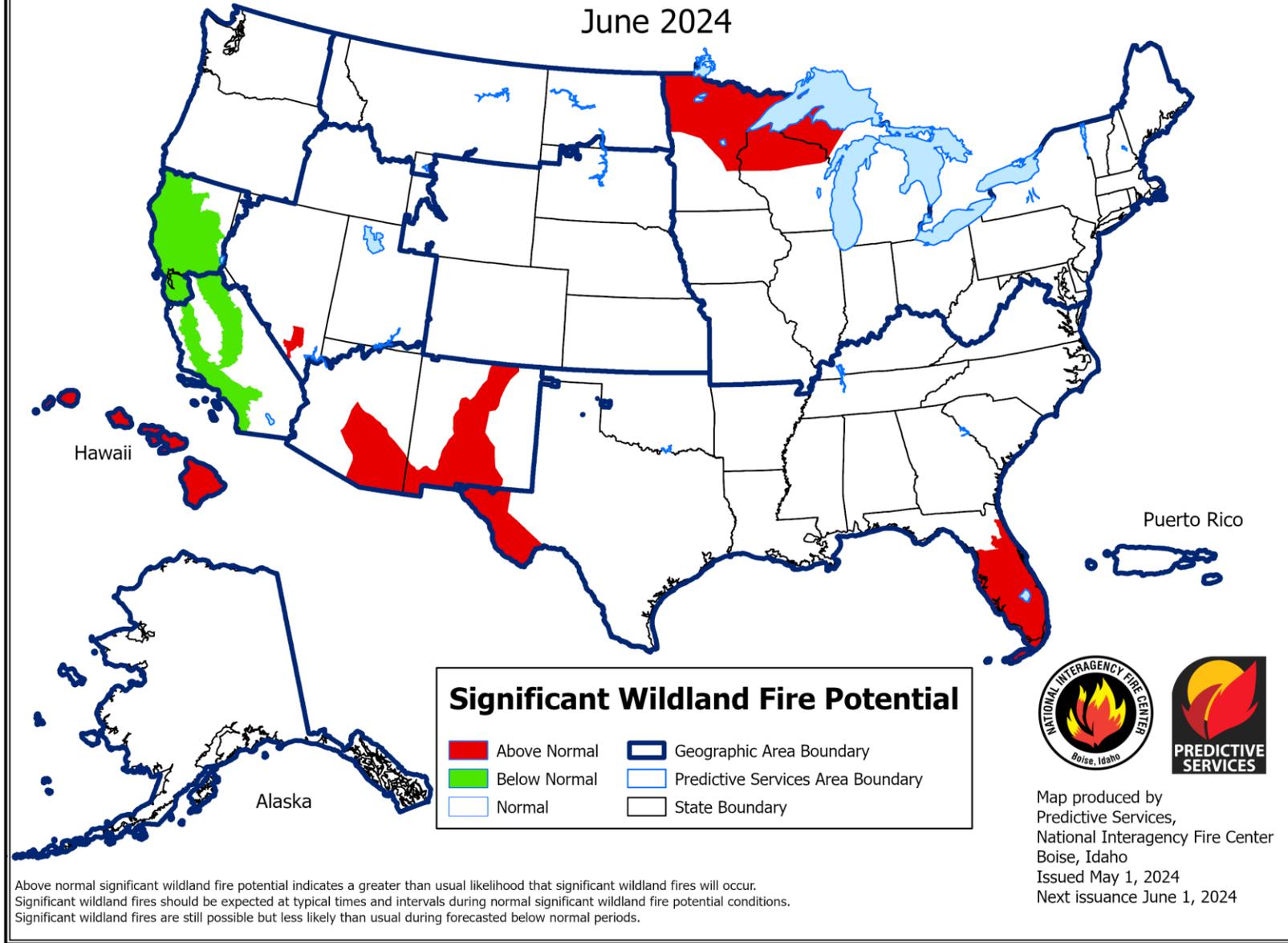


- Above-normal to much above-normal levels across central/western Corn Belt.
- Eastern Corn Belt generally near-normal.
- Below normal northern MI, parts of northern MN/ND.
- Much-below KS ... similar conditions to a year ago as well.

Explanation - Percentile classes						
	●	●	●	●	●	●
Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	High
	Much below normal	Below normal	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal	

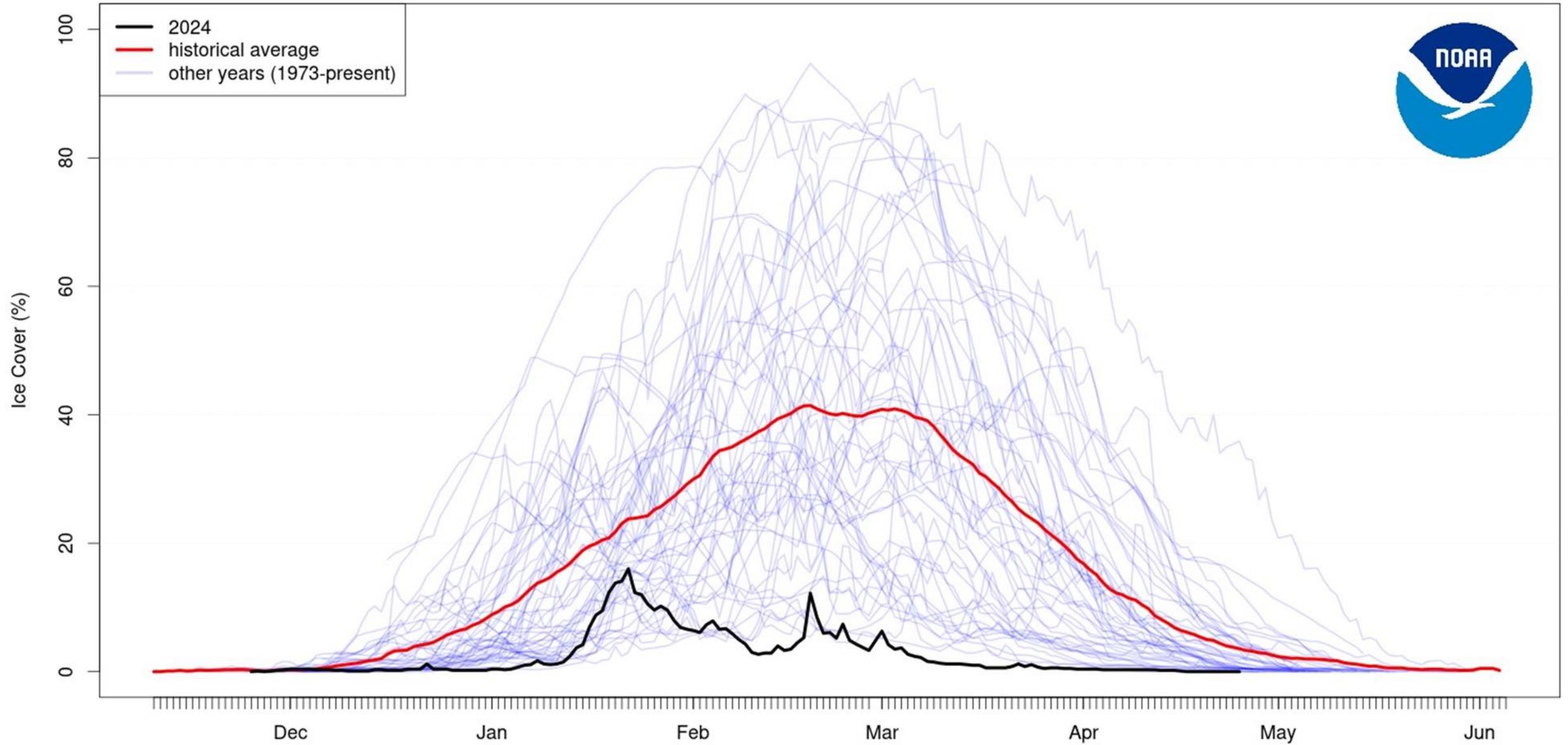
<http://waterwatch.usgs.gov/index.php?id=pa07d>

Significant Wildland Fire Potential Outlook June 2024



- No significant wildland fire potential through the end of May.
- Above-normal potential across portions of the MN, WI, UP MI in June

Great Lakes Average Ice Cover



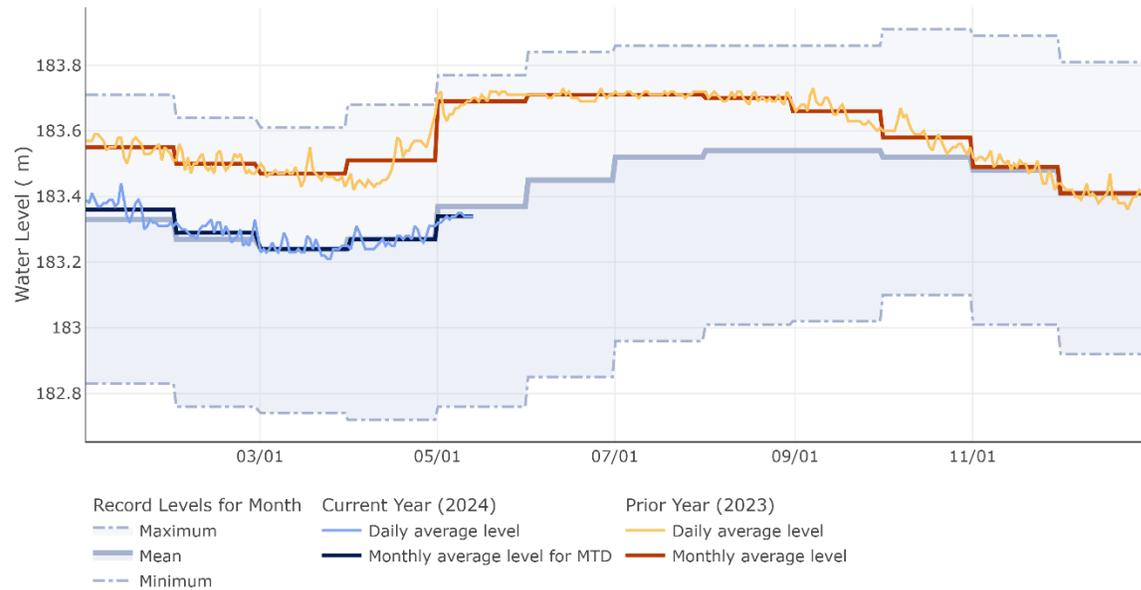
Great Lakes Water Levels

- All Great Lakes have risen since last month by 4-6” and all lakes are below levels from a year ago:
 - Michigan-Huron and Erie are 1-4” below last year.
 - Superior and Ontario are 13” and 17” below last year’s levels, respectively.

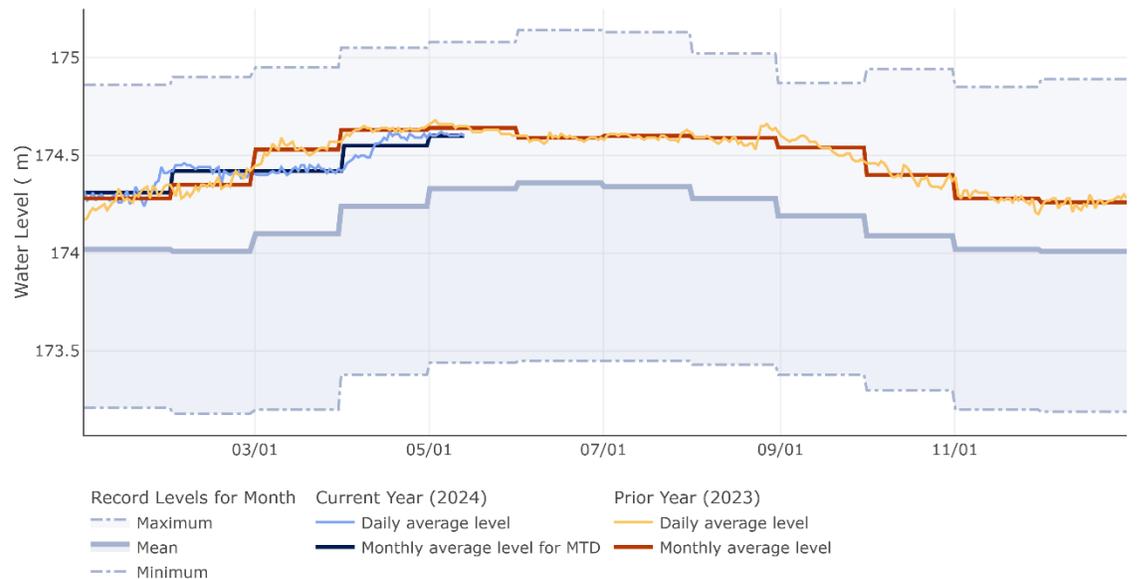
- Water levels are above their May long-term average levels on Lakes Michigan-Huron and Erie.
- Lakes Superior and Ontario are below their May average levels by 2 to 3 inches.

- By next month, Lakes Superior, Michigan-Huron, and Ontario are forecast to rise by 2-3”, Lake Erie is expected to remain near its current level

Lake Superior Water Levels



Lake Erie Water Levels

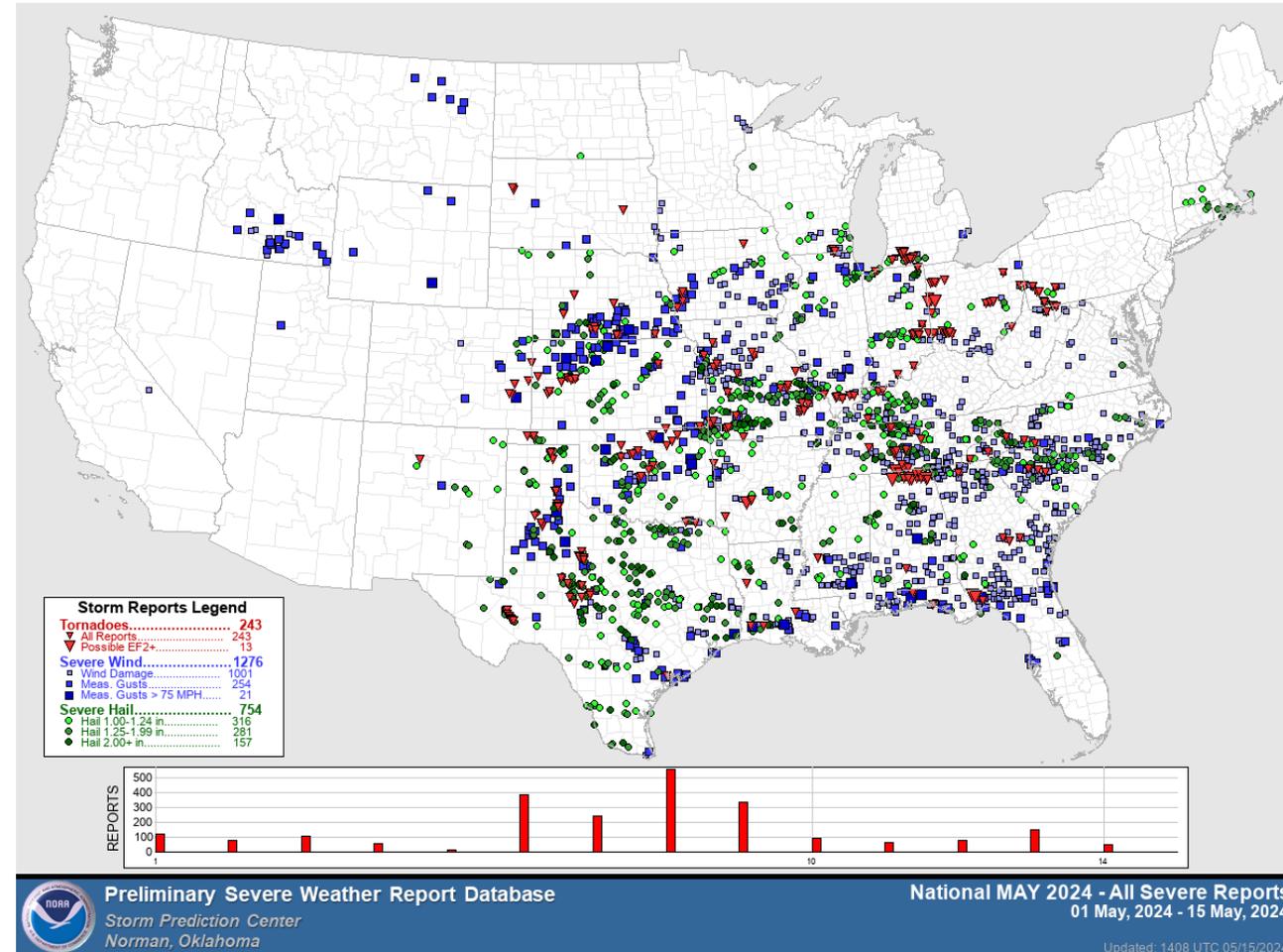


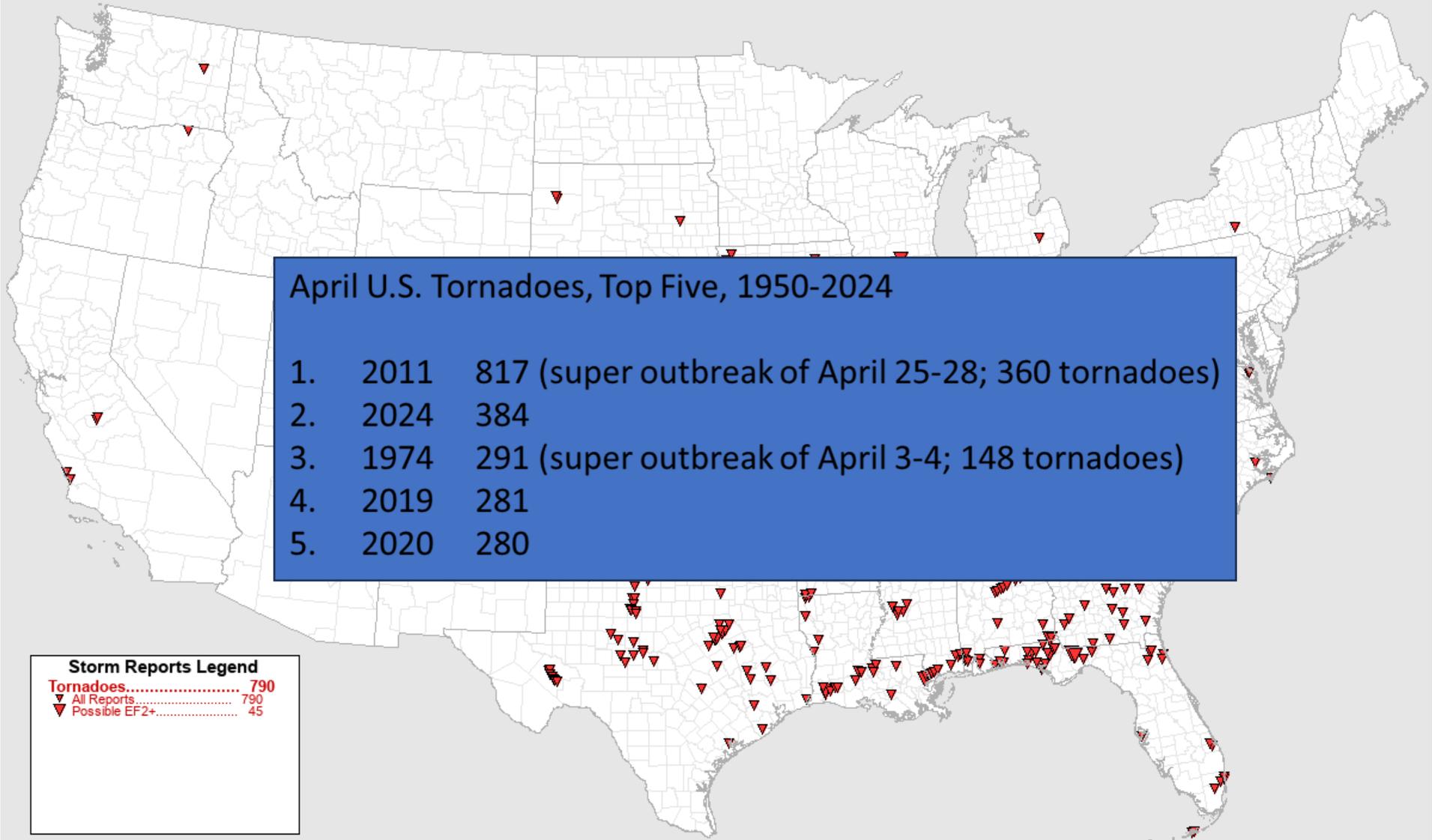
Impacts and Notable Events



Severe Weather Season So Far ...

- 2436 severe weather reports in April (108 more than last Apr. and +300 Apr. 2022)
- Several rounds of large hail across the eastern part of the region.
- Widespread events:
 - 16th (NE-IA-MO-IL-WI)
 - 18th (MO-IL-IN)
 - 26-27th (NE-IA-KS-MO tornado outbreak)
 - 30th (KS-NE-IA-MO)
 - 3rd (NE/KS)
 - 6-8th Midwest/Ohio Valley wind and tornadoes





- ### April U.S. Tornadoes, Top Five, 1950-2024
1. 2011 817 (super outbreak of April 25-28; 360 tornadoes)
 2. 2024 384
 3. 1974 291 (super outbreak of April 3-4; 148 tornadoes)
 4. 2019 281
 5. 2020 280

Storm Reports Legend

Tornadoes.....	790
▼ All Reports.....	790
▼ Possible EF2+.....	45

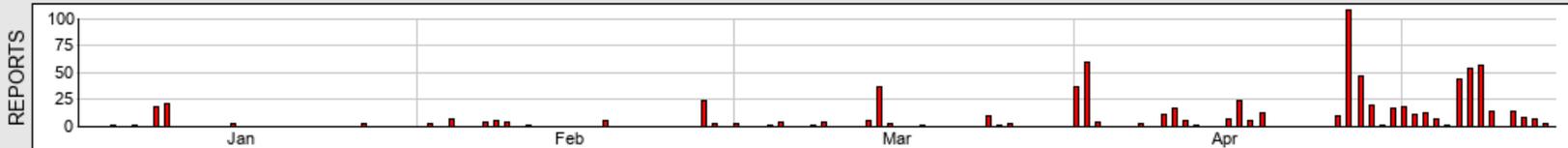




Photo Credit: N

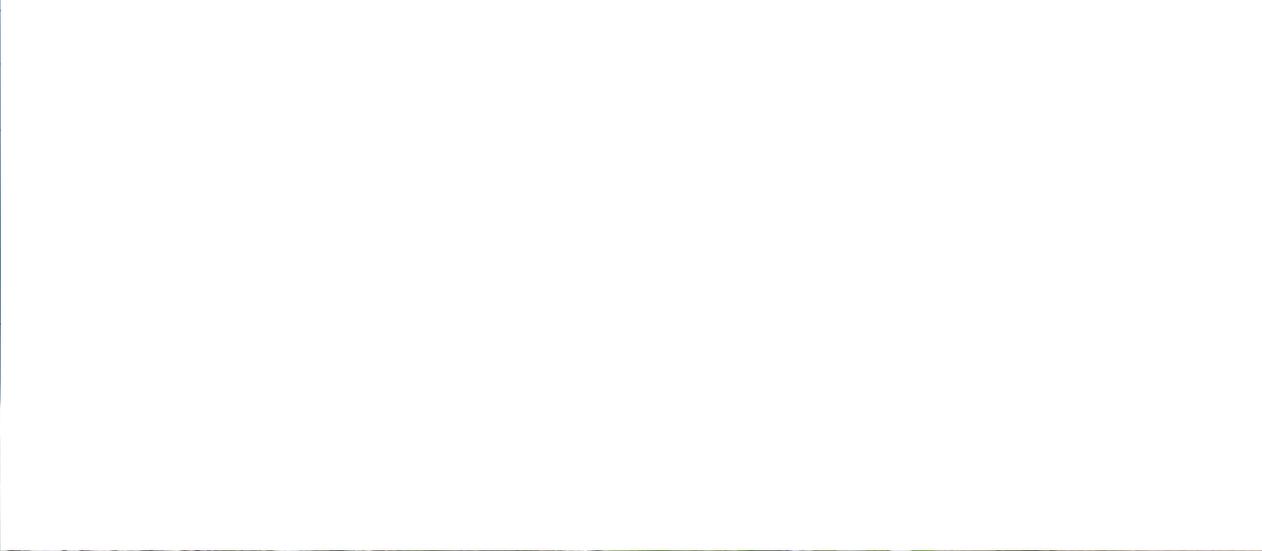


Photo Credit: NWS Wilmington



Photo credit: The Des Moines Register

Nearly 50 homes in Michigan county were destroyed by storms last week

The National Weather Service confirmed four tornadoes in the region on May 7, including one in the Kalamazoo area.

BY:

ASSOCIATED PRESS

| 05/15/2024 06:41 AM EDT

Drought lingers in parts of the Midwest and Great Plains. 'You have to have some hope'

Harvest Public Media | By Grant Winterer

Published May 13, 2024 at 4:00 AM CDT



TOP STORY

Beloit's pump house destroyed due to storms

Corey Moen Apr 17, 2024

NEWS

RAINS IMPROVE DRY SOILS, MORE RAIN NEEDED IN GROWING SEASON

May 3, 2024 By Carah Hart Filed Under: 2024 Planting Season, Drought, News

NEWS

LA NINA TRANSITION COULD BRING MOISTURE TO CORN BELT

April 24, 2024 By Brent Barnett Filed Under: 2024 Planting Season, Ag Weather, Agriculture, Crops, Drought, Human Interest, News, weather

Western Canada wildfire grows as more people nearby told to leave

The British Columbia Wildfire Service said the blaze spans 32 miles. On Monday, it was about 21 miles in size.

BY:

ASSOCIATED PRESS

| 05/14/2024 04:21 PM EDT

Commodities in Drought: More on the shrinking levels we haven't seen in years

May 07, 2024 12:53 PM • Amber Weaver

5 weareiowa.com

Minden, Iowa to receive FEMA assistance after EF-3 tornado

MINDEN, Iowa – The mayor of Minden, where two tornadoes have hit in less than two weeks, is asking for urgent help from the federal...



Solar Storm Crashes GPS Systems Used by Some Farmers, Stalling Planting

SF Successful Farming

Corn planting progress falls shy of the halfway mark

The USDA released its seventh Crop Progress report of the 2024 growing season on May 13. Here's a look at the most recent corn, soybean,...





Photo Credit: Gannon Rush

Ohio:

- Warmest start to the year Jan 1-May 15 for Dayton and Youngstown areas, 2nd warmest for Toledo, 3rd for Cleveland, 4th for Columbus, Mansfield, and Akron/Canton
- 3.00-10.00” of rain across the state during the month of April
 - 7.94” in Toledo - new record (1929)
 - Much drier conditions in May for all but the NW Corner of Ohio; running 50-100% of normal for the bulk of the state - **beneficial to planting season**
- May 7-8, 2024: 20 tornadoes in the state; 3 EF-2s; the 3rd largest outbreak for Ohio records since 1950

Kansas:

- 1st fatality from a tornado in Kansas (Westmoreland) in more than a decade.
- Fredonia (Wilson County, KS) - 8.50” over 24 hours, 2nd highest total on record (42 years).

Michigan:

- Unusually warm winter threatens significant economic losses to peaches, grapes and other fruits
- 12 tornadoes reported on May 7th in southwest MI with 1 EF-2; first “Tornado Emergency” ever issued for the state.
- 50 homes destroyed in St. Joseph County.

Illinois:

- Extension and producers are continuing to assess peach damage from January cold and late March freeze.
 - Likely little to no crop north of I-70, and 20-30% crop farther south.
 - Most likely the biggest loss statewide since 2007 or 2012.
- Apples look okay so far, and strawberries have been going gangbuster with the heat and moisture.

State Impacts



Photo Credit: Aaron Wilson



Photo Credit: Matt Sittel

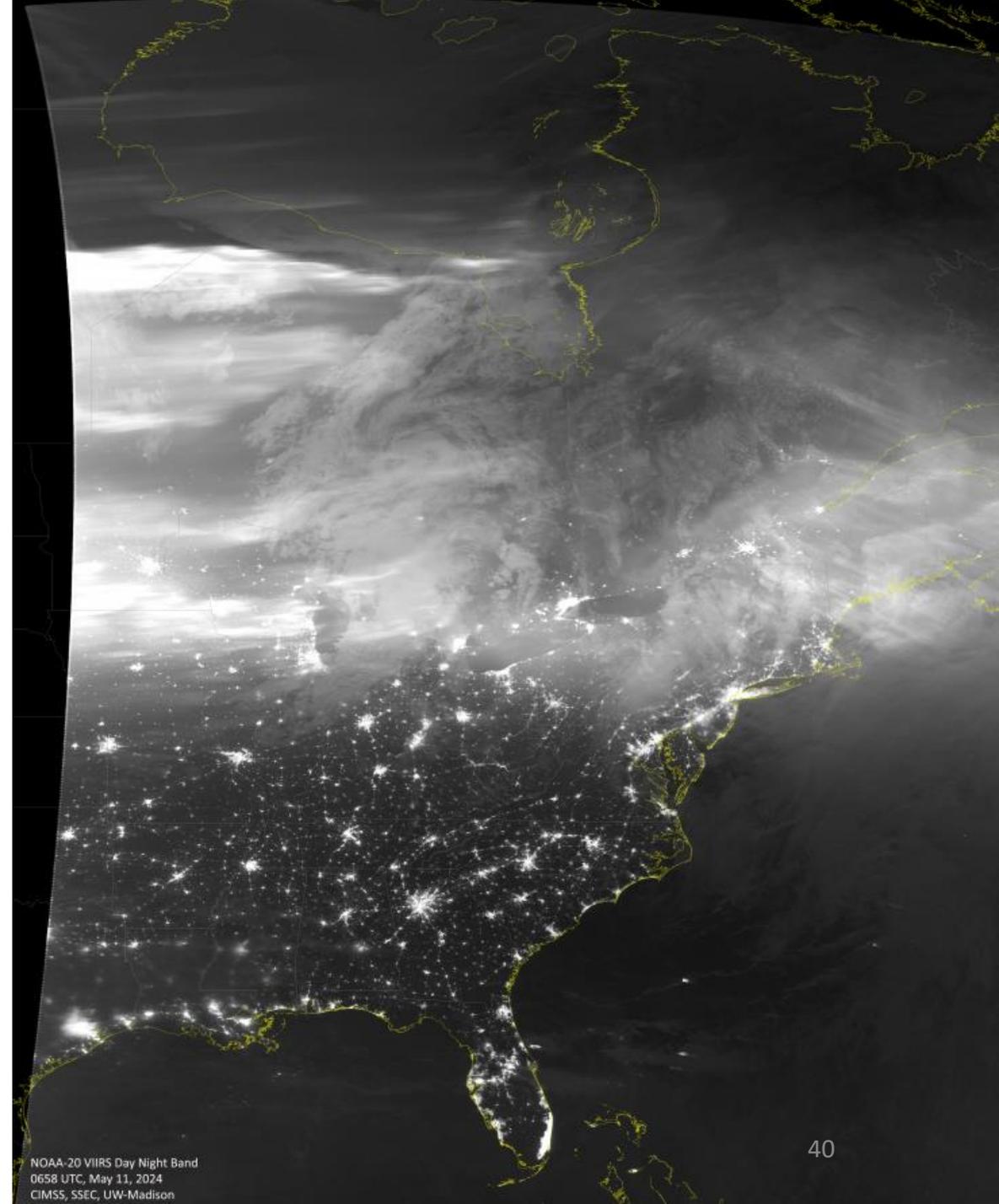


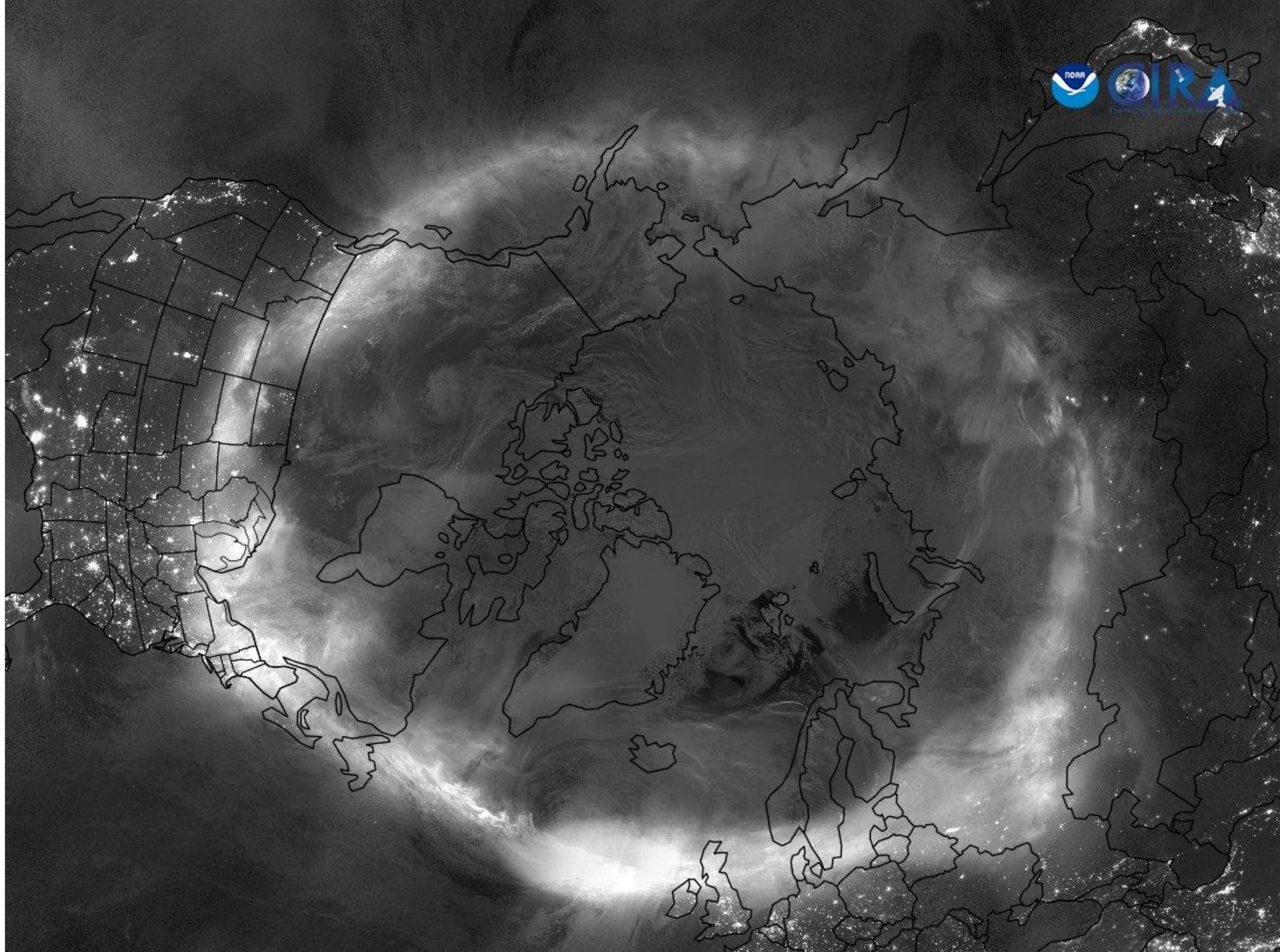
Photo Credit: Matt Sittel

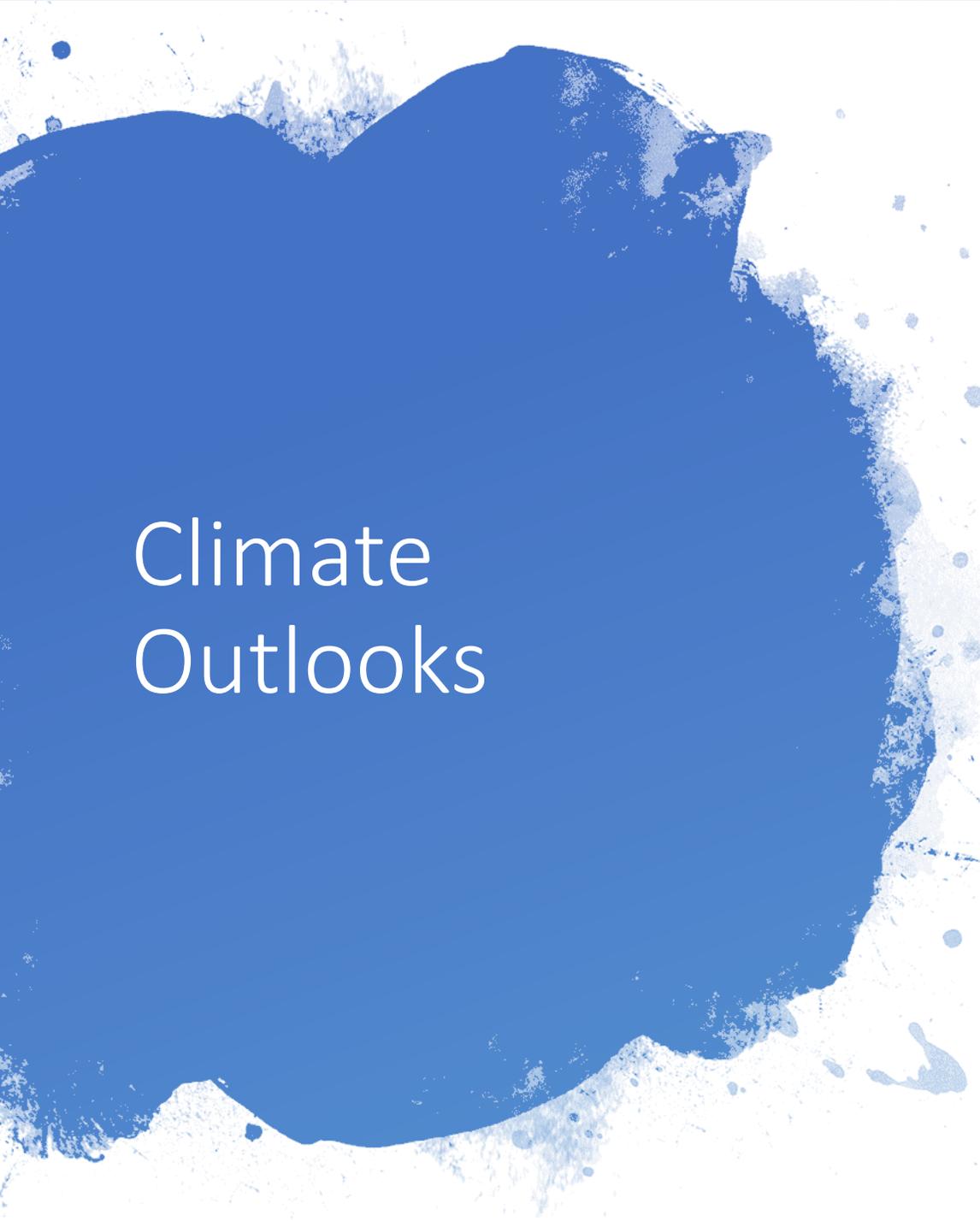
- Row crop planting generally ahead of the five-year average with some states lagging. Lots of variability.
- Pastures and rangeland looking better than over the last few years given wetter conditions
- Microburst damages historic building in Beloit, WI; drought eases
- Winter/spring wheat looking great in SD as a result of above-average precip.
- Freeze damage at IL/MI peach orchards
- Early warmth has pushed small grain planting well ahead of average in northern states
- An unusually warm winter along with cold snaps threatens significant economic losses to peaches, grapes and other fruits in Michigan/Illinois
- In April there was some moderate to major flooding in the upper Ohio River basin which impacted and restricted navigation
- 202nd consecutive week of Moderate Drought (D1) somewhere in Iowa; longest drought since 1954-1959



- <https://cimss.ssec.wisc.edu/satellite-blog/archives/>



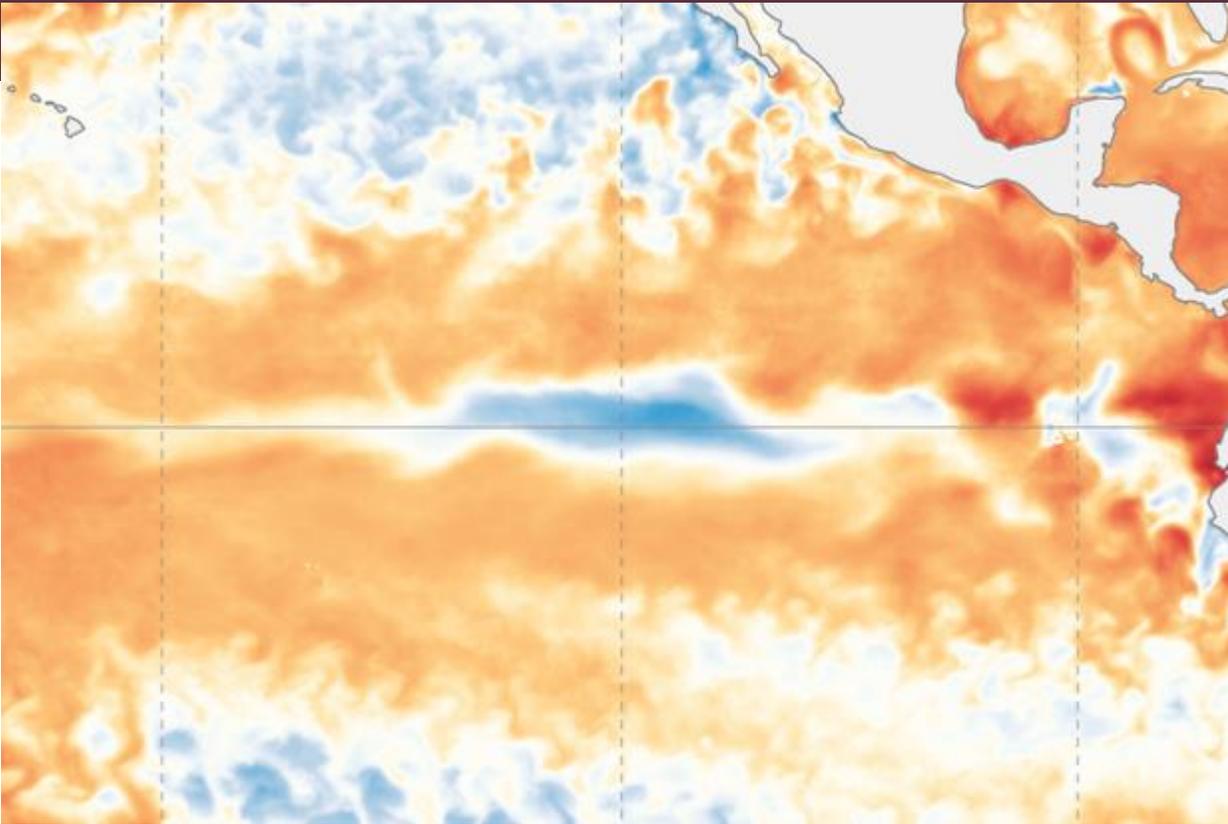




Climate Outlooks

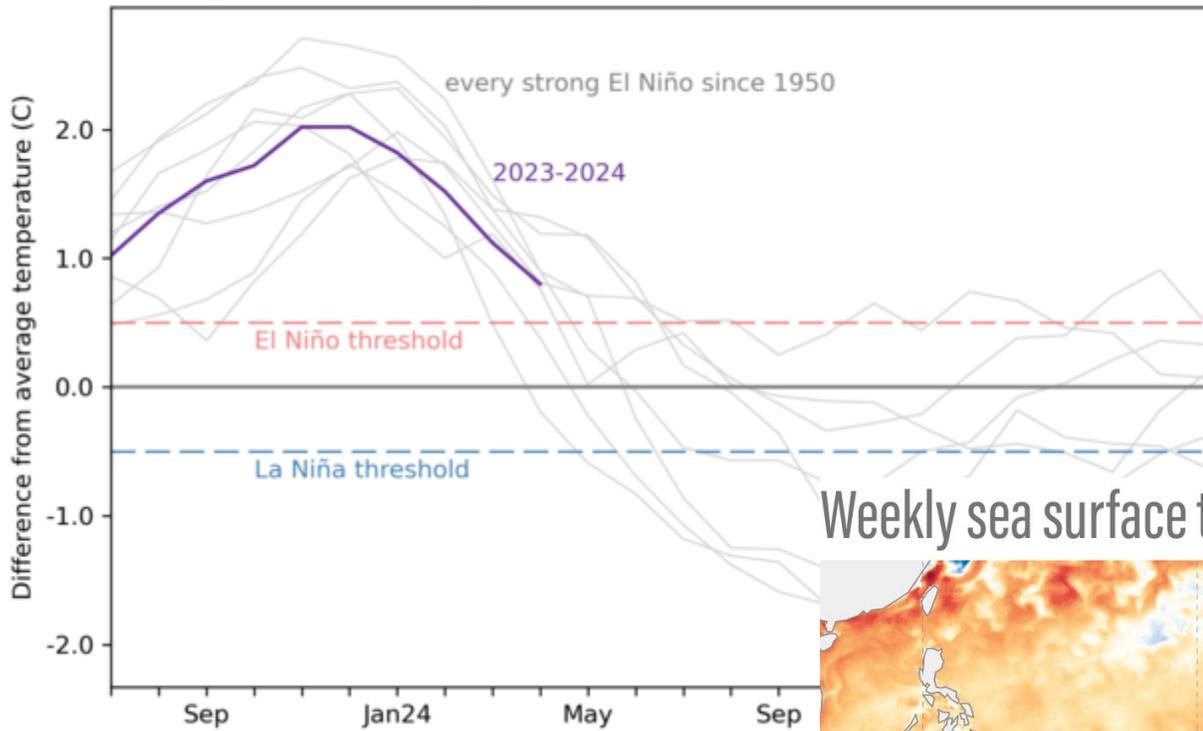
- El Niño Advisory/ La Niña Watch
- 7-day Precipitation Forecast
- 8 – 14 day Outlook
- May/Initial June Outlooks
- JJA temperature and precipitation

El Niño Advisory/La Niña Watch

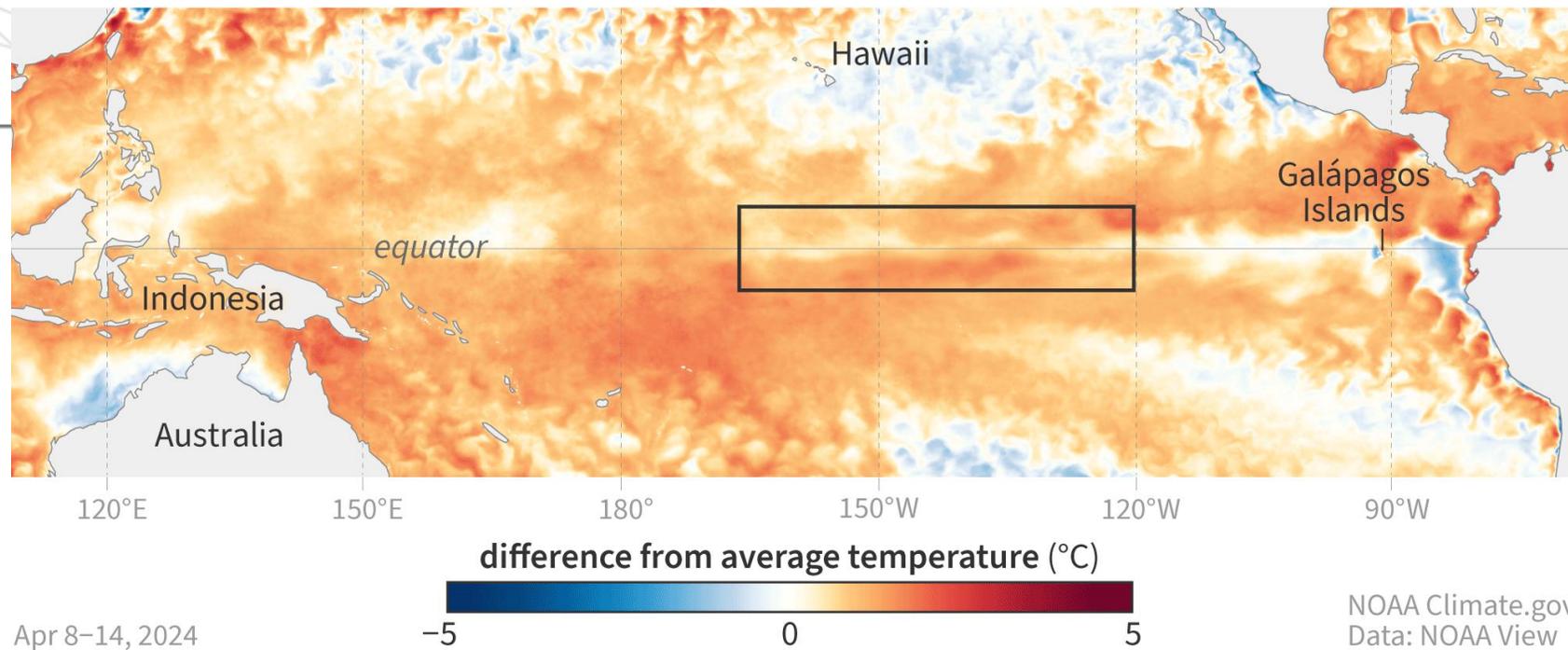


- Transition to ENSO-neutral conditions appears to be imminent.
- Sea surface temperatures (SSTs) trending cooler and atmospheric appears to be decoupling.
- A transition to La Niña is expected (69%) in July-September time frame with equal chances in June-August. and continue across the Northern Hemisphere winter.

Monthly sea surface temperature Niño3.4 Index values



Weekly sea surface temperature patterns in tropical Pacific (April 8–May 5, 2024)

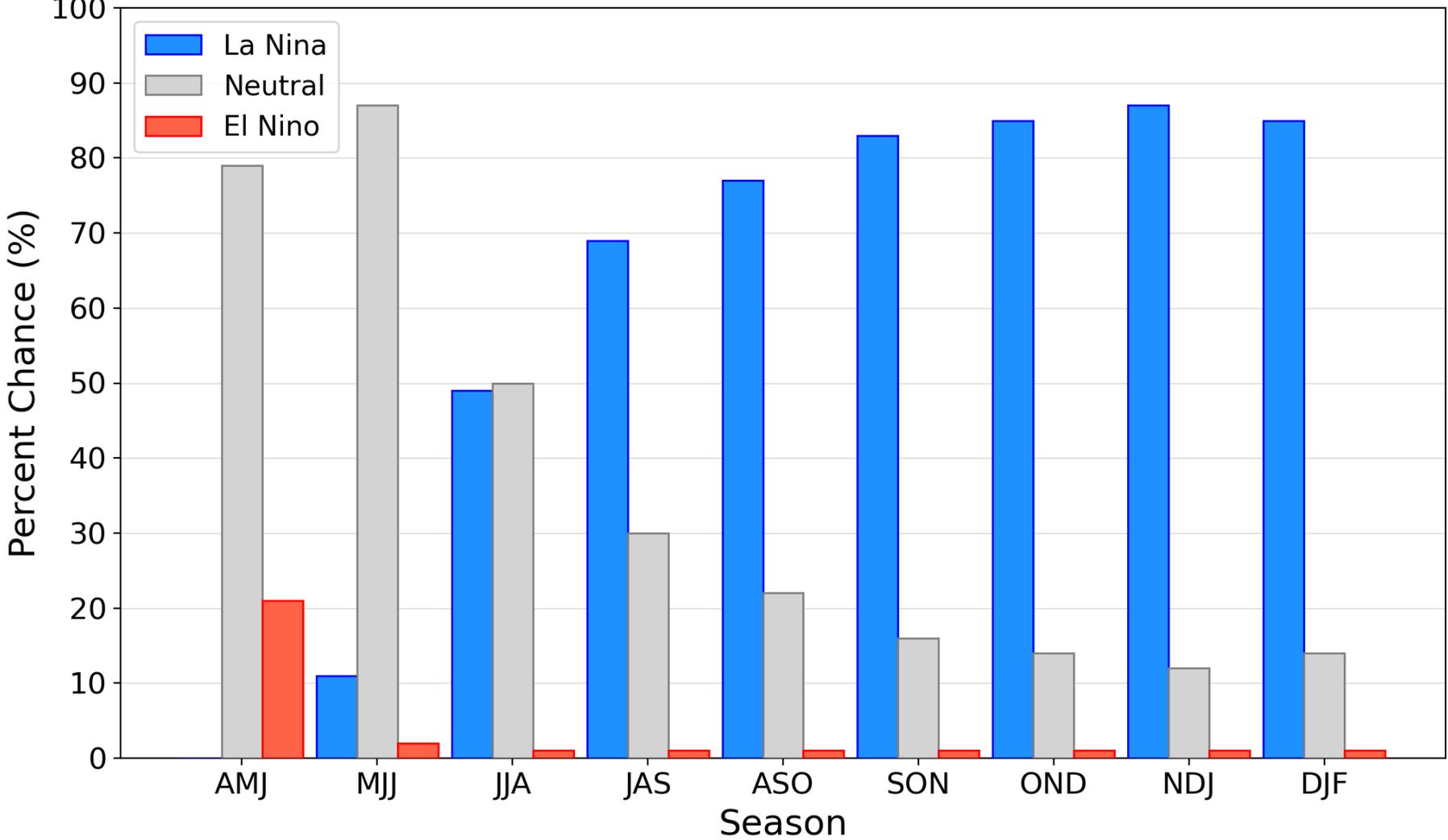


NOAA Climate.gov
Data: NOAA View

ENSO Probabilities

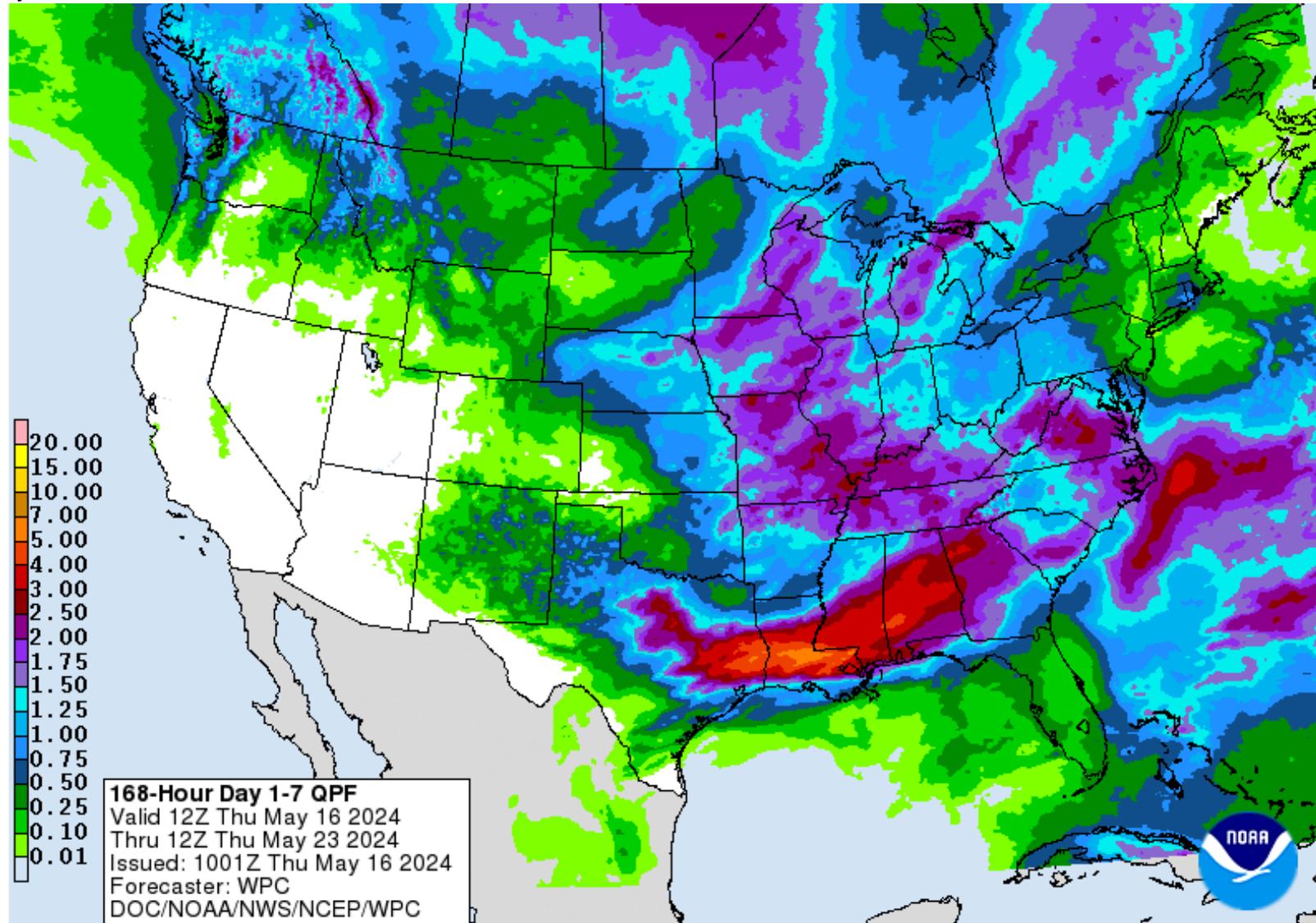
Official NOAA CPC ENSO Probabilities (issued May 2024)

based on $-0.5^{\circ}/+0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ thresholds in ERSSTv5 Niño-3.4 index



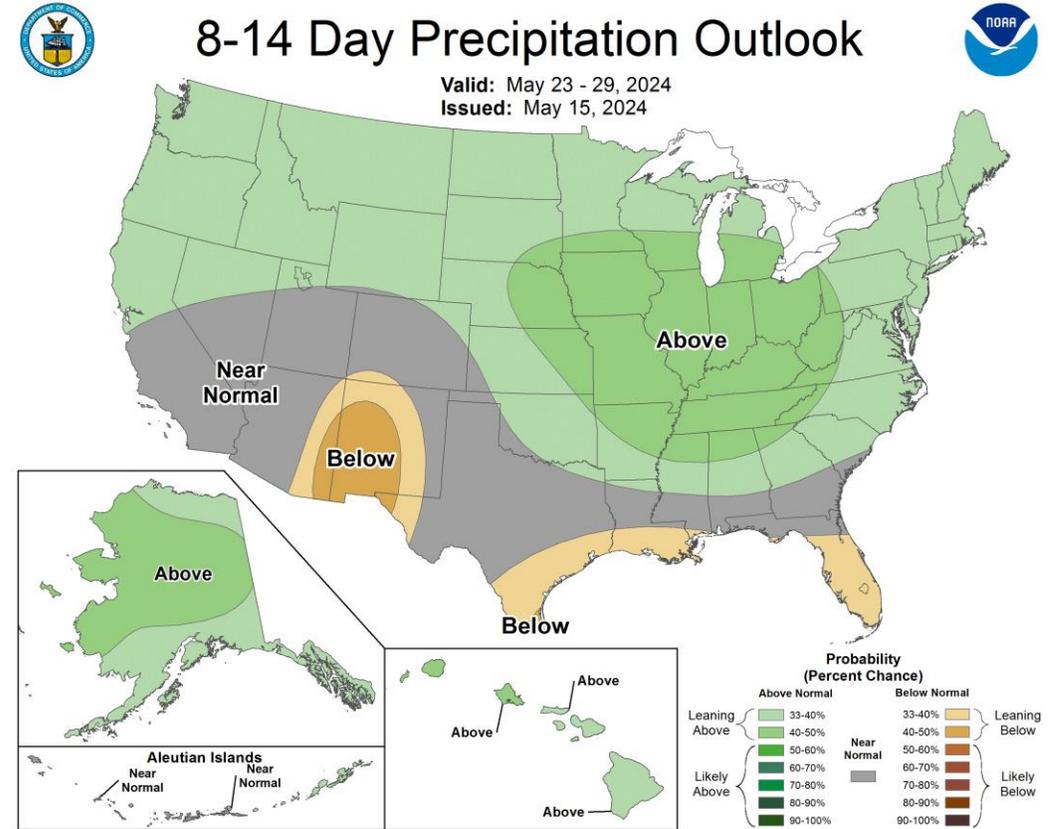
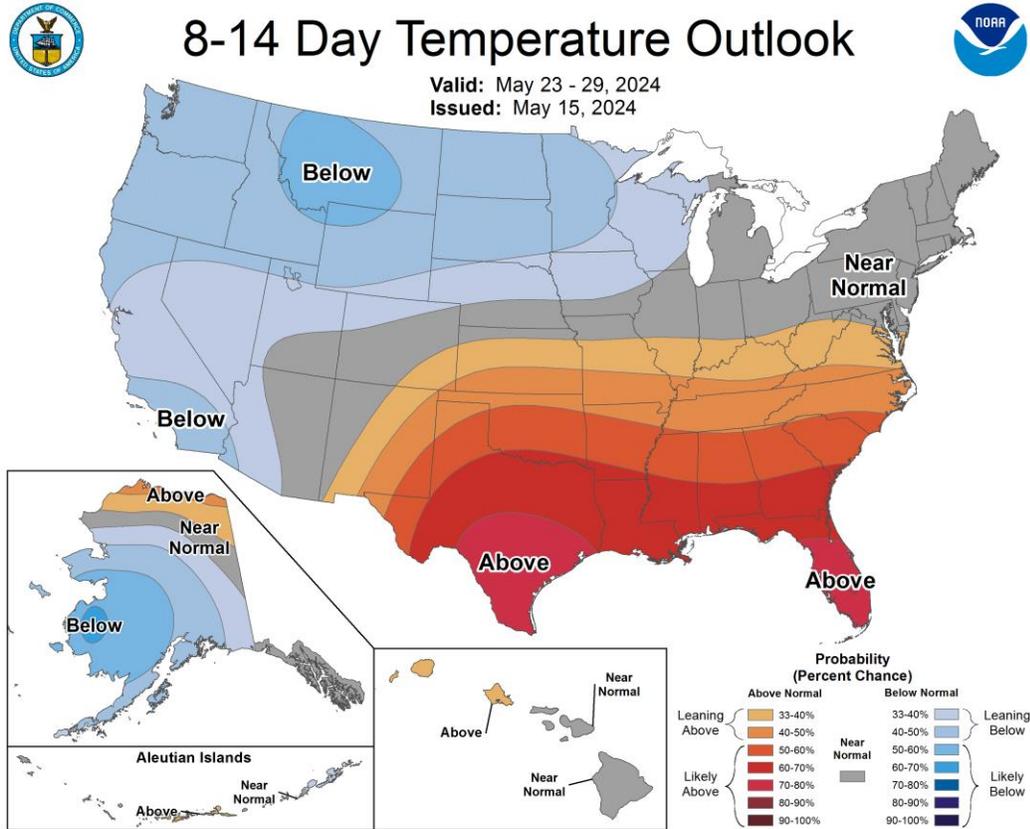
7-day Cumulative Precipitation Forecast

Valid: May 16 - 23



<https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/qpf/day1-7.shtml>

8-14 Day Outlooks (Valid May 23 - 29)

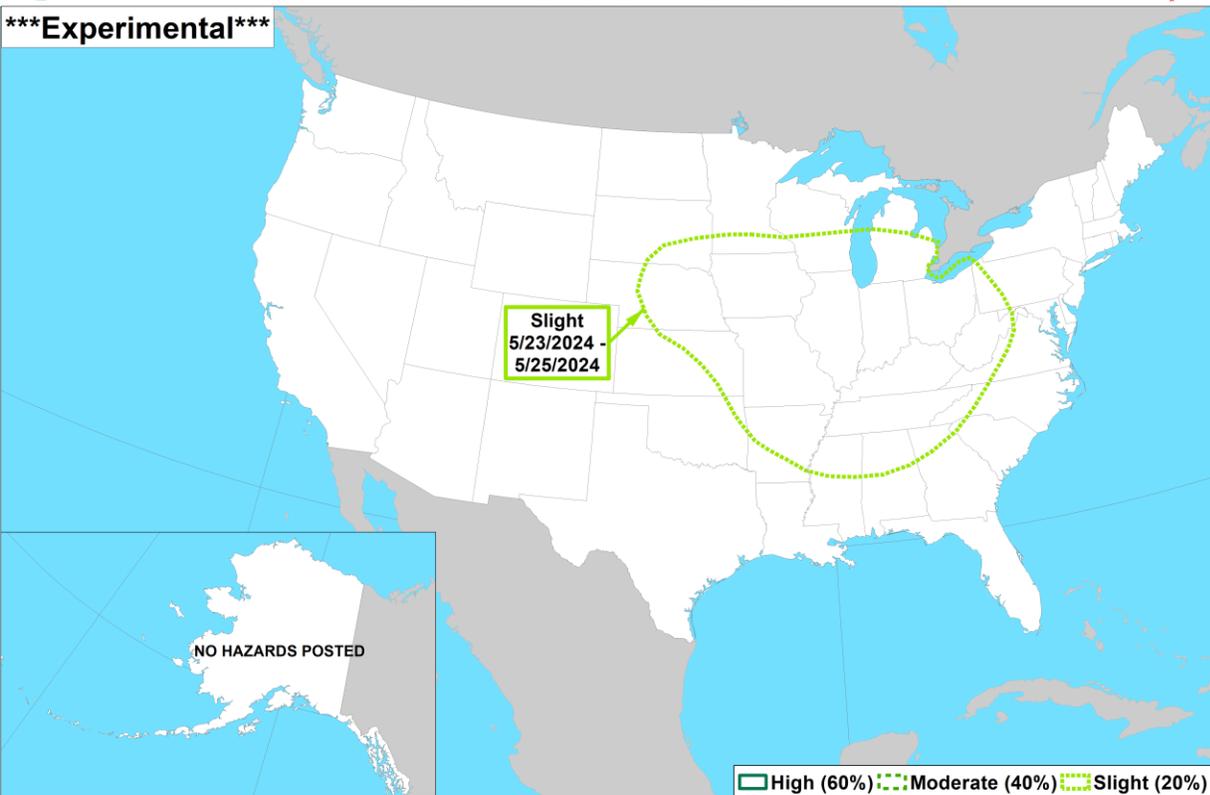




Risk of Heavy Precipitation
Valid: 05/23/2024-05/29/2024



Experimental



Climate Prediction Center

Made: 05/15/2024 3PM EDT

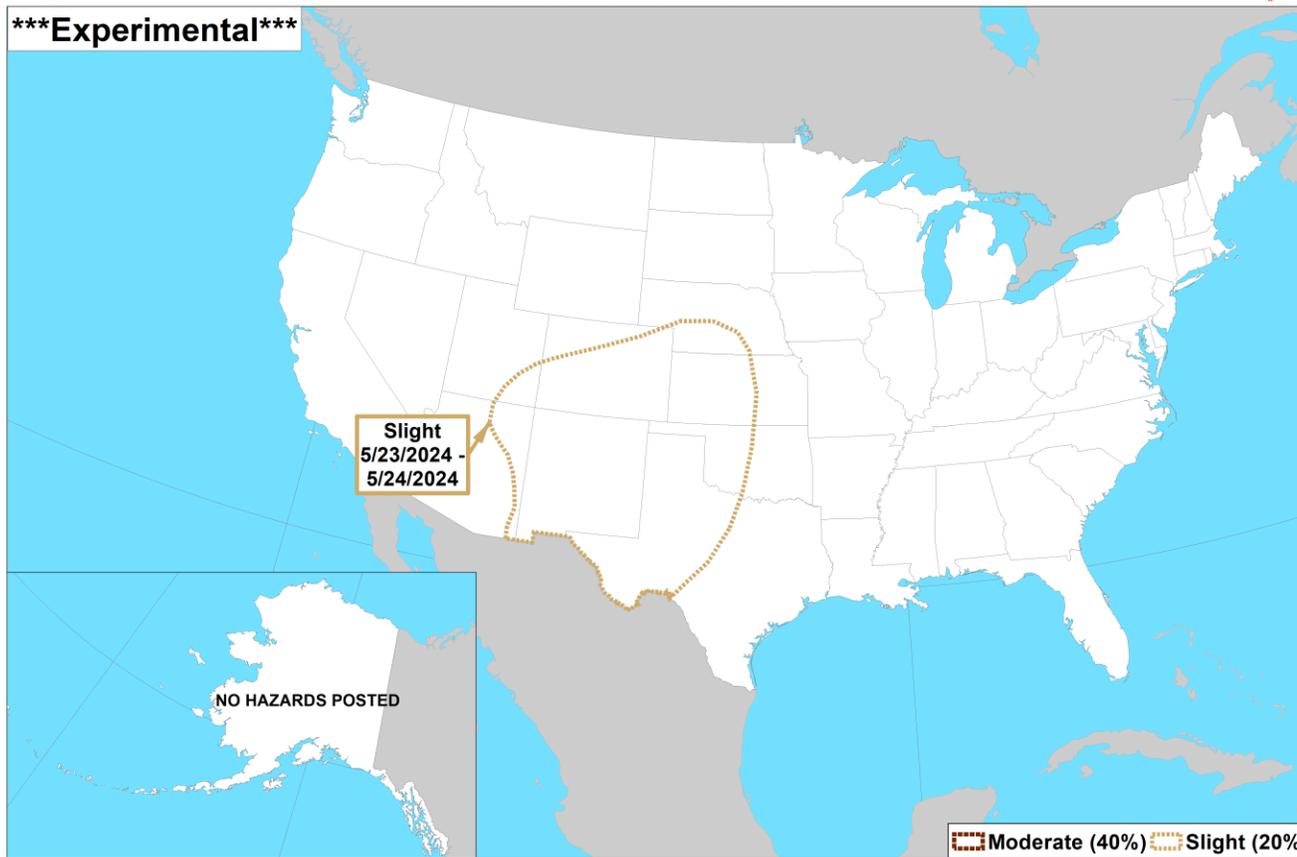
Follow us:
www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov



Risk of High Winds
Valid: 05/23/2024-05/29/2024



Experimental



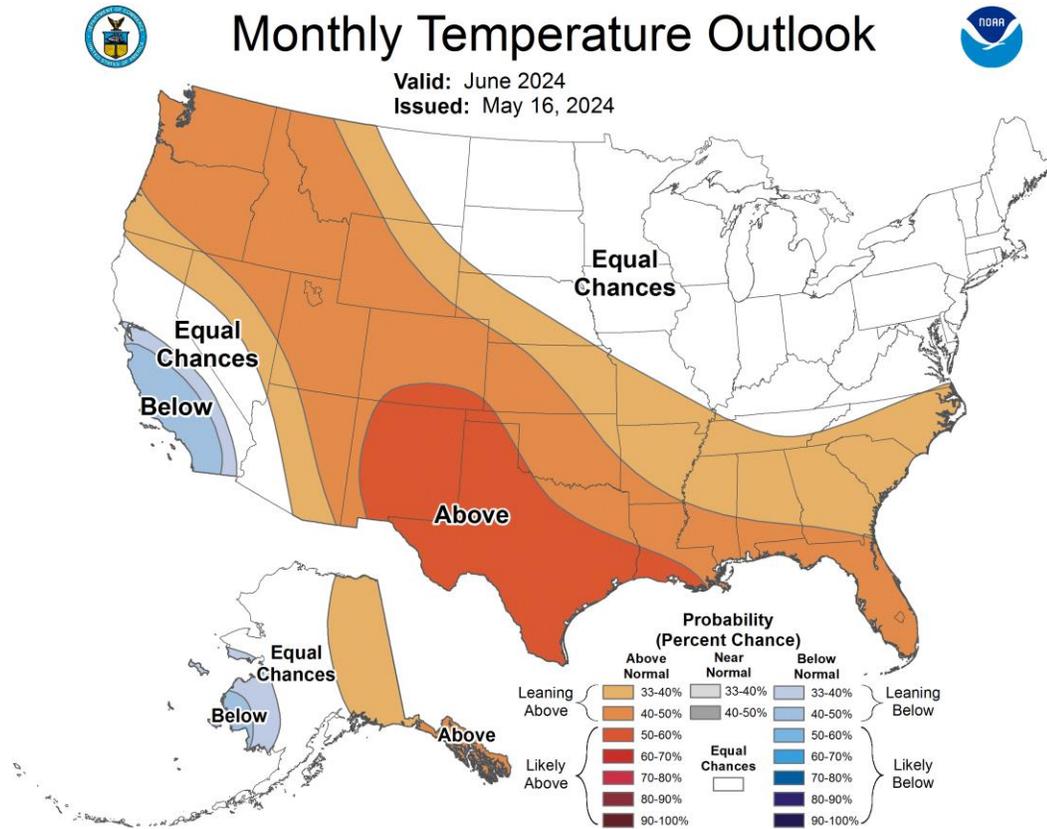
Climate Prediction Center

Made: 05/15/2024 3PM EDT

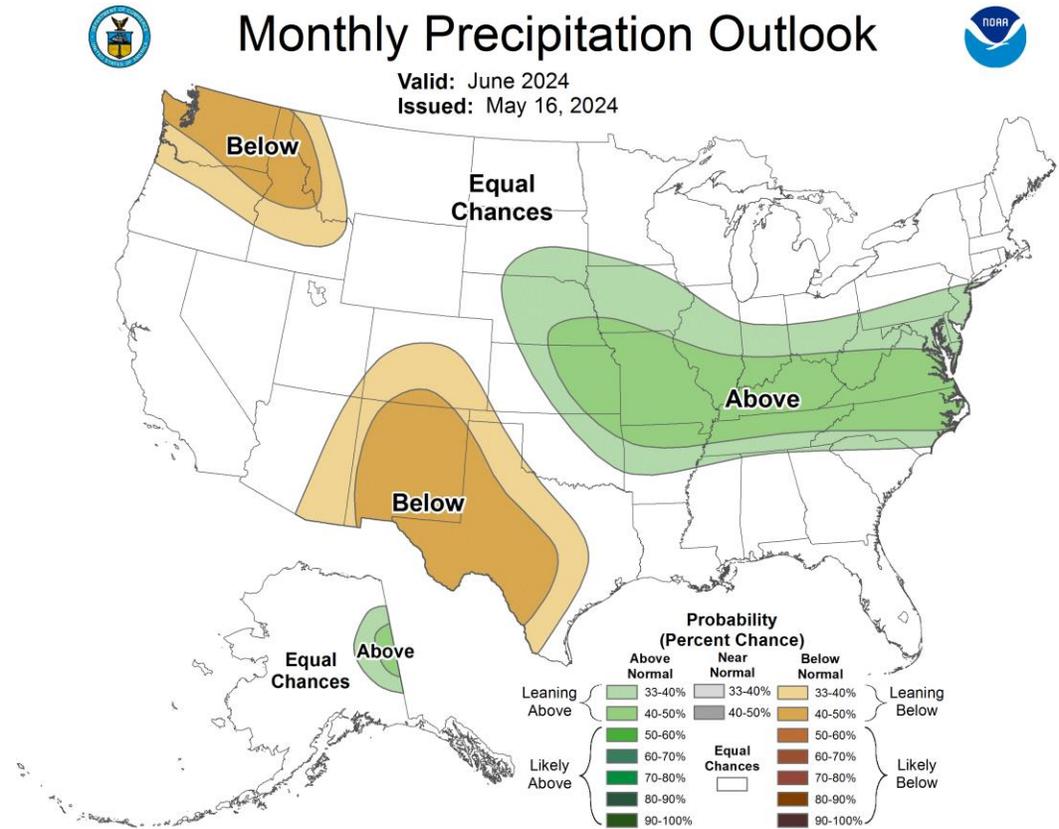
Moderate (40%) Slight (20%)

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Initial June Outlooks

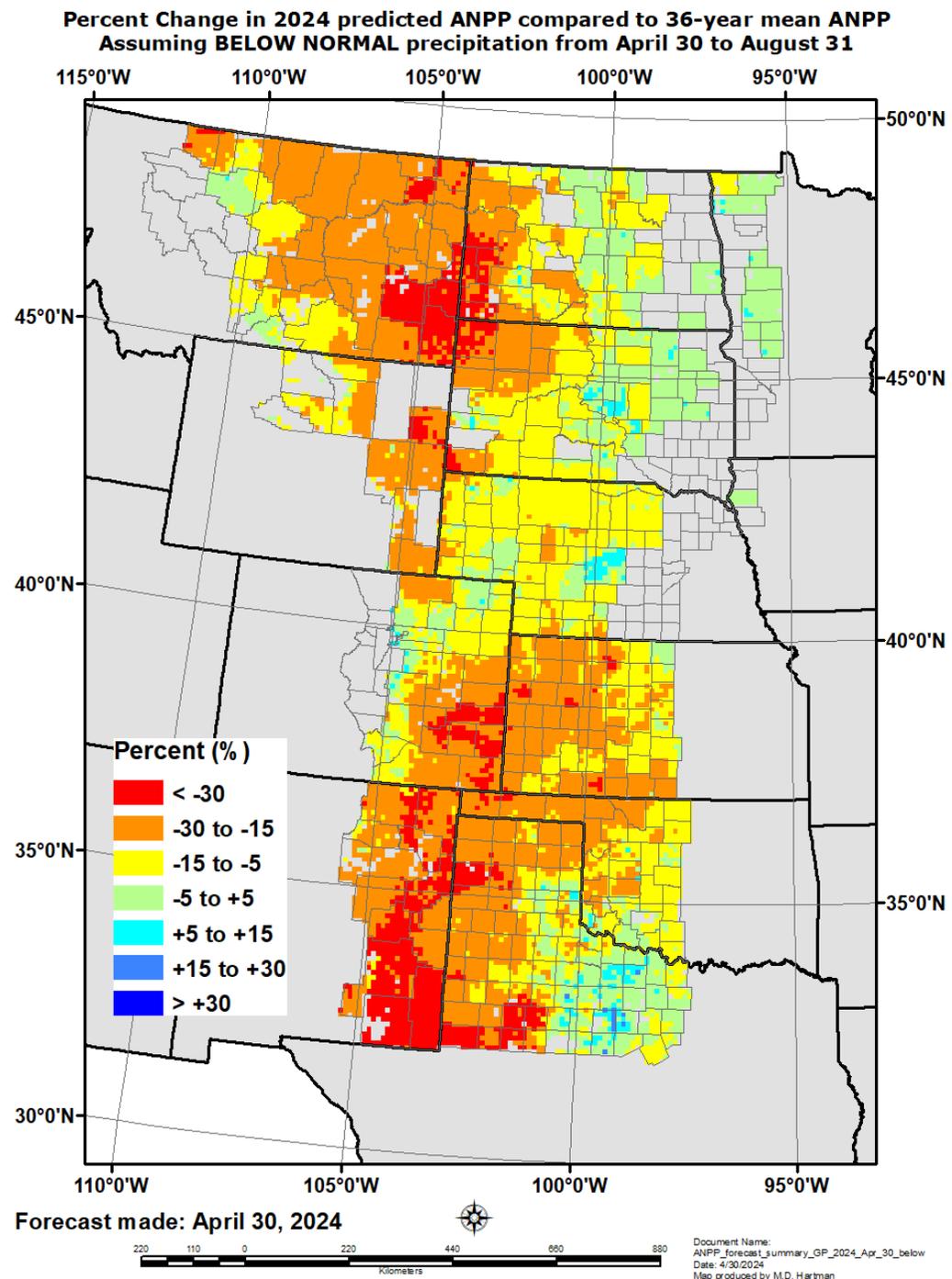


Temperature



Precipitation

Seasonal Scenario "If precipitation between now and August 31st is below-normal, we estimate that grassland production in your area (at lbs / acre of peak biomass) will be ____ % more or less than its 36-year average."

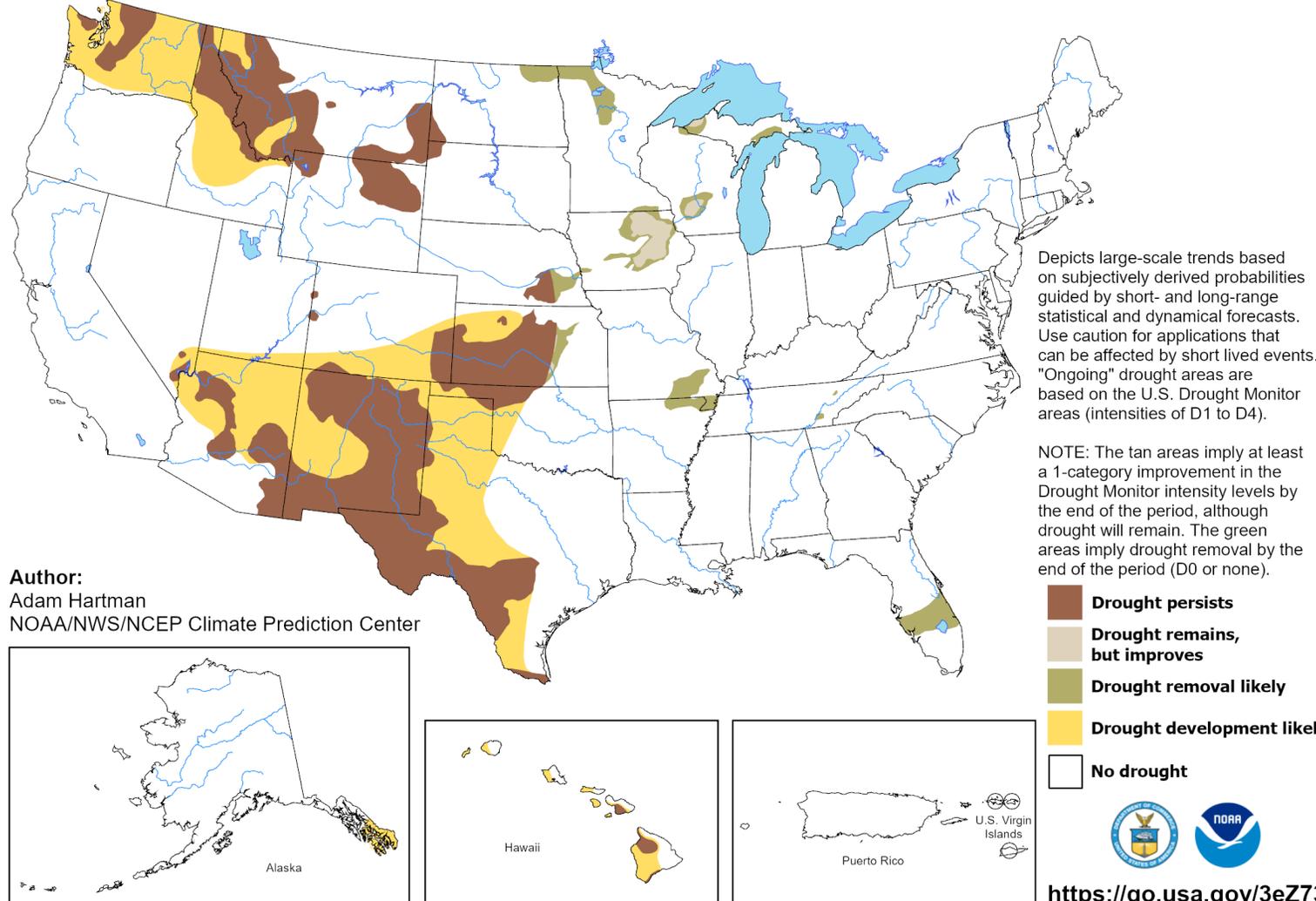


<https://grasscast.unl.edu/>

Seasonal Drought Outlook

U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for May 16 - August 31, 2024
Released May 16, 2024



Author:
Adam Hartman
NOAA/NWS/NCEP Climate Prediction Center

Outlook Summary

- Short-term outlooks showing high probabilities of warmer temperatures south/eastern Corn Belt, cooler central/western Corn Belt and wetter overall.
- Seasonal temperature outlooks not a clear-cut across western portions of the region with the potential for warmer/wetter pattern east.
- Drought conditions region wide look to improve in the short-term; summer more of a wildcard
- ENSO-neutral conditions imminent with a high probability of a La Niña transition in summer
 - Analog years show summer conditions warmer and no clear signal on precipitation.
 - Mesoscale or thunderstorm-driven weather patterns hard to pin down compared to El Niño impacts on CONUS weather during winter.

Further Information - Partners

- **Today's and Past Recorded Presentations and :**
 - <https://mrcc.purdue.edu/multimedia/webinars.jsp>
 - <https://hprcc.unl.edu/webinars.php>
- NOAA's National Climatic Data Center: www.ncdc.noaa.gov
 - Monthly climate reports (U.S. & Global): www.ncdc.noaa.gov/sotc/
- NOAA's Climate Prediction Center: www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov
- Climate Portal: www.climate.gov
- U.S. Drought Portal: www.drought.gov
- National Drought Mitigation Center: <http://drought.unl.edu/>
- USDA Climate Hubs <https://www.climatehubs.usda.gov/>
- State climatologists
 - <http://www.stateclimate.org>
- Regional climate centers
 - <http://mrcc.purdue.edu>
 - <http://www.hprcc.unl.edu>

Thank You and Questions?

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