







North Central U.S. Climate and Drought Outlook

18 May 2023

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General Information

- Providing climate services to the Central Region
 - Collaboration Activity Between:
 - State Climatologists/American Association of State Climatologists
 - NOAA NCEI/NWS/OAR/NIDIS
 - USDA Climate Hubs
 - Midwest and High Plains Regional Climate Centers
 - National Drought Mitigation Center
- Next Regular Climate/Drought Outlook Webinar
 - June 15, 2023 (1 PM CST): Presenter: Dr. Aaron Wilson, State Climatologist of Ohio
- Access to Future Climate Webinars and Information
- http://www.drought.gov/drought/content/regional-programs/regional-drought-webinars
 - https://mrcc.purdue.edu/multimedia/webinars.jsp
 - https://hprcc.unl.edu/webinars.php
- Open for questions at the end (enter them along the way).

Presentation Outline

- Recent Conditions
 - Temperature and precipitation ranks
 - 30-day temperature and precipitation
 - Drought
- Planting/Growing Progress
- Impacts and Notable Events
- Outlooks
 - ENSO-neutral to El Niño
 - Short-term
 - Summer



Recent Conditions

April Temperature and Precipitation Ranks
YTD Temperature and Precipitation Ranks
Departure from Normal Temperature and Precipitation
Long-term Precipitation Departures
Soil Moisture, Streamflow and Drought

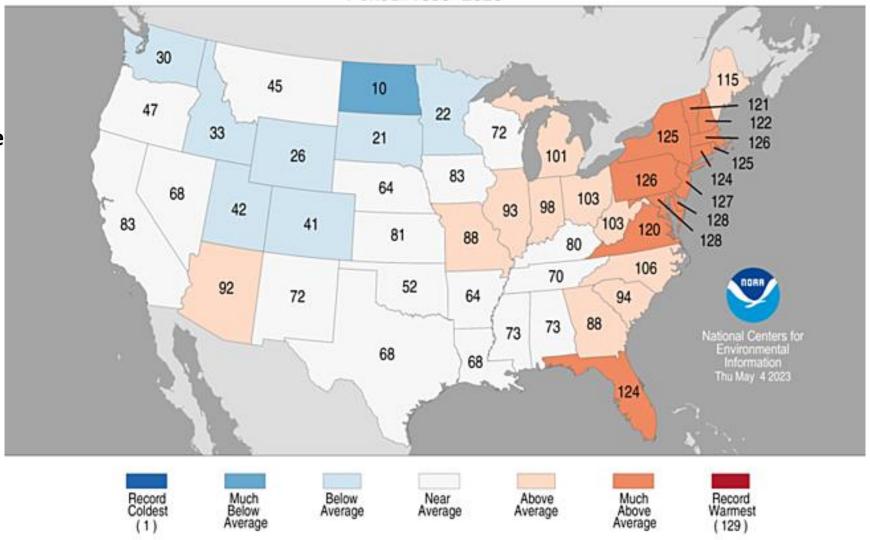
April Temperature Ranks

Statewide Average Temperature Ranks

April 2023 Period: 1895–2023

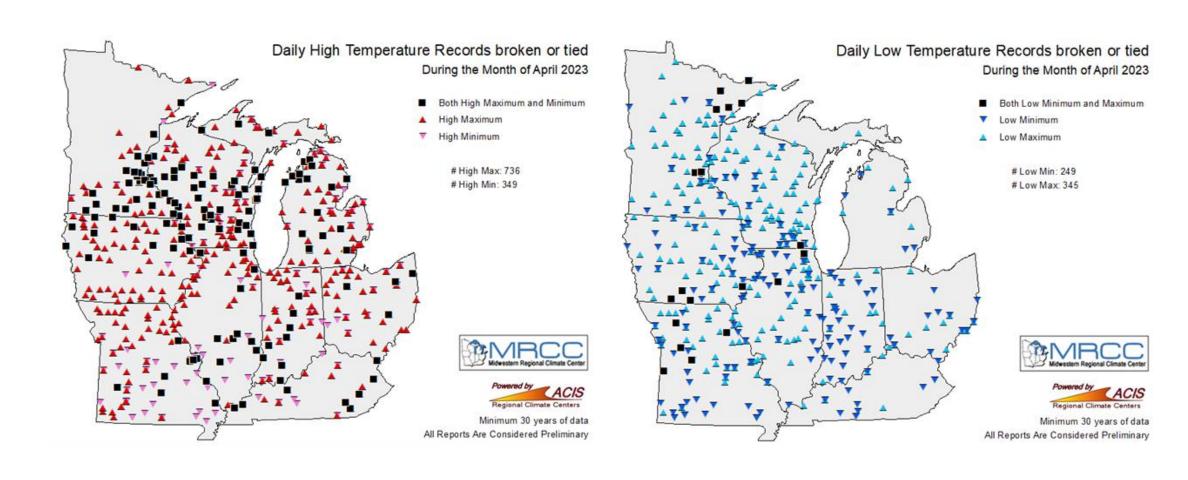
Colder conditions north, near-average central and warm east.

10th Coldest ND



http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/us-maps/

Daily Temperature Records in April



April Precipitation Ranks

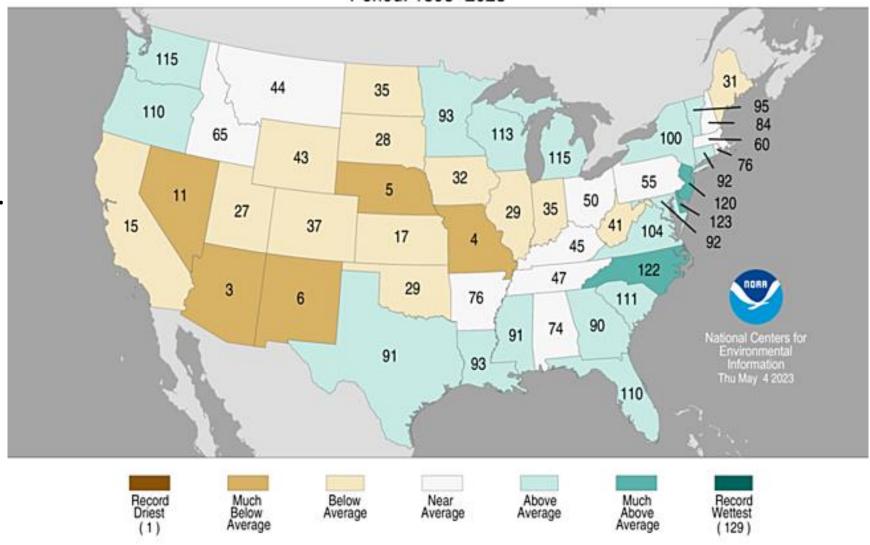
Statewide Precipitation Ranks

April 2023 Period: 1895–2023

Wetter conditions from MN => MI.

Drier rest of region.

Top 5 Driest for NE and MO.



http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/us-maps/

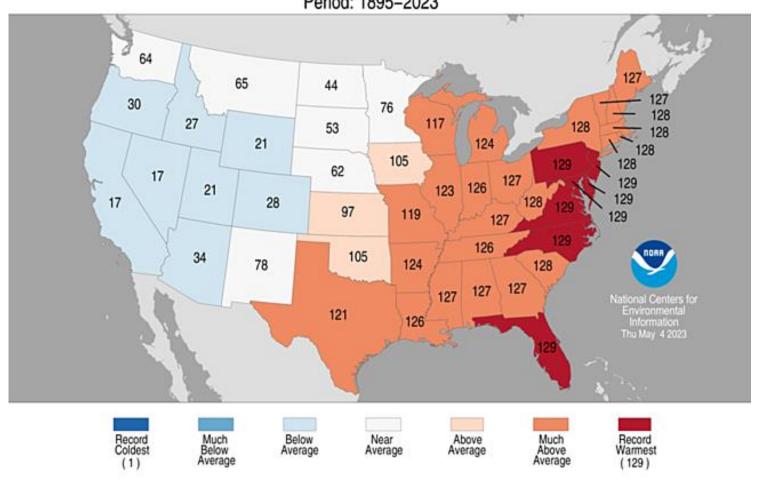
January-April Temperature Recap

Statewide Average Temperature Ranks

January - April 2023 Period: 1895-2023

Similar temperature pattern much of the winter. Warm east/cold west. Closer to average Plains.

Top 10 warmest MO to MI/OH.



January-April Precipitation Recap

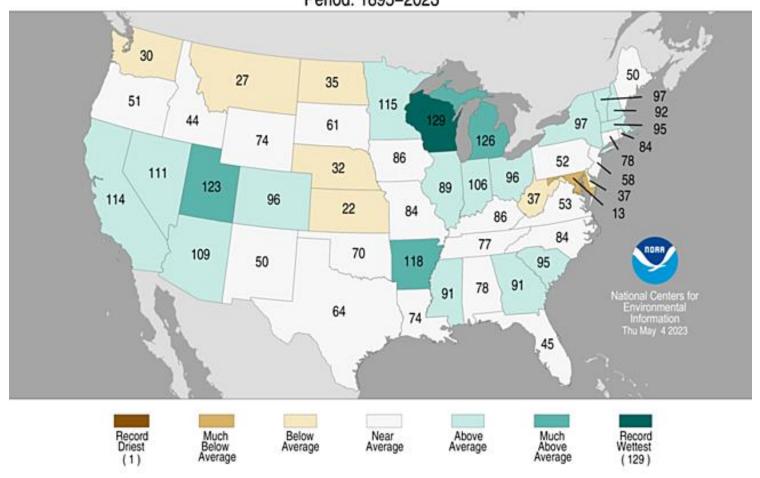
Statewide Precipitation Ranks

January - April 2023 Period: 1895-2023

Wetter conditions across eastern Corn Belt to near-normal west.

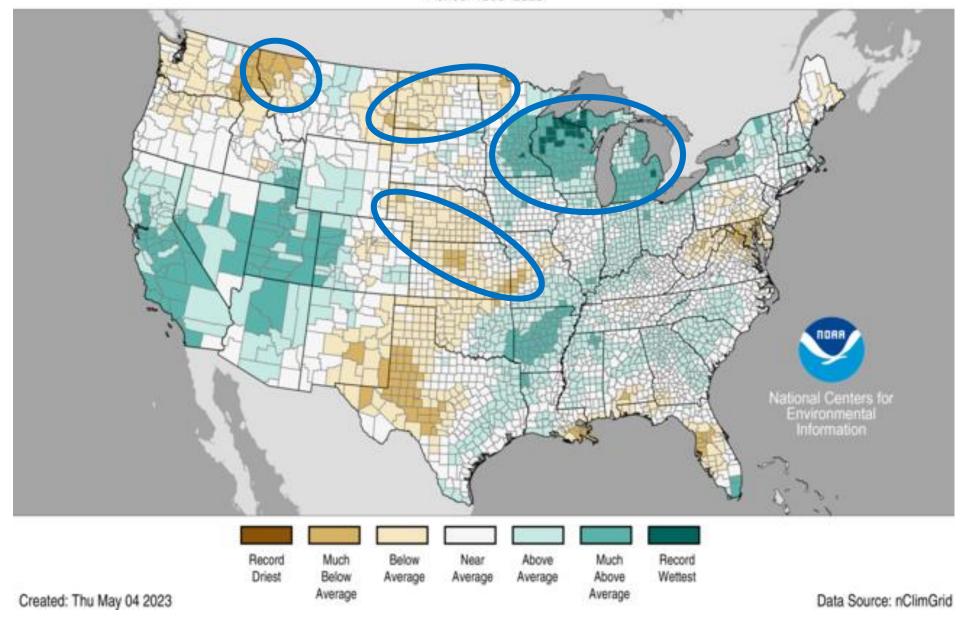
Very wet upper Midwest

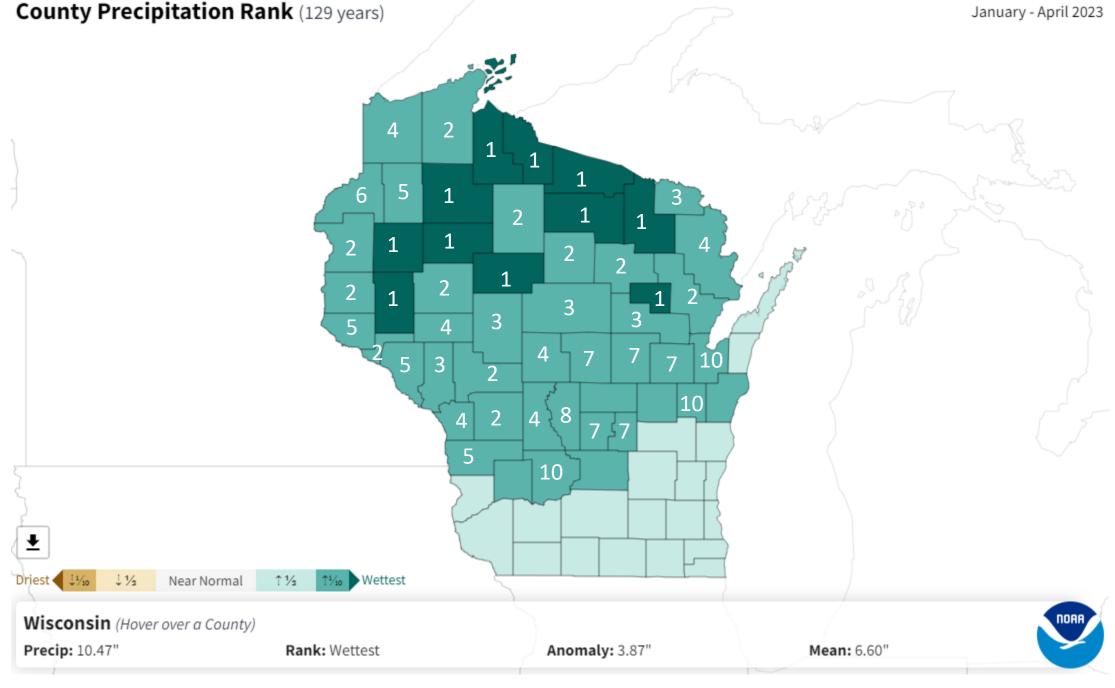
Wettest YTD start for WI/top 5 for MI



County Precipitation Ranks January-April 2023

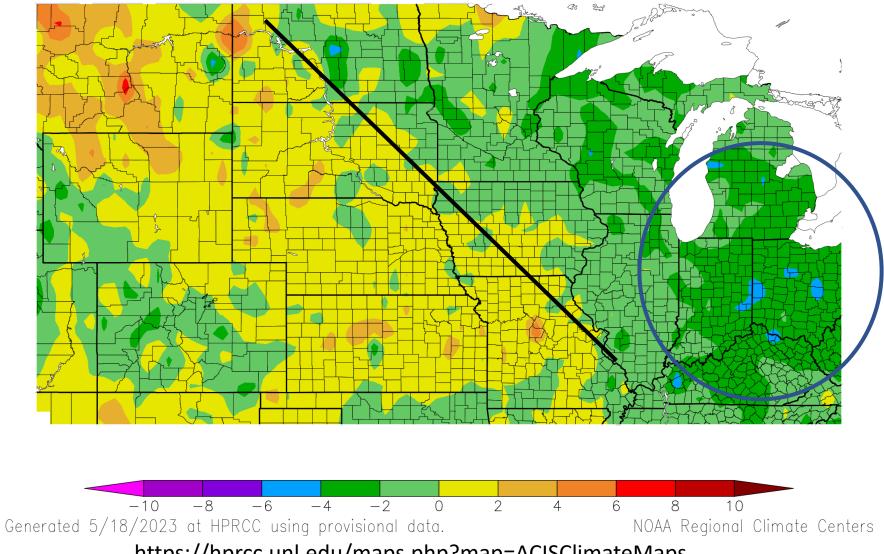
Period: 1895-2023





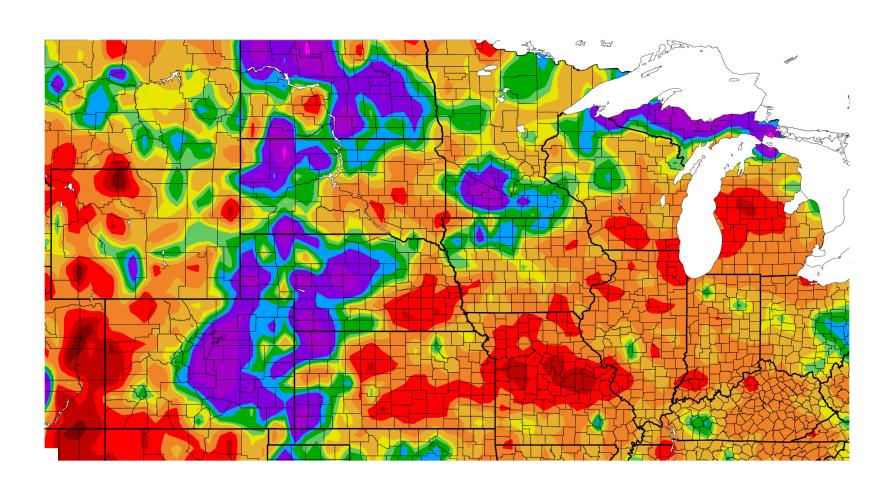
https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/climate-at-a-glance/county/mapping/47/pcp/202304/4/rank

Departure from Normal Temperature (F) 4/18/2023 - 5/17/2023



https://hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php?map=ACISClimateMaps

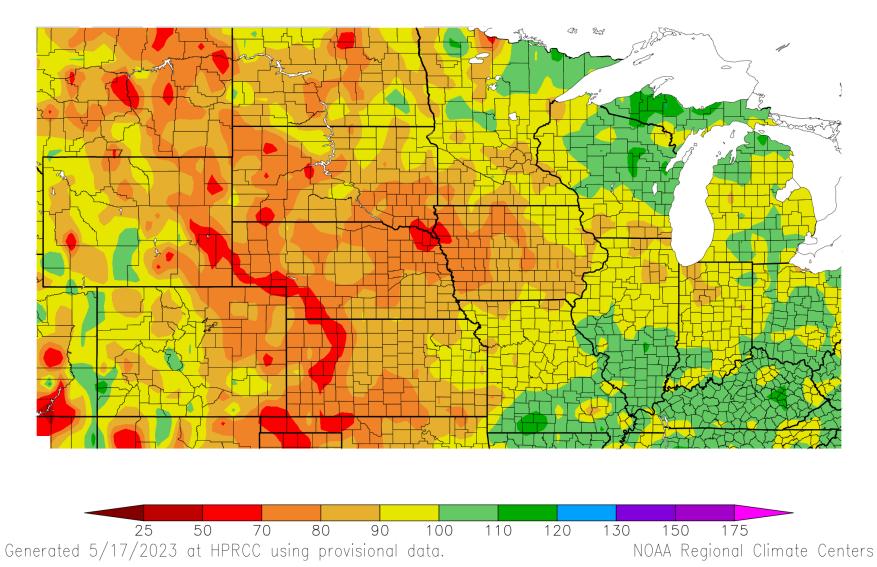
Percent of Normal Precipitation (%) 4/18/2023 - 5/17/2023



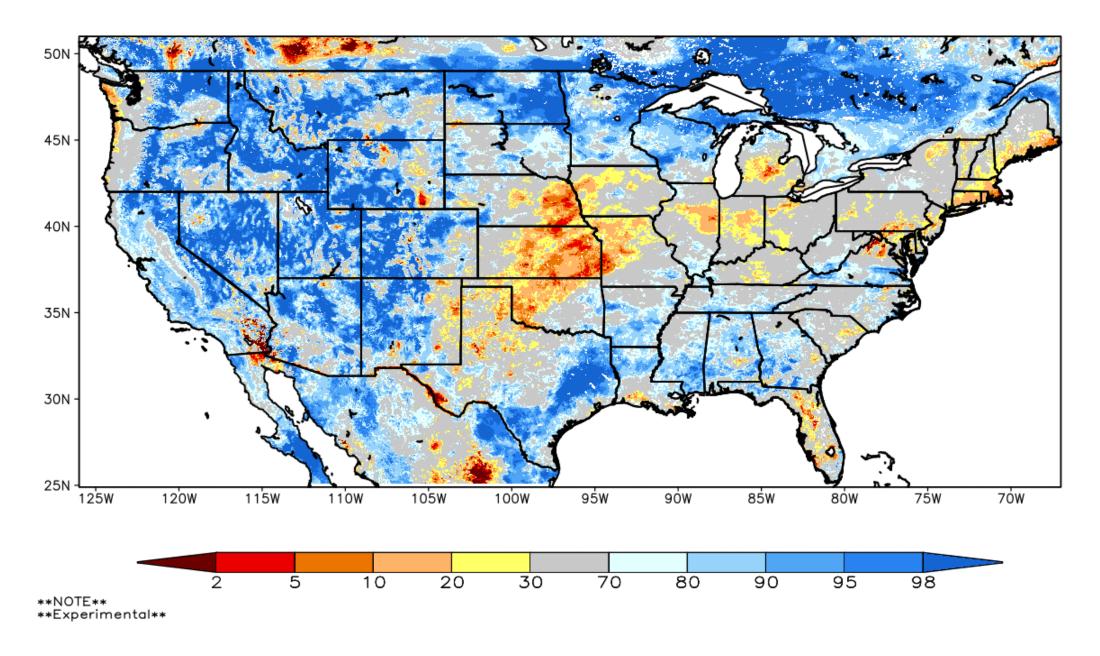


https://hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php?map=ACISClimateMaps

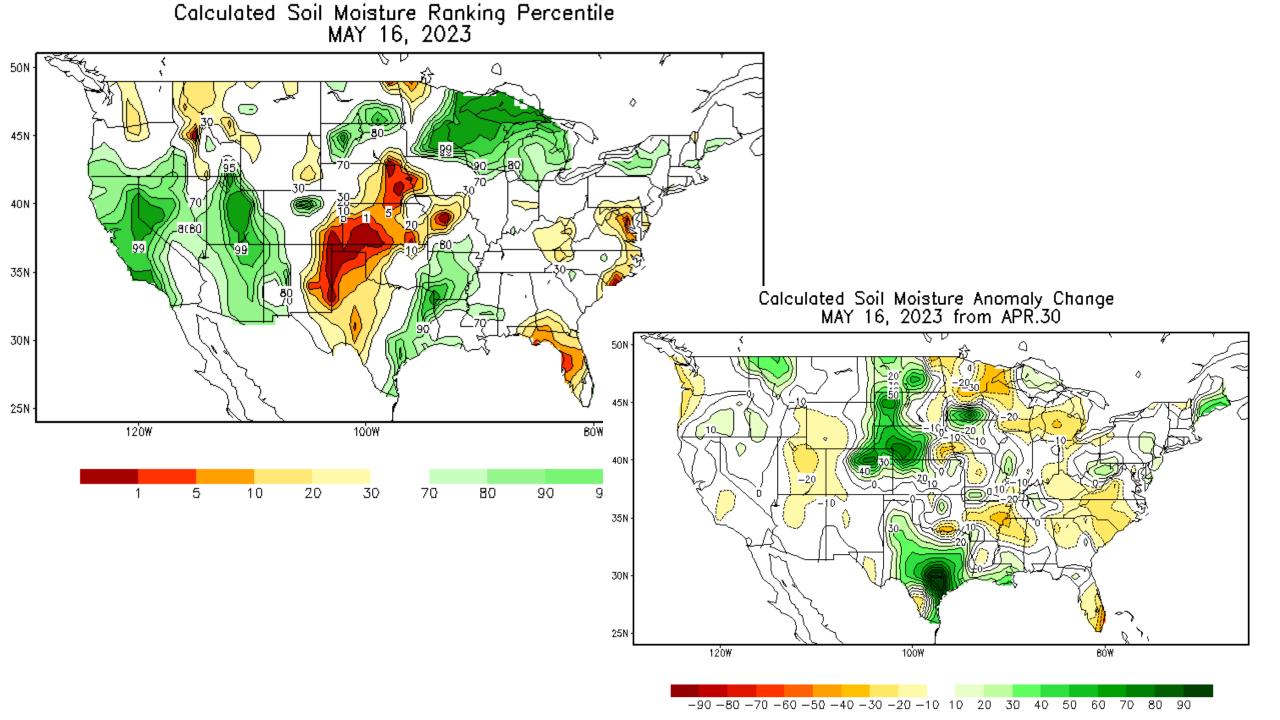
Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)5/17/2020 - 5/16/2023



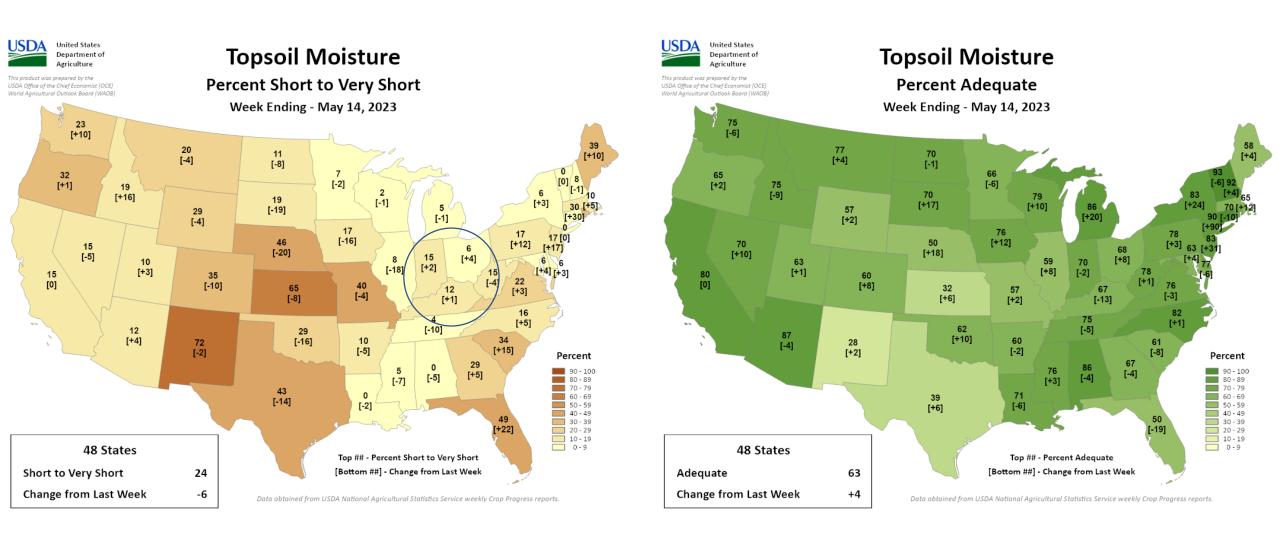
https://mrcc.purdue.edu/CLIMATE/Maps/stnMap_btd2.jsp



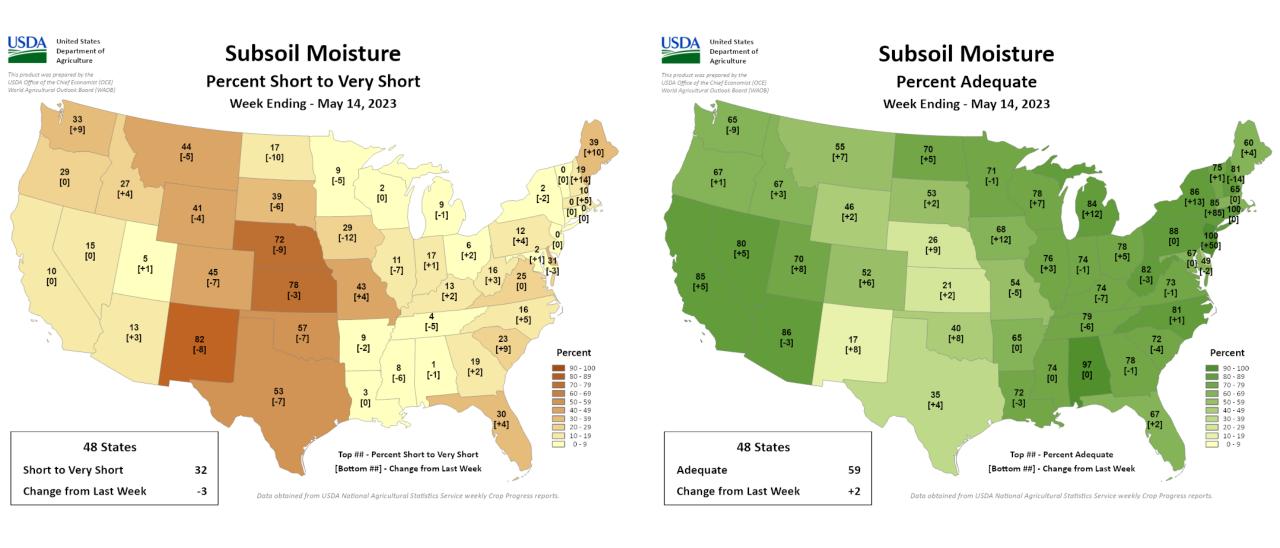
https://weather.msfc.nasa.gov/cgi-bin/basicLooper.pl?category=lis_CONUS&initialize=first®ex=vsm0-200percent_20201118



USDA NASS – Topsoil Moisture



USDA NASS – Subsoil Moisture



U.S. Drought Monitor NWS Central

May 17, 2022

(Released Thursday, May. 19, 2022)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	48.83	51.17	42.62	25.71	7.64	0.53
Last Week 05-10-2022	47.93	52.07	44.01	26.42	5.36	0.25
3 Month's Age 02-15-2022	27.11	72.89	54.84	28.60	8.68	0.72
Start of Calendar Yea 01-04-2022	33.94	66.06	46.53	27.27	10.67	1.77
Start of Water Year 09-28-2021	31.08	68.92	50.85	37.30	18.35	3.17
One Year Age 05-18-2021	40.78	59.22	39.28	19.29	11.37	2.50

Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

<u>Author:</u>

Richard Heim NCEI/NOAA

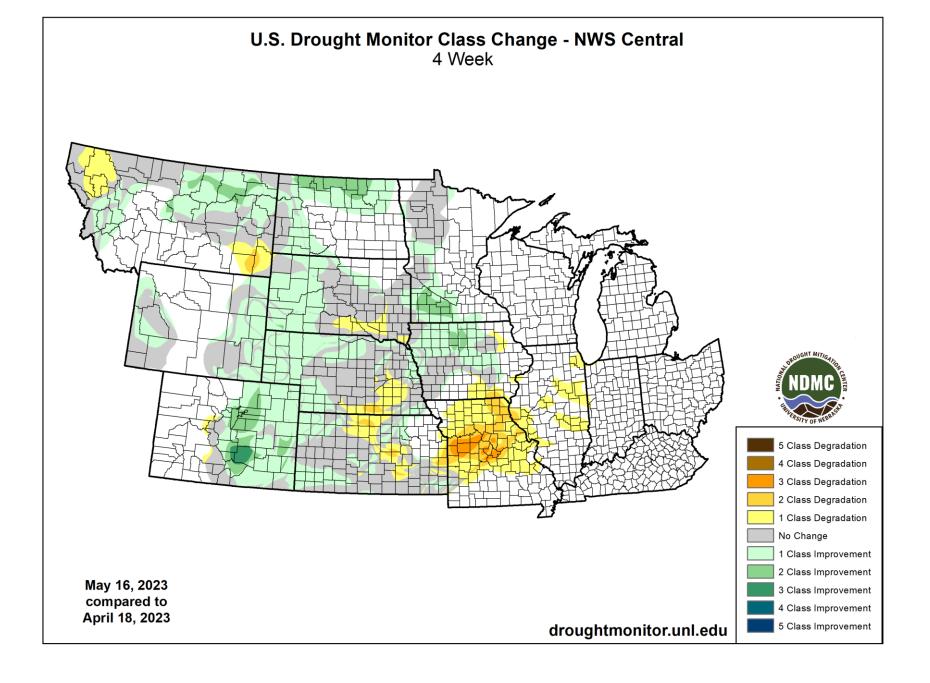








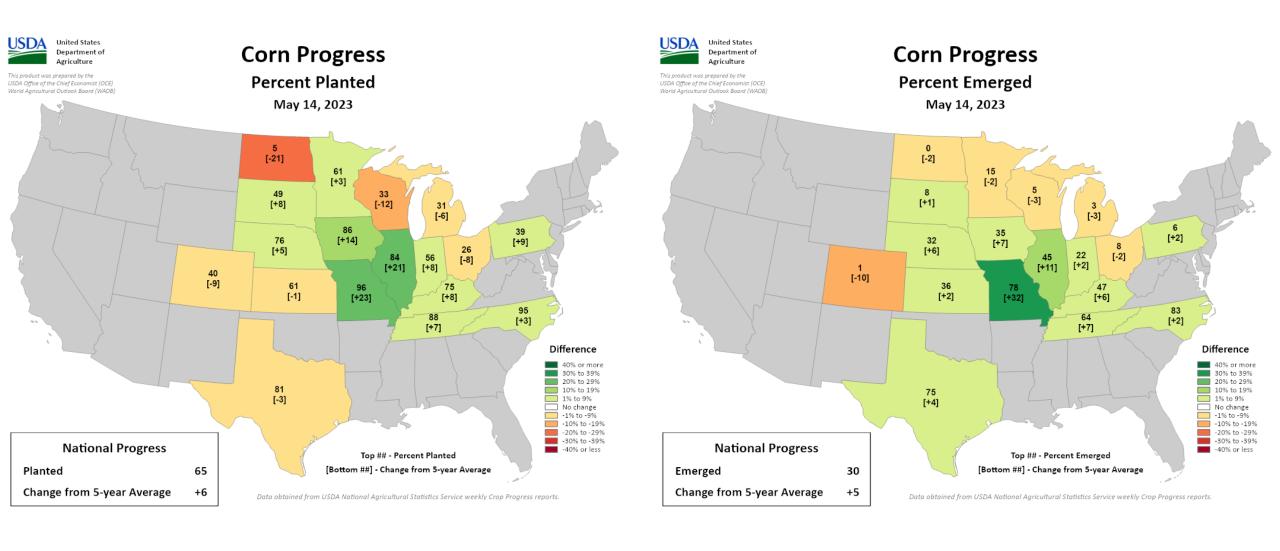
droughtmonitor.unl.edu



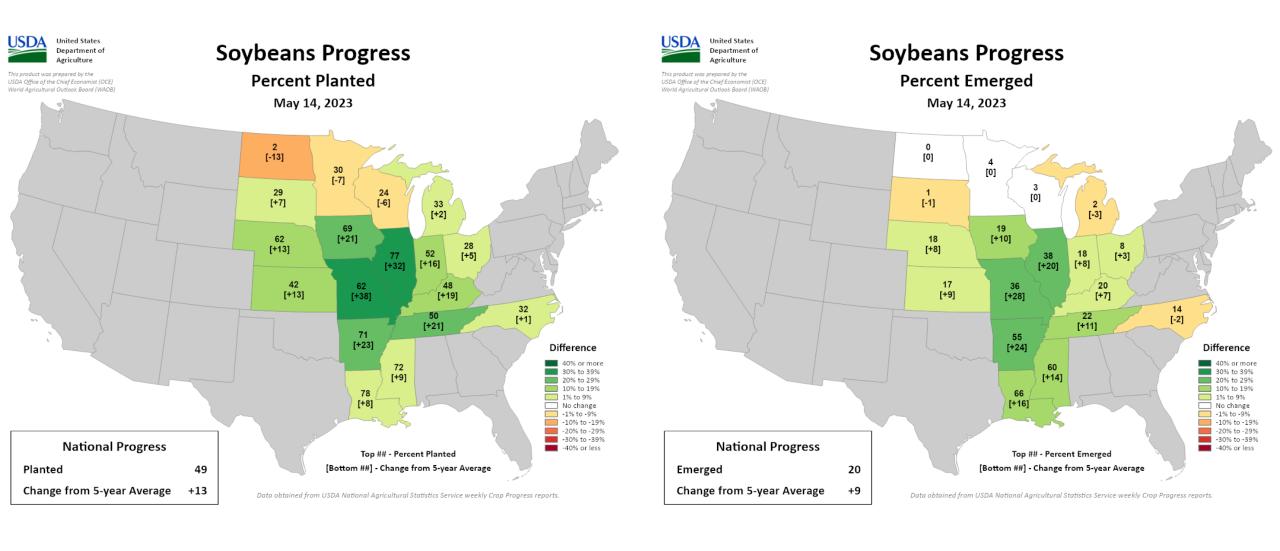
Growing Season Progress

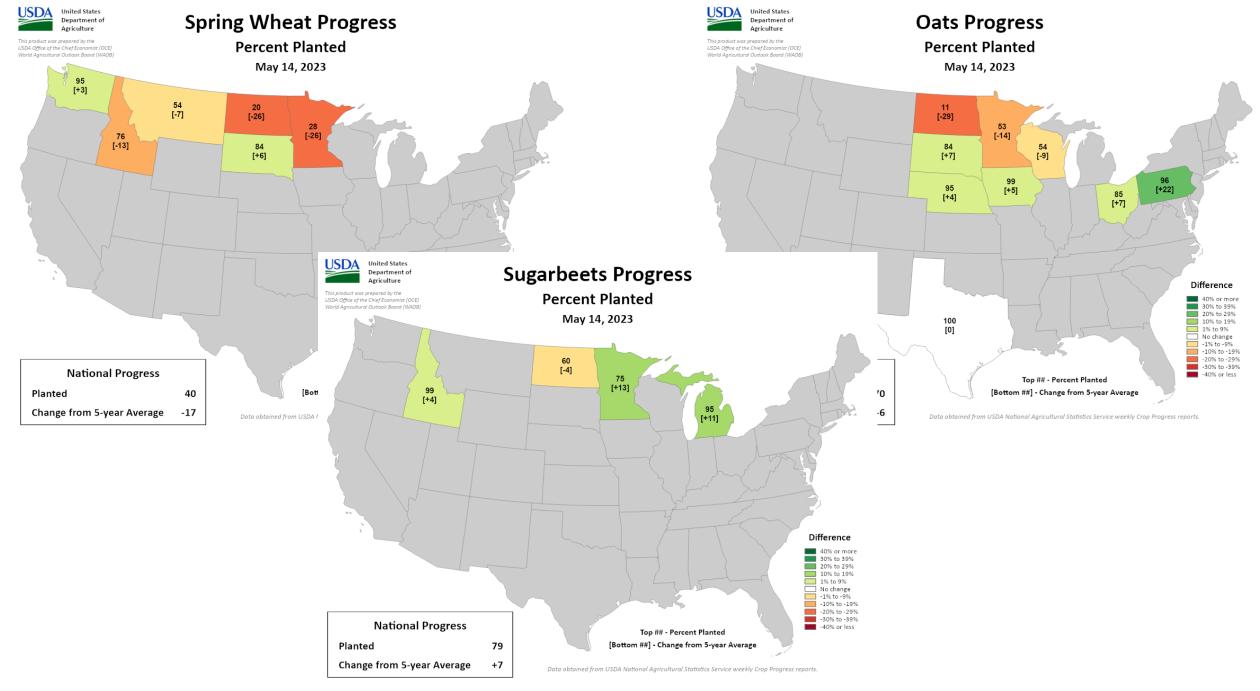


USDA NASS – Corn Progress



USDA NASS – Soybean Progress

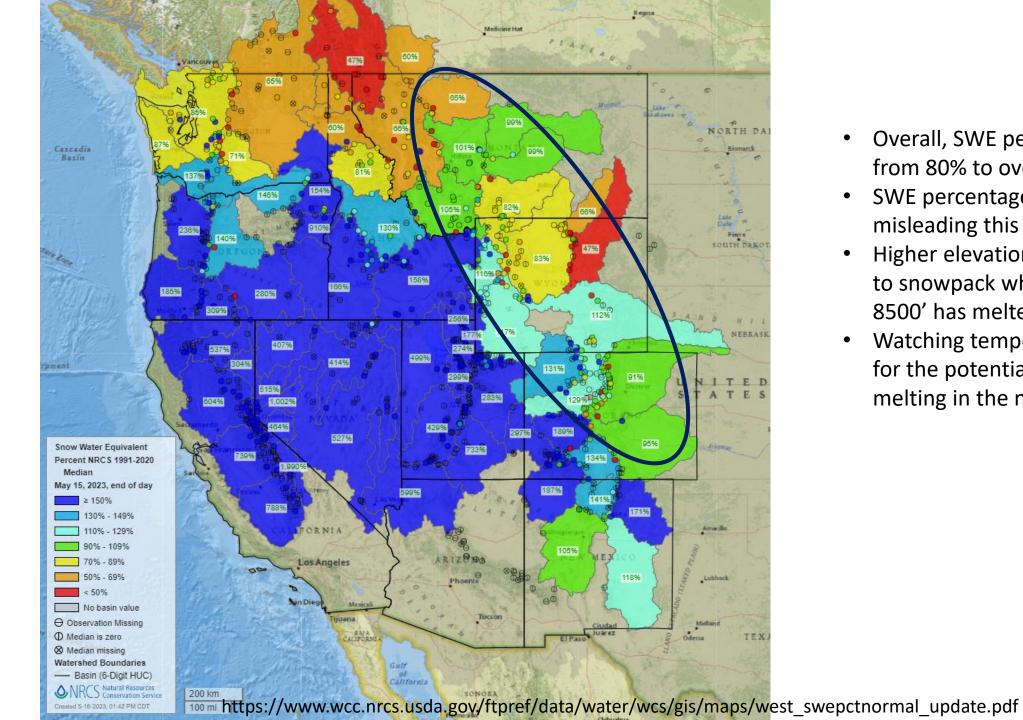




https://agindrought.unl.edu/Other.aspx



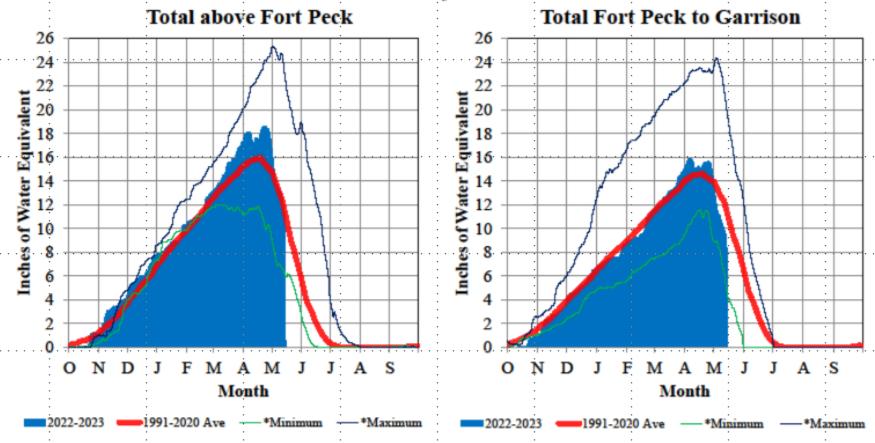
Snow, Fire, Rivers and Lakes



- Overall, SWE percentages range from 80% to over 100%.
- SWE percentages can be misleading this time of year.
- Higher elevations are holding on to snowpack while pack below 8500' has melted.
- Watching temperature outlooks for the potential of high elevation melting in the next few weeks.

Missouri River Basin – Mountain Snowpack Water Content 2022-2023 with comparison plots from recent high and low years

14-May-2023



On May 14, 2023 the mountain Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) in the "Total above Fort Peck" reach is 11.2" and 60% of the annual peak remains. The mountain SWE in the "Fort Peck to Garrison" reach is 9.2" and 58% of the annual peak remains. The normal peak for both reaches occurs near April 17. The "Total above Fort Peck" reach peaked on April 24 at 18.6" SWE and 117% of the normal peak. The "Fort Peck to Garrison" reach peaked on April 6 at 15.9" SWE and 109% of the normal peak.

*Minimum peak SWE between 1991-2020 occurred in 2015 above Fort Peck, and in 2001 between Fort Peck and Garrison.

Maximum peak SWE between 1991-2020 occurred in 2011 above Fort Peck, and in 1997 between Fort Peck and Garrison.

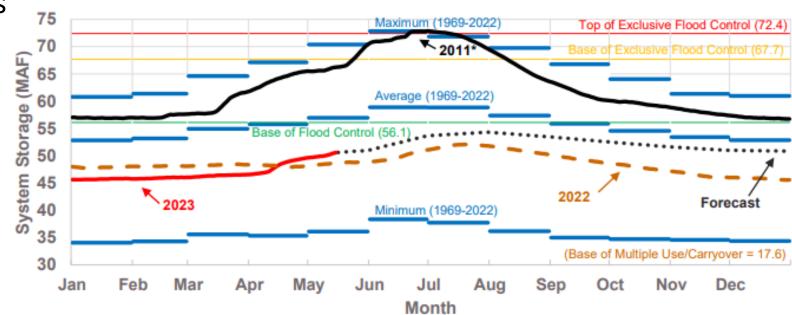
- Plains snowpack has melted in the basin.
- SWE is 11.2" above Fort Peck and 60% of annual peak remains. (normal peak is 17 Apr.)
- SWE is 9.2" and 58% of the annual peak remains
 - Mountain SWE is at 117% of normal above Fort Peck and 109% of normal from Fort Peck to Garrison.

Missouri River System Storage

Missouri Mainstem Reservoir Status (as of 5/16/23):

- During the month of April, the reservoir system gained approximately 3 MAF acre-feet of storage.
- System storage is 50.6 million-acre feet, still below the 1969-2022 average but 0.7 MAF more than last week.
- The Gavins Point release is currently 20,000 cfs and will be adjusted as needed to meet downstream nav. targets

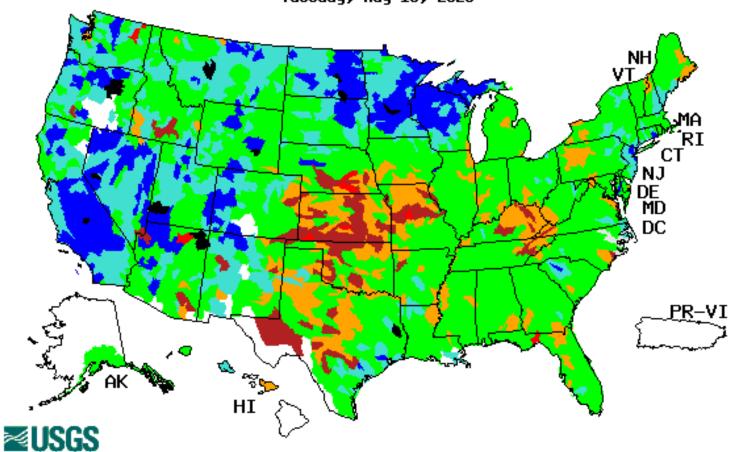
System Storage Comparison



*In January 2011, the Base of Flood Control was 56.8 MAF, and the Top of Exclusive Flood Control was 73.1 MAF

28-day Average Streamflow

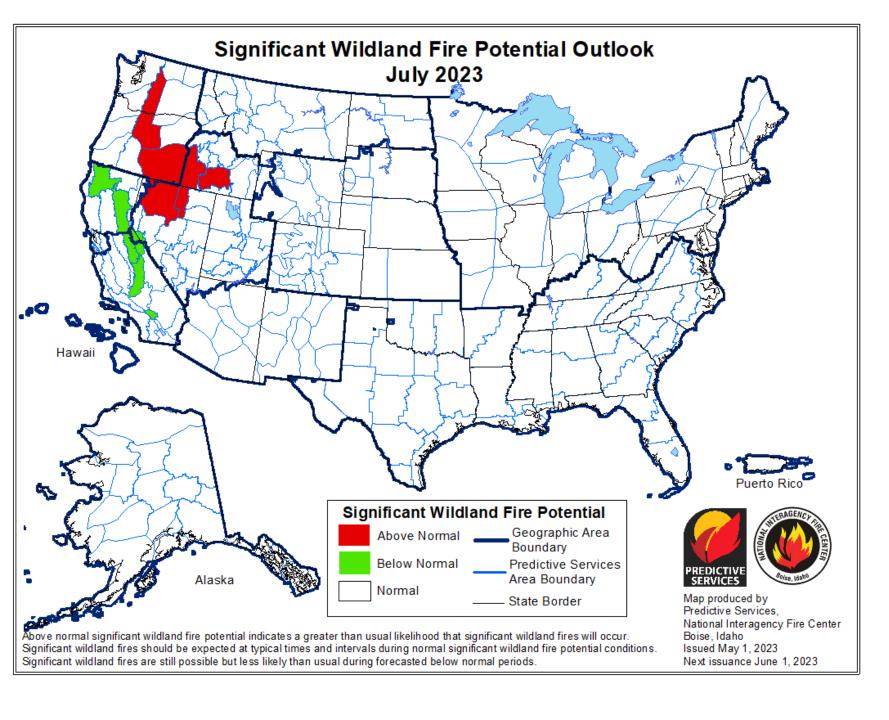




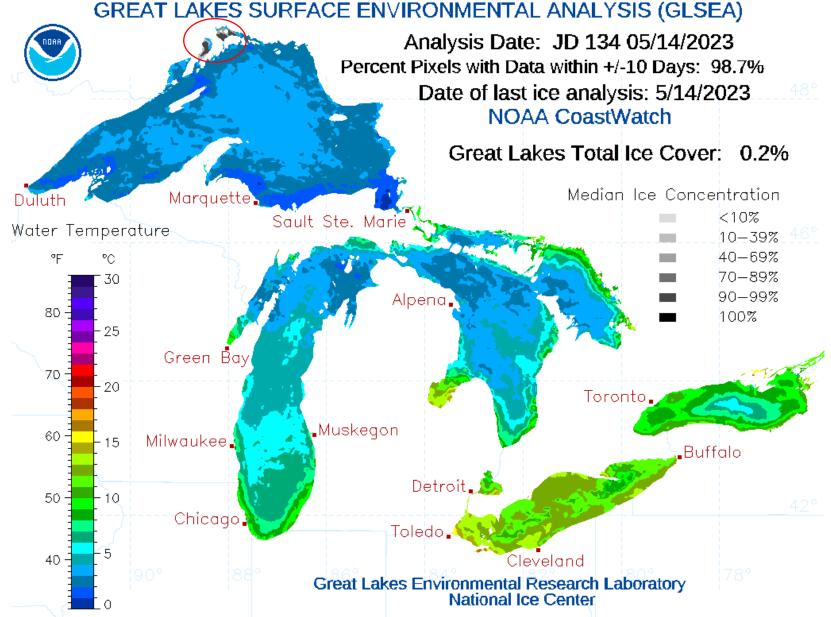
- Above-normal to much abovenormal levels from the UP of MI through the Dakotas and Montana.
- Below to much-below normal northern MO, KS and southern NE.
- Eastern Corn Belt generally nearnormal.

Explanation - Percentile classes										
•		•	•		•	•				
Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	High				
	Much below normal	Below	Normal	Above	Much above					

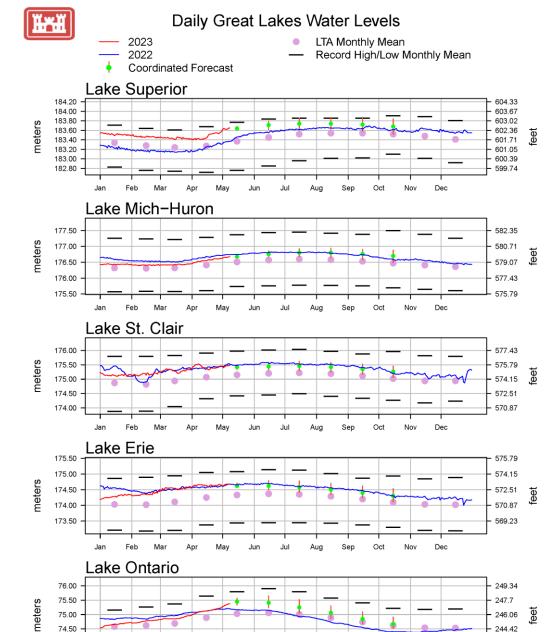
http://waterwatch.usgs.gov/index.php?id=pa07d



- No significant wildland fire potential through the end of May.
- Above-normal potential across portions of the Upper Midwest in June



- Water temperatures are around average for all lakes for this time of year
- □ Ice cover on the lakes has tapered off as expected throughout April and May.
- □ As of May 14th, 0.2% of the lakes are still ice-covered.



LTA and record levels are computed from a period of record of 1918 to 2022 Elevations are referenced to the International Great Lakes Datum (1985) Updated 2023-05-10

244.42

74.50

Great Lakes Water Levels

- Water levels on the lakes are continuing their annual spring rise.
- According to <u>USACE Detroit:</u>
 - · Lakes Michigan, Huron, Erie and St. Clair are close to their May 2022 levels
 - Lakes Superior and Ontario are above their May 2022 levels.
- . All the lakes are above their long-term average May levels.



Rising Mississippi River tests Iowa, Illinois flood barriers

Officials in towns along the river have said they are optimistic they will escape severe flooding this year, thanks to improved flood walls and other prevention measures.

ASSOCIATED PRESS



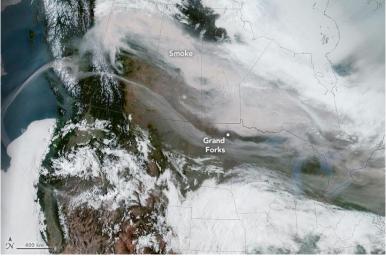


Wollersheim Winery loses almost entire red grape crop due to wildly fluctuating temperatures









Out-of-control wildfires spur evacuations in western Canada

Officials in Alberta said there were 108 active fires in the province and that the number of evacuees grew to about 29,000.

ASSOCIATED PRESS

05/09/2023 06:26 AM EDT

Drought parches America's breadbasket

Farmers in northern Oklahoma and western Kansas are struggling in a long-lasting dry spell that may be a harbinger for severe climate troubles ahead.



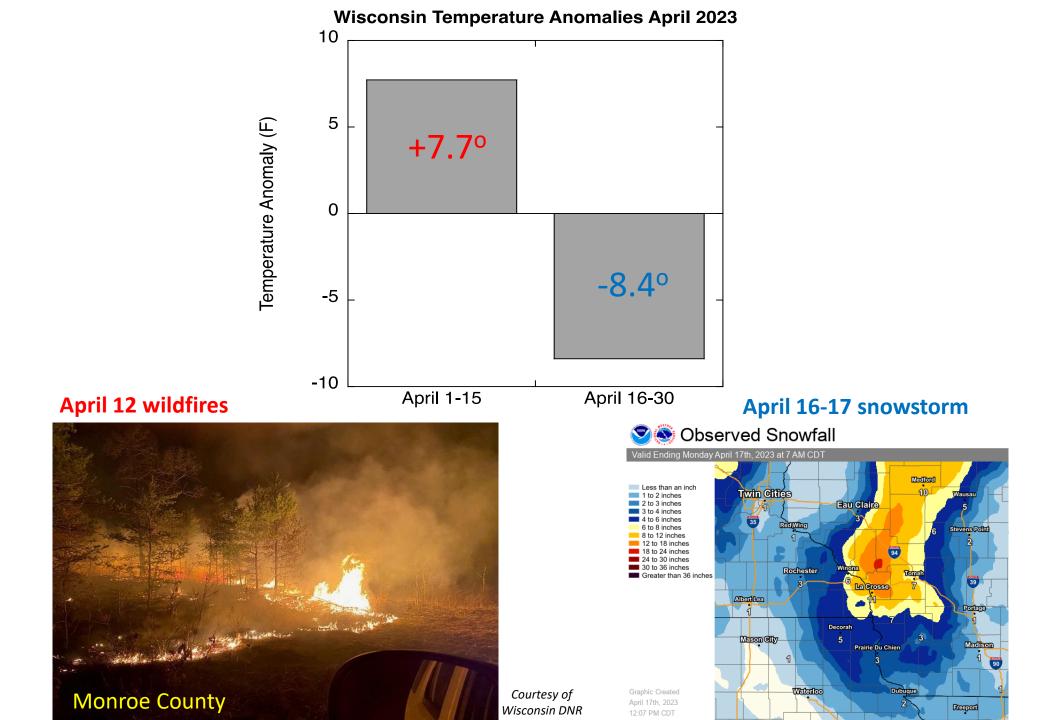
Kansas:

- Some locations in the northwest were on day 288 without more than 0.50" of precip.
- Pastures are in terrible shape and producers low on feed.
- This week was a complete 180, with significant precipitation and flooding.
- "It was a blessing and a curse because it sounds like some fields west of us were destroyed by both hail and wind."

> REUTERS

U.S. PLAINS FARMERS BRACE FOR HISTORICALLY POOR WINTER WHEAT HARVEST

5/8/2023



Quetico Provincial Thunder Bay Superior National Lake Superior Lake Superior Saun Sie Marie e Sault Ste WISCONSIN Lake Michigan Milwaukee Chicago Springfied Esri, HERE, Garman, FAC.

Mississippi River Flooding

Mississippi River Continuing to Recede Updated: May 16, 2023 7:19 PM The river level forecasts are based on current modeled flow in the river and 24 hours of forecasted precipitation.							
DUBUQUE Lock & Dam - DLDI4	16 ft	ACTION	23.03' (P)	4/29	Action Stage 15.0' - 5/17	(2) 23.91' 04/21/2001	(3) 22.32' 07/01/1993
DUBUQUE Railroad - DBQI4	17 ft	MINOR	24.30' (P)	4/29	Flood Stage 17.0' - 5/16	(2) 25.40' 04/21/2001	(3) 23.84' 07/01/1993
BELLEVUE - BLVI4	17 ft	Below Action	21.78' (P)	4/29		(2) 22.58' 04/22/2001	(3) 21.50' 07/01/1993
FULTON - FLTI2	16 ft	ACTION	22.06' (P)	4/30	Action Stage 15.0' - 5/19	(3) 22.17' 07/08/1993	(4) 21.77' 04/30/2019
CAMANCHE - CMMI4	17 ft	MINOR	22.86' (P)	4/30	Flood Stage 17.0' - 5/18	(4) 22.87' 07/07/1993	(5) 22.77' 05/01/2019
LE CLAIRE - LECI4	11 ft	ACTION	16.18' (P)	5/1	Action Stage 10.0' - 5/20	(4) 16.50' 05/02/2019	(5) 14.97' 04/22/2011
ROCK ISLAND - RCKI2	15 ft	MINOR	21.51' (P)	5/1	Flood Stage 15.0' - 5/20	(6) 21.68' 06/01/2019	(7) 21.49' 06/16/2008
ILLINOIS CITY - ILNI2	15 ft	MINOR	21.22' (P)	5/2	Flood Stage 15.0' - 5/17	(7) 22.23' 07/05/2014	(8) 20.83' 04/10/2019
MUSCATINE - MUSI4	16 ft	MINOR	22.31' (P)	5/2	Flood Stage 16.0' - 5/20	(7) 23.50' 04/25/2001	(8) 21.95' 04/10/2019
NEW BOSTON - NBOI2	15 ft	MINOR	20.85' (P)	5/3	Flood Stage 15' - 5/20	(13) 20.96' 04/24/2011	(14) 19.76' 04/26/1969
KEITHSBURG - KHBI2	14 ft	MINOR	19.12' (P)	5/3	Flood Stage 14' - 5/22	(12) 19.17' 04/10/2019 (P)	(13) 19.10' 04/25/1993
GLADSTONE - GLDI2	10 ft	MINOR	15.93' (P)	5/4	Action Stage 12.0' - Late May	(12) 16.06' 04/24/2011	(13) 14.72' 10/06/1986
BURLINGTON - BRLI4	15 ft	MODERATE	20.00' (P)	5/4	Moderate Stage 16.5' - 5/17	(14) 20.24' 04/24/2011	(15) 19.92' 07/03/2013
KEOKUK - EOKI4	16 ft	Below Action	17.71' (P)	5/5		NA	NA
GREGORY LANDING - GGYM7	15 ft	ACTION	18.79' (P)	5/5	Action Stage 14.0' - Late May	NA	NA

★ (P) = Preliminary / Uncertified Crests for all Mississippi River sites



National Weather Service Quad Cities, IA/IL



State Impacts

- Row crop planting generally ahead of the fiveyear average with some states lagging.
- Dry fall and active winter impacting winter wheat quality in KS, SD.
- Wisconsin: Wettest YTD start on record.
- Six consecutive months of statewide belownormal temperatures in CO and unseasonably wet conditions in WI
- An observed 98-mph thunderstorm wind gust in Colorado on May 5^{th.}
- Freeze damage at IL peach orchards could produce a 60-75% loss.
- Scarce fertilizer availability in SD dues to halted barge traffic from Mississippi flooding.
- Hail damage to high tunnels and alfalfa stands across southern Iowa after multiple waves of severe thunderstorms

May 1st I-55 Dust Storm in Illinois:

- Multiple crashes occurred on I-55 near the Sangamon/Montgomery County line due to blowing dust reducing visibility to near zero
- Illinois State Police reported:
 - 72 vehicles involved on both sides of the interstate between mile markers 76 and 78.
 - There were eight fatalities, and 37 people were injured.



- Westerly to northwesterly winds (45 to 55+ mph) generated by a stalled low-pressure system over the Great Lakes were nearly perpendicular to a major highway (I-55).
- Those high winds crossed agricultural fields before reaching I-55, leading to a narrow streamer of blowing dust and abrupt reductions in visibility.
- Topsoil was primed to be lofted into the air by short-term dryness April rainfall in the area totaled about 2 inches, roughly half of normal.
- Fields were tilled for planting or had just been planted, leaving topsoil exposed (until a crop canopy forms in a few weeks). By April 30, corn planting was 40% complete in Illinoi;, soybeans were 39% planted.

Seve

- 2328
 April
- Sever acros regio
- Wide
 - 4th
 - 15
 - 19



Marion, IA (Rebecca Kopelman)



Davenport, IA (Maureen Murray)



Muscatine, IA (Brenda Papendorf)



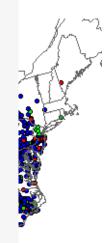
Colona, IL Tornado Damage (NWS Survey)



Colona, IL Tornado Damage (NWS Survey)



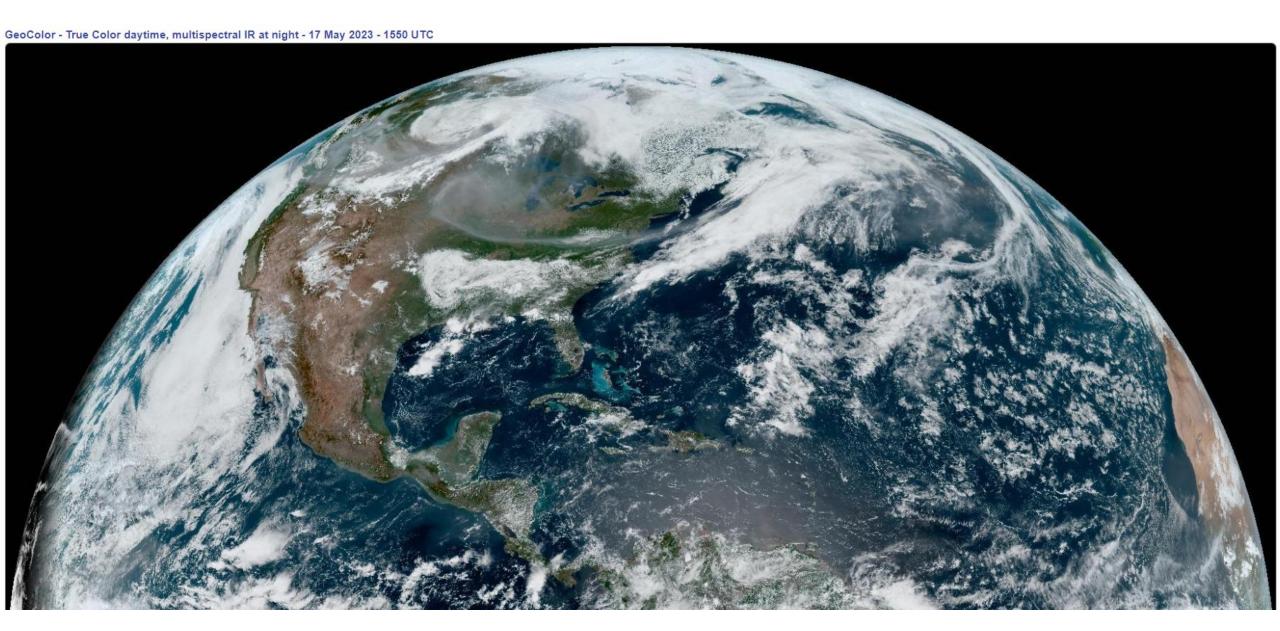
Colona, IL Tornado Damage (NWS Survey)



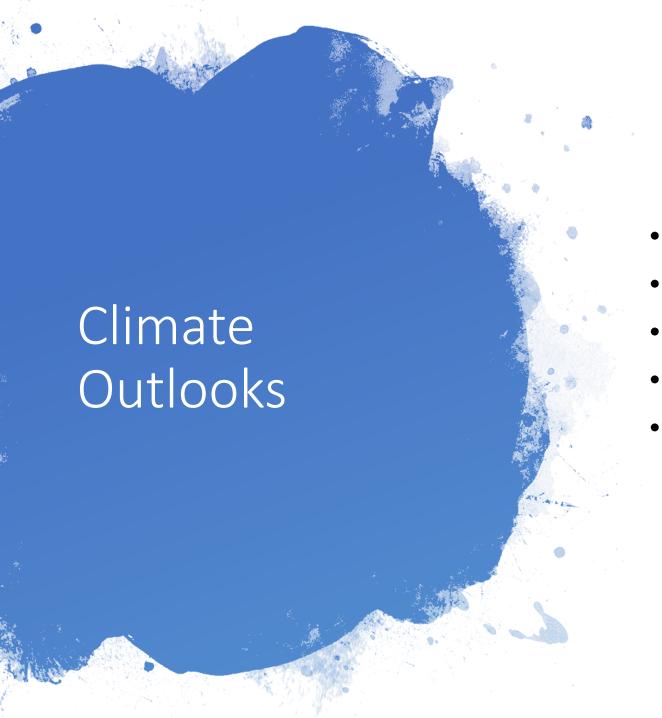
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	3 08:54 CT 2023 08:54 CT					



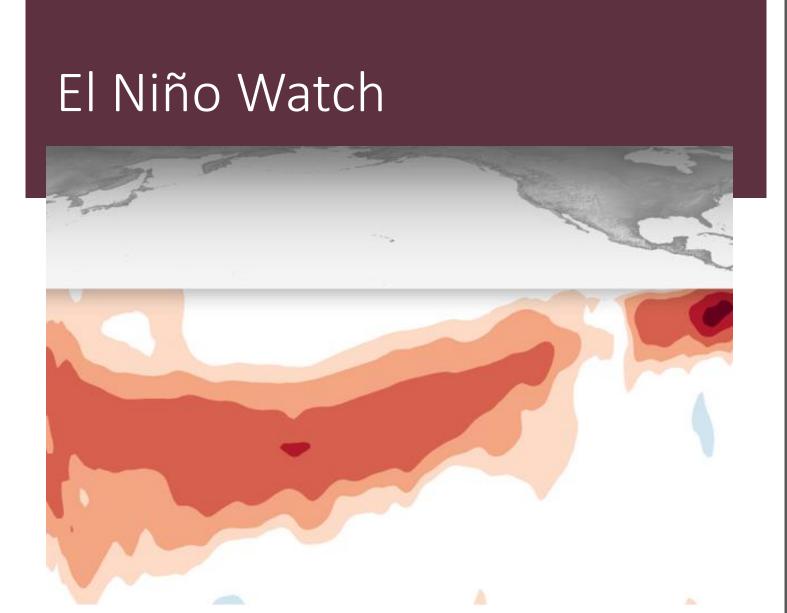




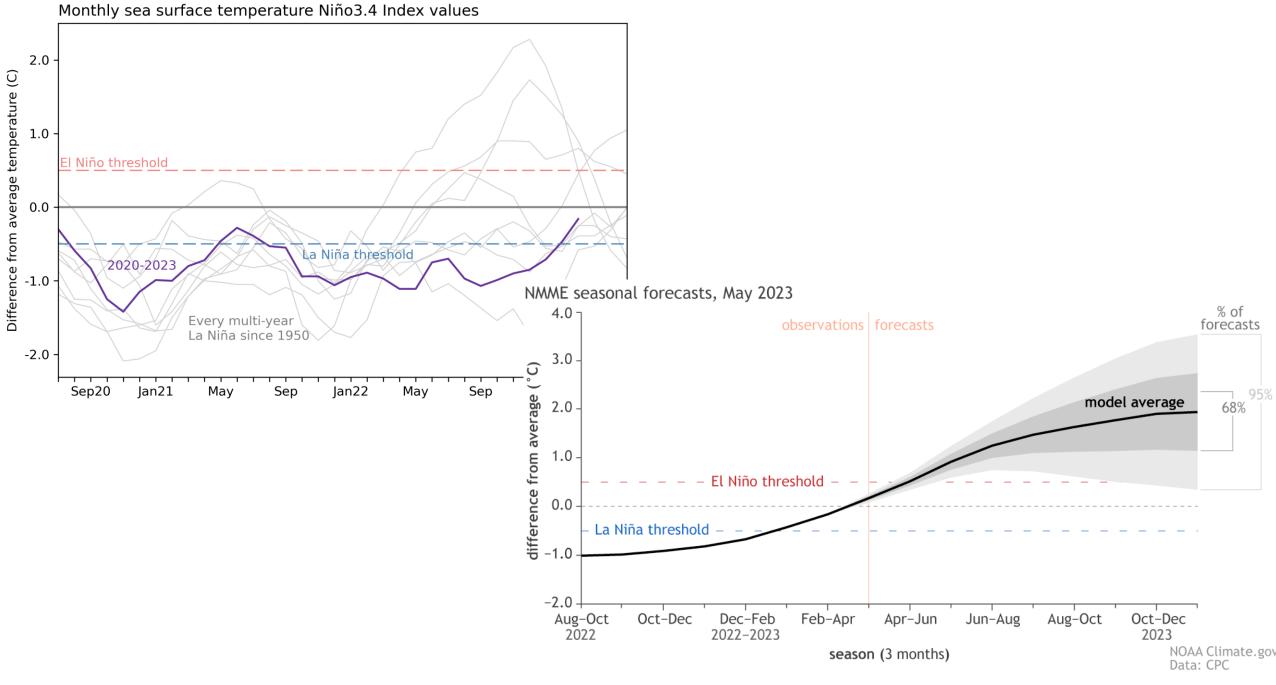
https://www.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/GOES/fulldisk_band



- ENSO-neutral => El Nino
- 7-day Precipitation Forecast
- 8 14 day Outlook
- May/Initial June Outlooks
- JJA temperature and precipitation



- Currently holding in ENSO-neutral after three consecutive years of La Niña.
- SSTs trending warmer though oceanic-atmospheric coupling has not occurred.
- A transition to El Niño is expected in late spring/early summer and continue across the Northern Hemisphere winter.



https://www.climate.gov/media/15179

ENSO Probabilities

Official NOAA CPC ENSO Probabilities (issued May 2023)

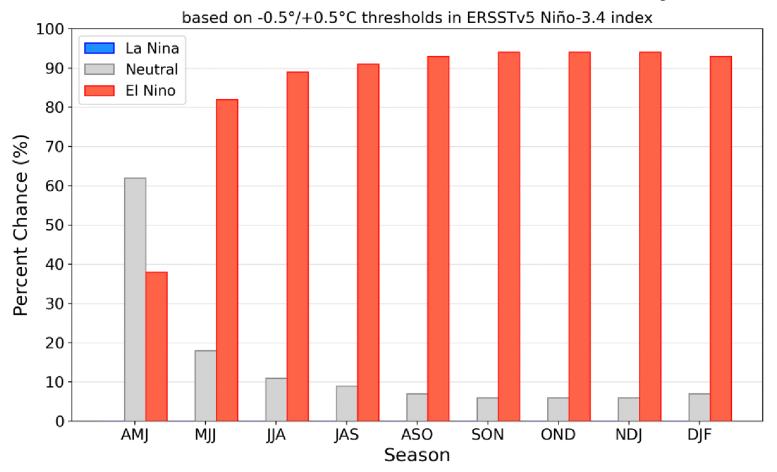
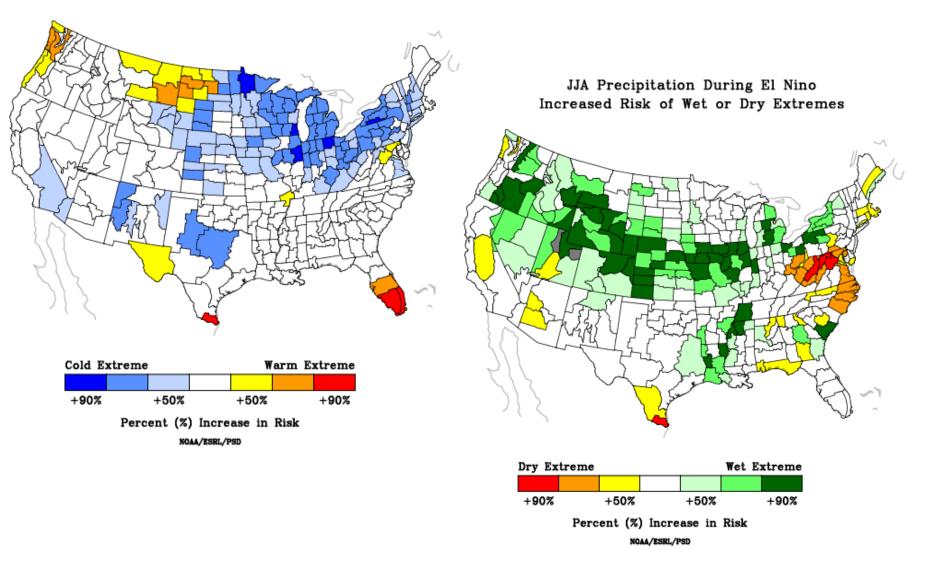


Figure 7. Official ENSO probabilities for the Niño 3.4 sea surface temperature index (5°N-5°S, 120°W-170°W). Figure updated 11 May 2023.

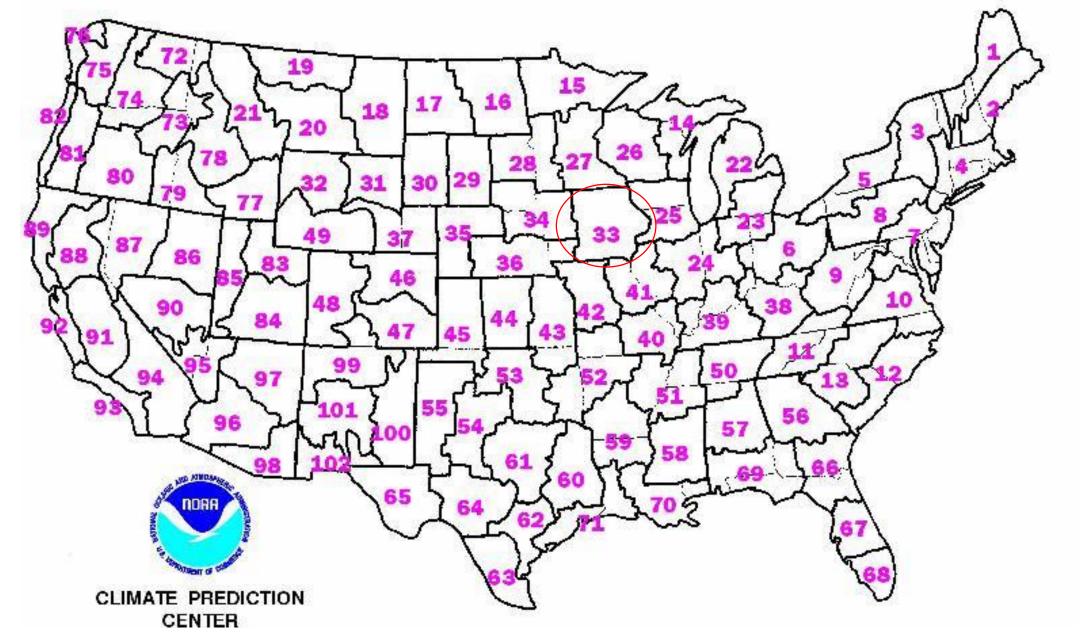
https://iri.columbia.edu/our-expertise/climate/forecasts/enso/current/?enso_tab=enso-cpc_plume

Risk of ENSO-Related Seasonal Climate Extremes

JJA Temperature During El Nino Increased Risk of Warm or Cold Extremes



- Important to note plots these are composites of years in which EN has been present in JJA.
- These are not forecasts but rather an average of past behavior and the percent increase in risk.
- Overall, the general behavior across much of the region is cooler and not as dry as the La Nina phase.



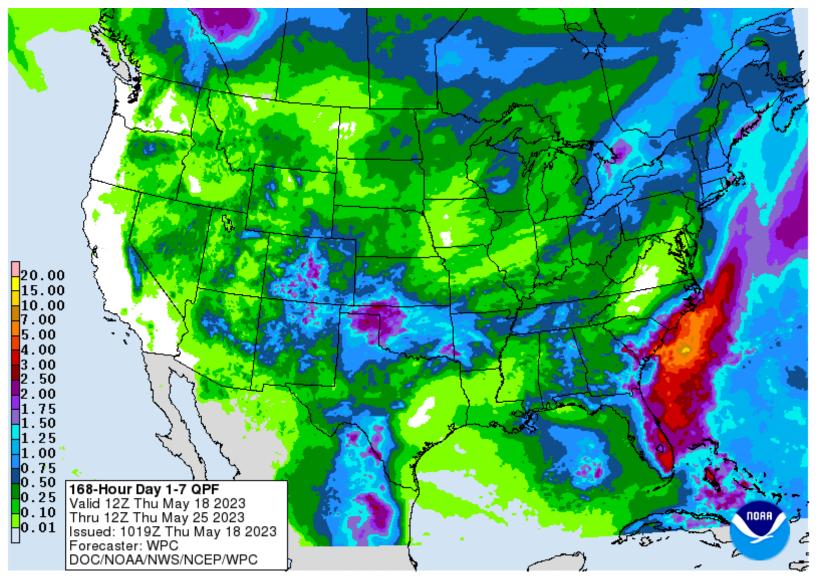
https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/precip/CWlink/ENSO/box_whiskers/index.php

5/18/2023 47

JJA Temperature Distribution for Climate Div. #033 JJA Precipitation Distribution for Climate Div. #033 20 74 18 73 Precipitation (inches) Temperature (°F) 72 **70 69** 10 68 La Nina La Nina El Nino Neutral El Nino Neutral

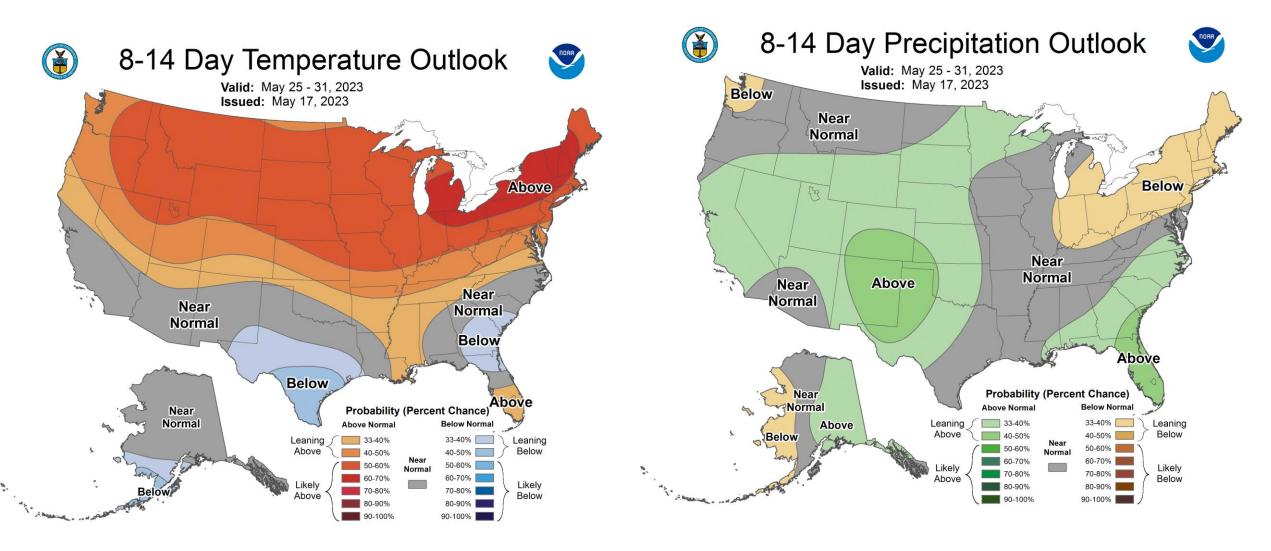
7-day Cumulative Precipitation Forecast

Valid: May 18 - 25



https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/qpf/day1-7.shtml

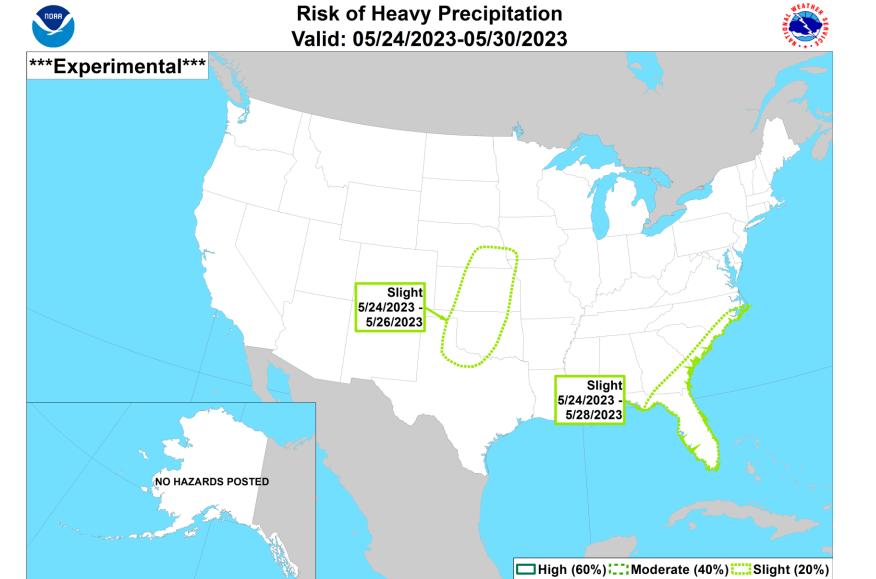
8-14 Day Outlooks (Valid May 25 - 31)



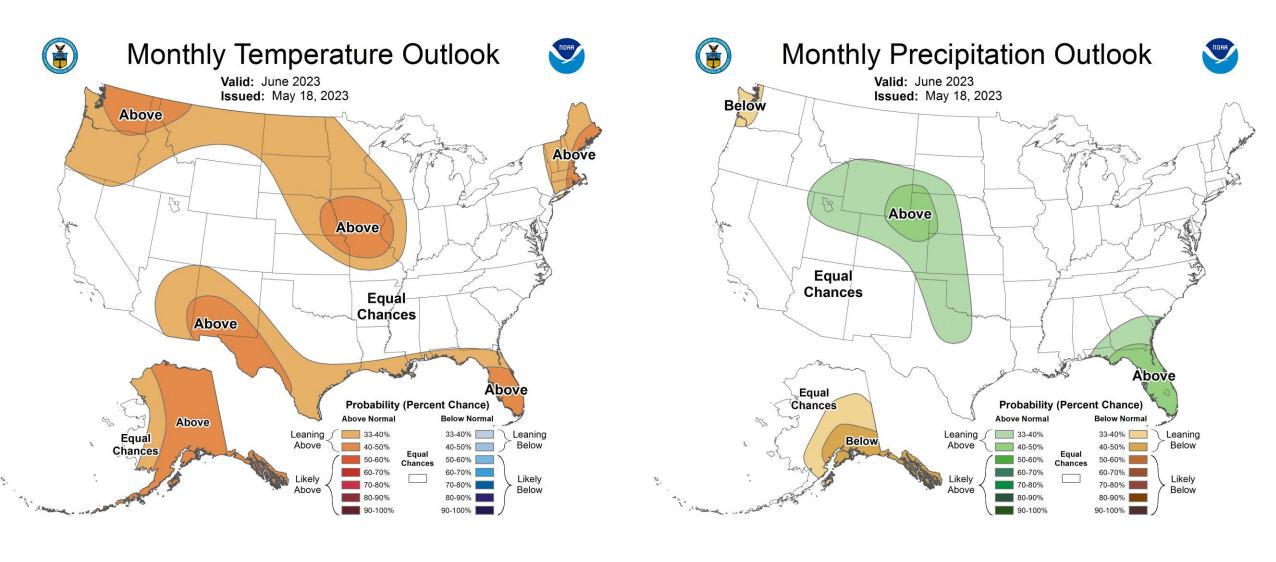
Temperature

Precipitation

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/predictions/814day/



Initial June Outlooks

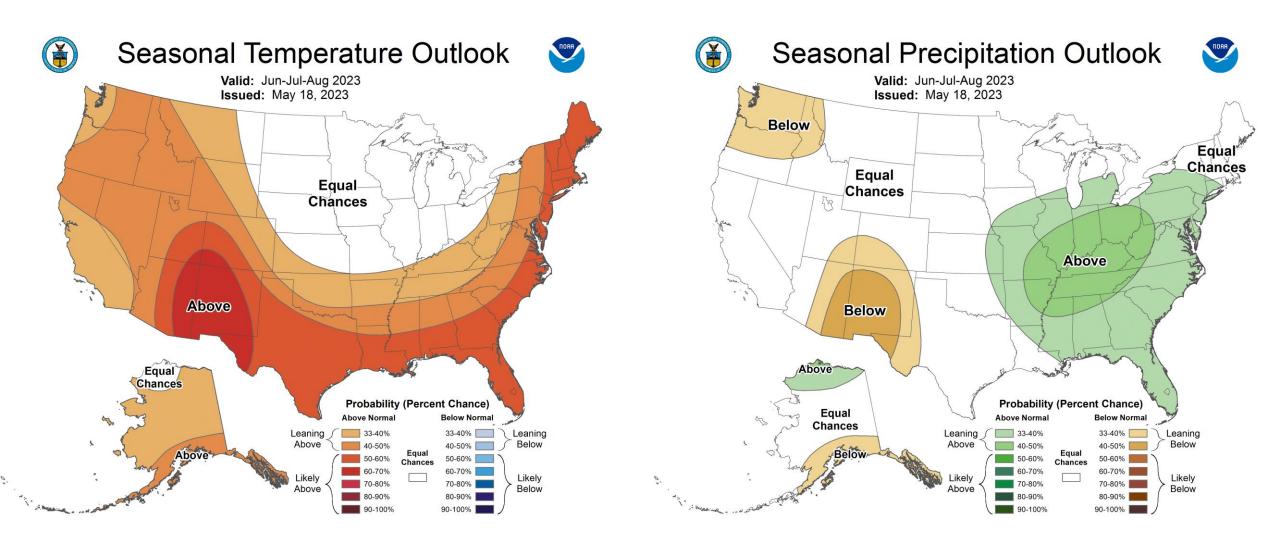


Temperature

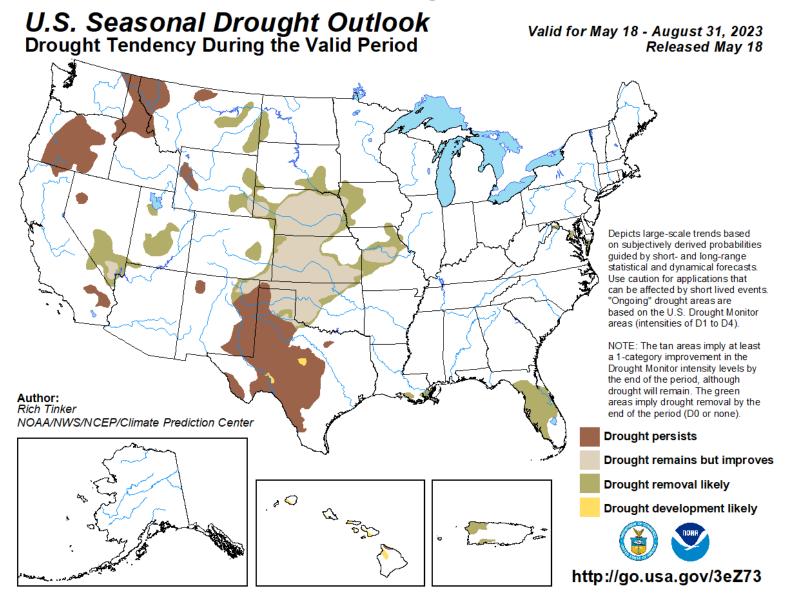
Precipitation

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/predictions/long_range/lead14/

June-July-August Outlooks



Seasonal Drought Outlook



http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/expert_assessment/season_drought.png

Outlook Summary

- Short-term outlooks showing high probabilities of warmer temperatures for most of CONUS and wetter to near-normal precip. potential.
- Seasonal temperature outlooks not a clear-cut across western portions of the region with the potential for warmer/wetter pattern east.
- Drought conditions region wide look to improve.
- ENSO-neutral conditions currently with a high probability of an El Niño transition in late spring and early summer
 - Analog years show summer conditions generally cooler and not as dry as La Niña.
 - Mesoscale or thunderstorm-driven weather patterns hard to pin down compared to El Niño impacts on CONUS weather during winter.
- Drought improvement across the Upper Midwest through central and western Corn Belt.

Further Information - Partners

- Today's and Past Recorded Presentations and :
 - https://mrcc.purdue.edu/multimedia/webinars.jsp
 - https://hprcc.unl.edu/webinars.php
- NOAA's National Climatic Data Center: www.ncdc.noaa.gov
 - ➤ Monthly climate reports (U.S. & Global): <u>www.ncdc.noaa.gov/sotc/</u>
- NOAA's Climate Prediction Center: <u>www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov</u>
- Climate Portal: <u>www.climate.gov</u>
- U.S. Drought Portal: <u>www.drought.gov</u>
- National Drought Mitigation Center: http://drought.unl.edu/
- USDA Climate Hubs https://www.climatehubs.usda.gov/
- State climatologists
 - http://www.stateclimate.org
- Regional climate centers
 - http://mrcc.purdue.edu
 - http://www.hprcc.unl.edu

Thank You and Questions?

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