

North Central Climate & Drought Outlook

June 16, 2022

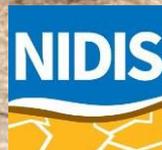
Photo-Courtesy of the National Park Service

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Indiana State Climate Office
Purdue University & Extension



United States Department of Agriculture
Midwest Climate Hub

Providing climate services to the North Central US

Collaboration Activity Among:

NOAA NCEI/NWS/OAR/NIDIS

USDA Climate Hubs

American Association of State Climatologists

Midwest and High Plains Regional Climate Centers

National Drought Mitigation Center

Next Regular Climate/Drought Outlook Webinar

July 21(1 PM CDT) Pete Boulay – Minnesota Assistant State Climatologist

Access to Archived Webinars and Information

Drought.gov: <http://www.drought.gov/drought/content/regional-programs/regional-drought-webinars>

MRCC: <https://mrcc.purdue.edu/multimedia/webinars.jsp>

HPRCC: <http://www.hprcc.unl.edu/webinars.php>

Open for questions at the end (Enter them along the way)

Recent Climate Conditions

Recent Events

Impacts: Extreme events, hydrological, agricultural

Outlooks: Short-term, July, and summer /
early fall updates; La Niña?



Photo Courtesy of Hans Schmitz
– Purdue Extension/CCSI

RECENT CLIMATE CONDITIONS



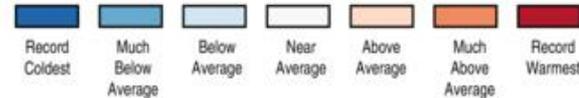
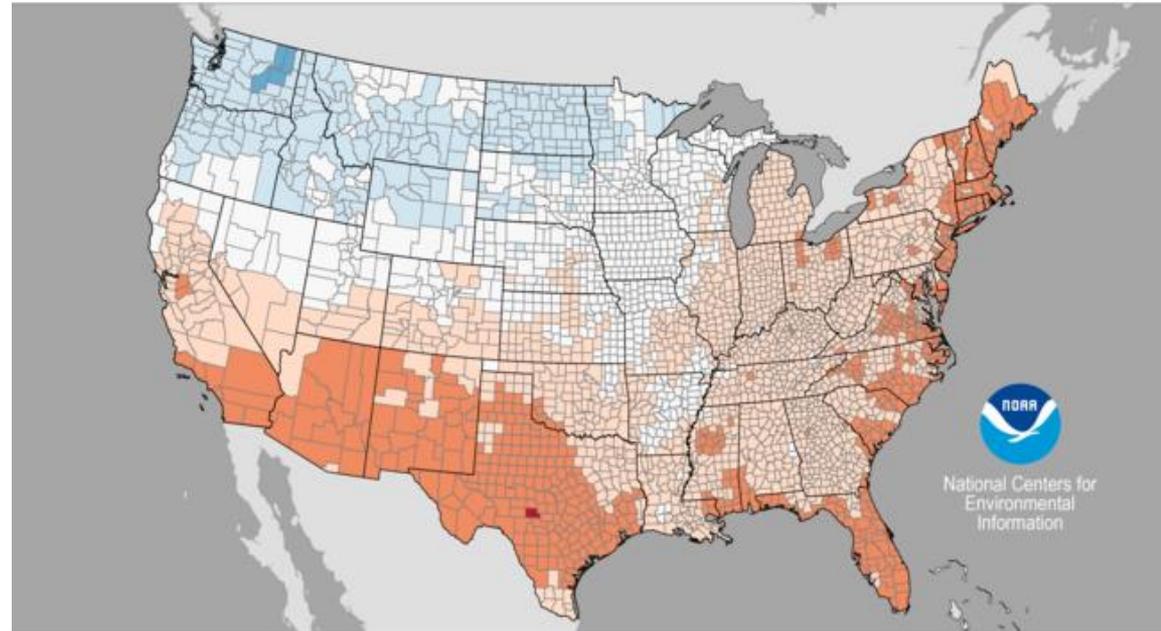
March-May Temperature Recap

- *Below average across the far north*
- *Average for much of the North Central Region*
- *Above Average east*

County Average Temperature Ranks

March-May 2022

Period: 1895-2022



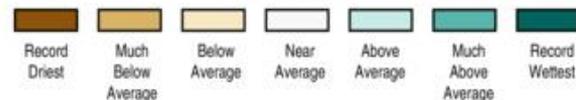
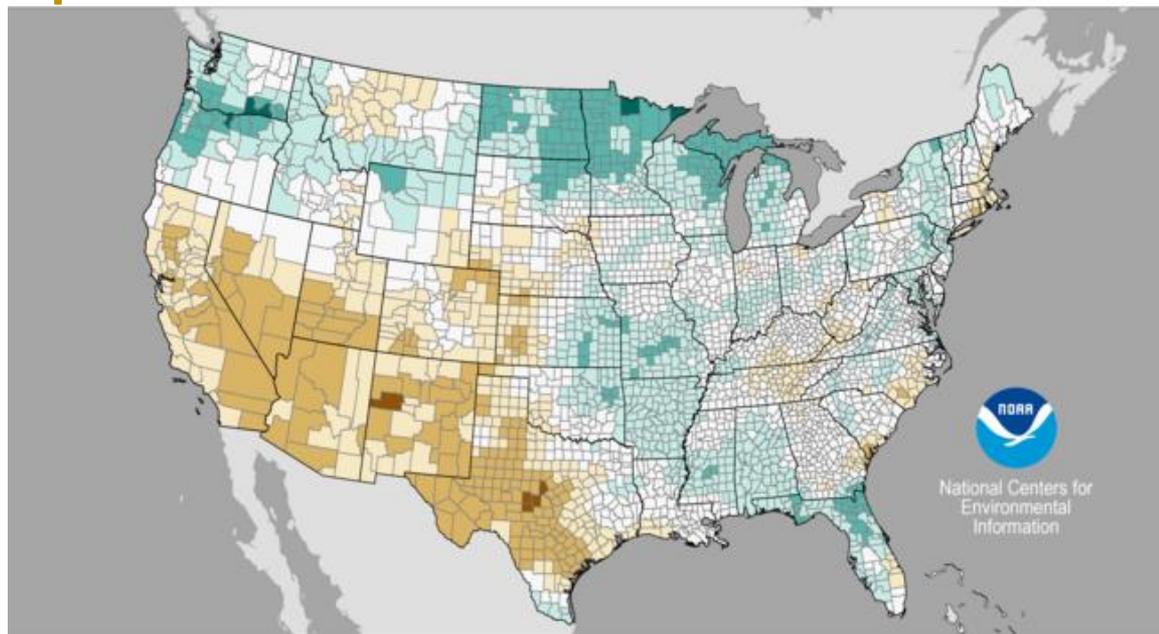
Tue Jun 07 2022

Data Source: nClimGrid

March-May Precipitation Recap

- *Very wet – northern states*
 - *Top 5: MN, ND*
- *Normal/wet elsewhere*

County Precipitation Ranks
March–May 2022
Period: 1895–2022



Tue Jun 07 2022

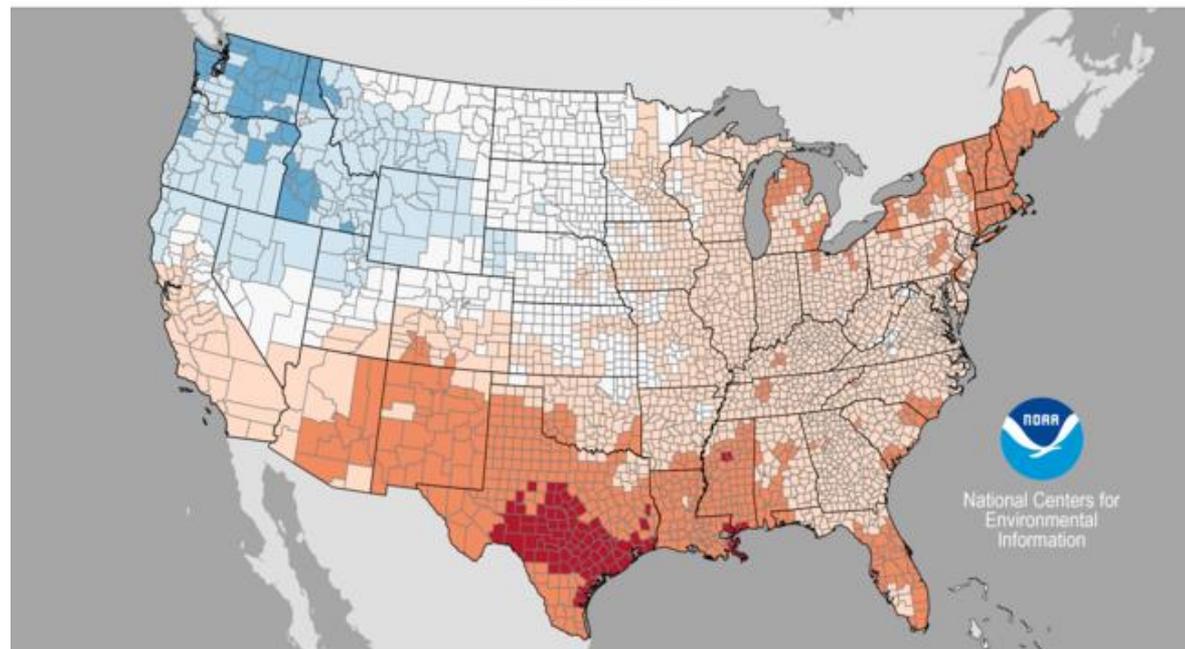
Data Source: nClimGrid

May Temperature Recap

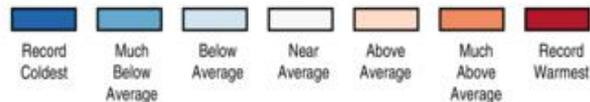
County Average Temperature Ranks

May 2022

Period: 1895-2022



National Centers for
Environmental
Information



Tue Jun 07 2022

Data Source: nClimGrid

Source: <http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/us-maps/>

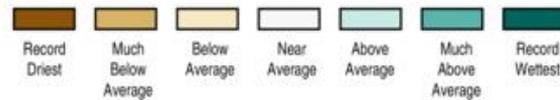
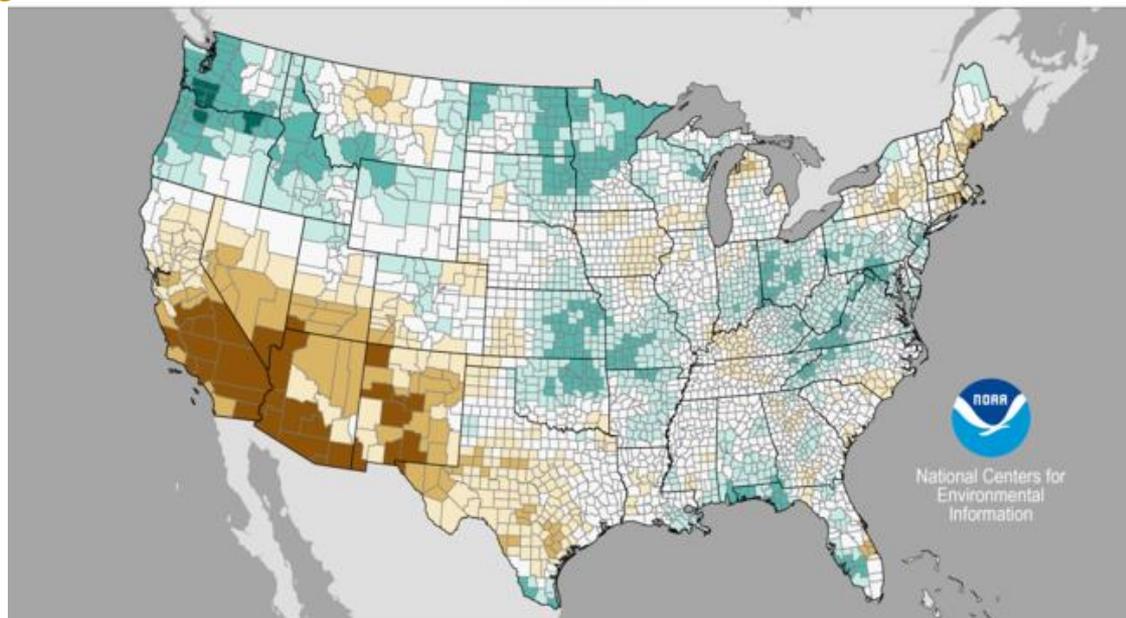
May Precipitation Recap

- *Mixed coverage*
- *Near normal / slightly above normal*
- *No extreme, record May*

County Precipitation Ranks

May 2022

Period: 1895–2022



Tue Jun 07 2022

Data Source: nClimGrid

May 17, 2022 – June 16, 2022

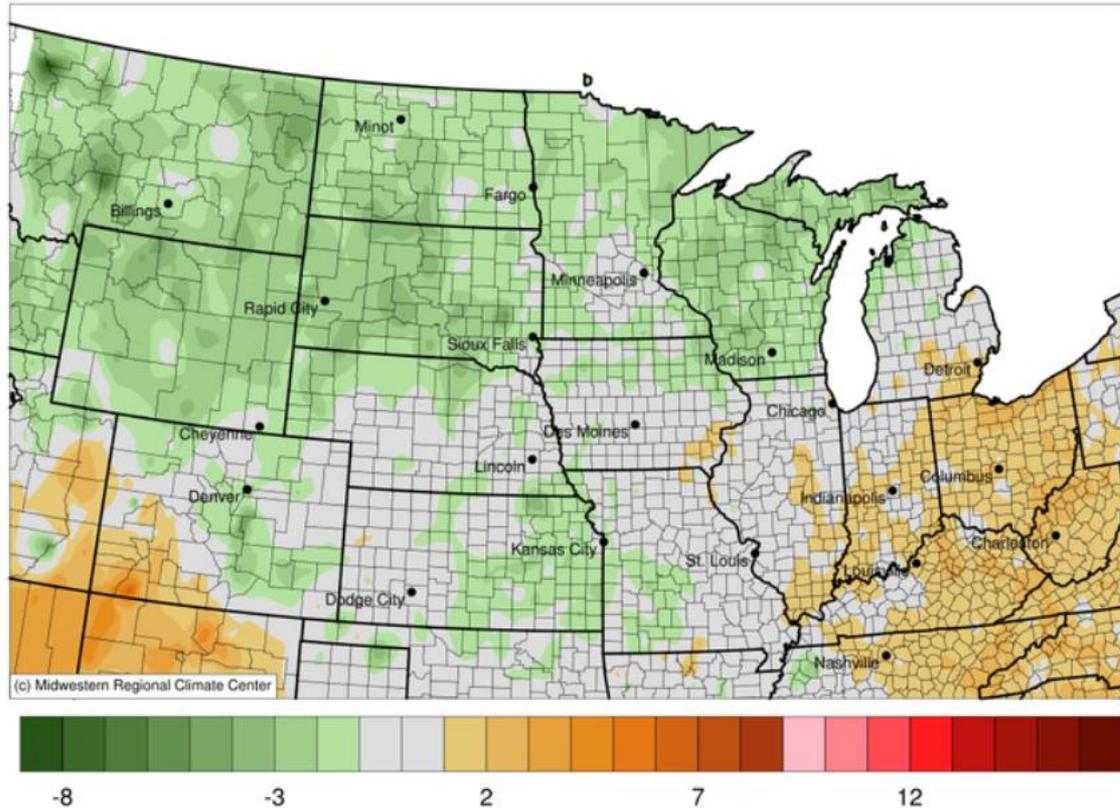
Temperature departures (F) from average

Last 30 Days: Temperature

Cooler – north, northwest

Slightly warmer – eastern

Generally normal elsewhere

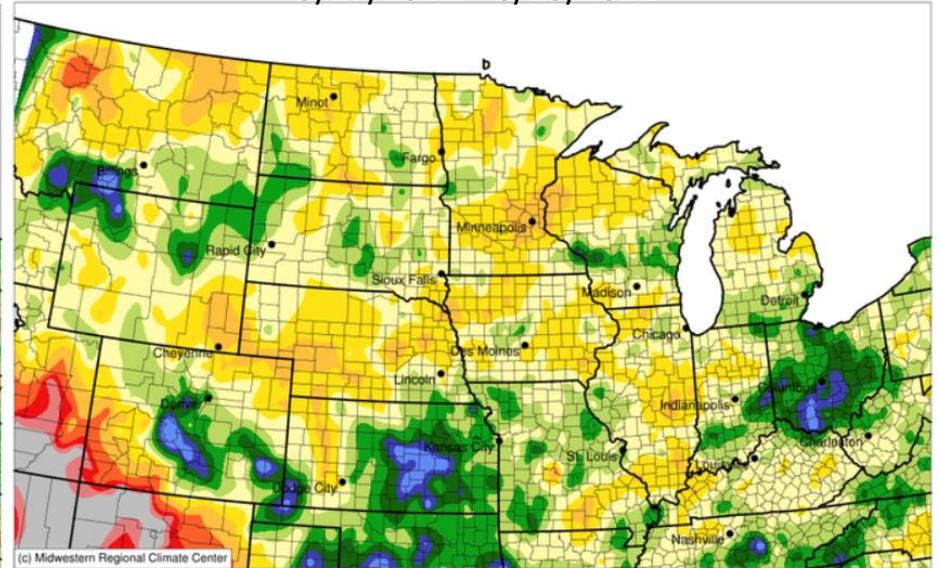
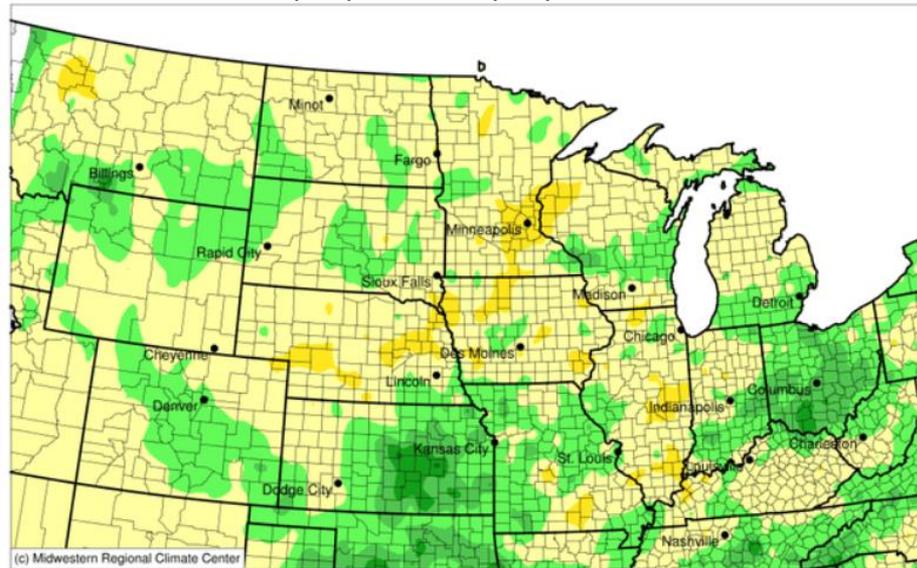


Last 30 Days: Precipitation

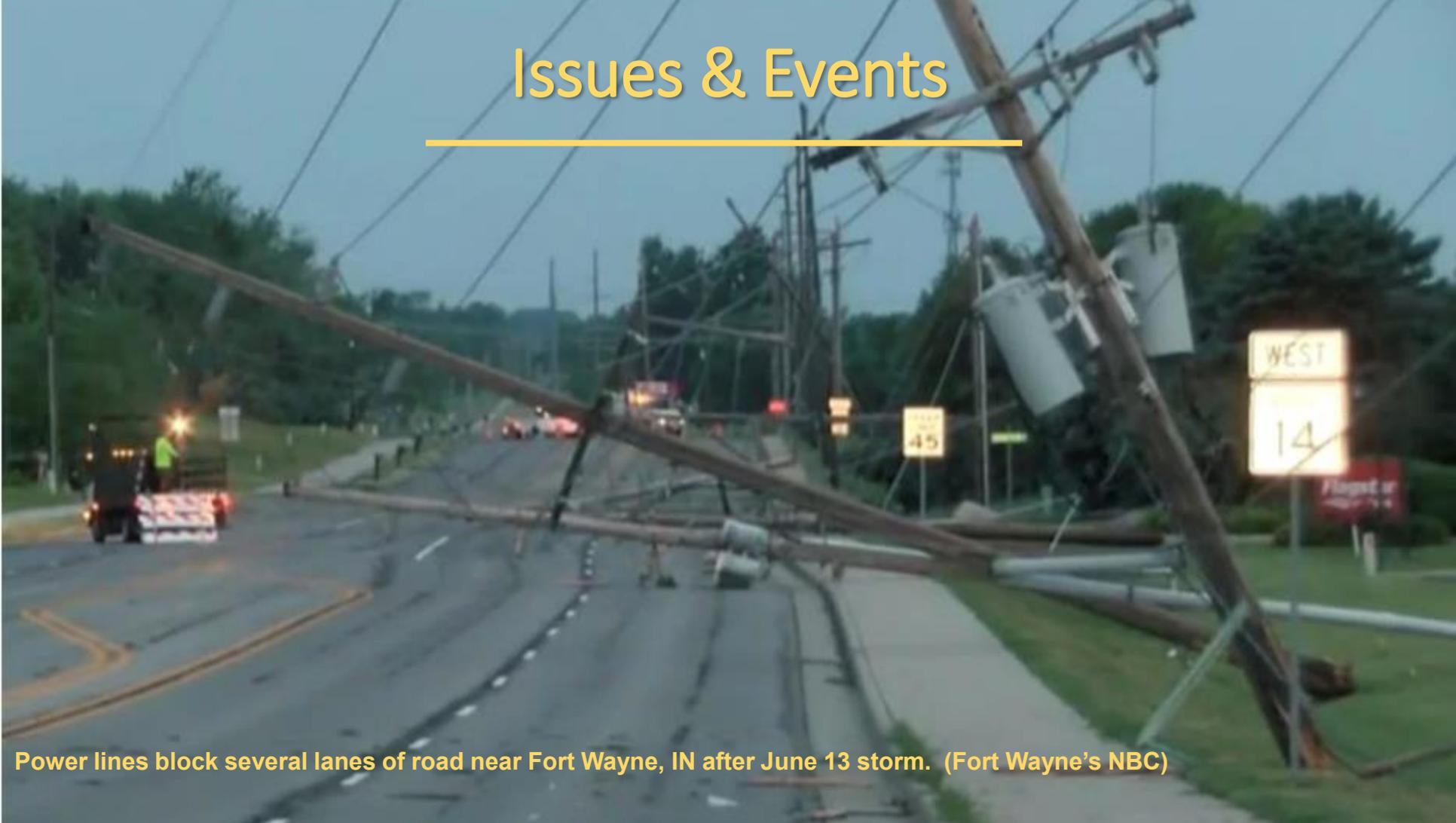
- Heavier rainfall – OH, east KS
- Drier pockets – NE, IA, IL, MN, north WI
 - Beneficial – ND, MN
 - Not helpful - NE

Precipitation Departure from Normal
5/17/2022 – 6/15/2022

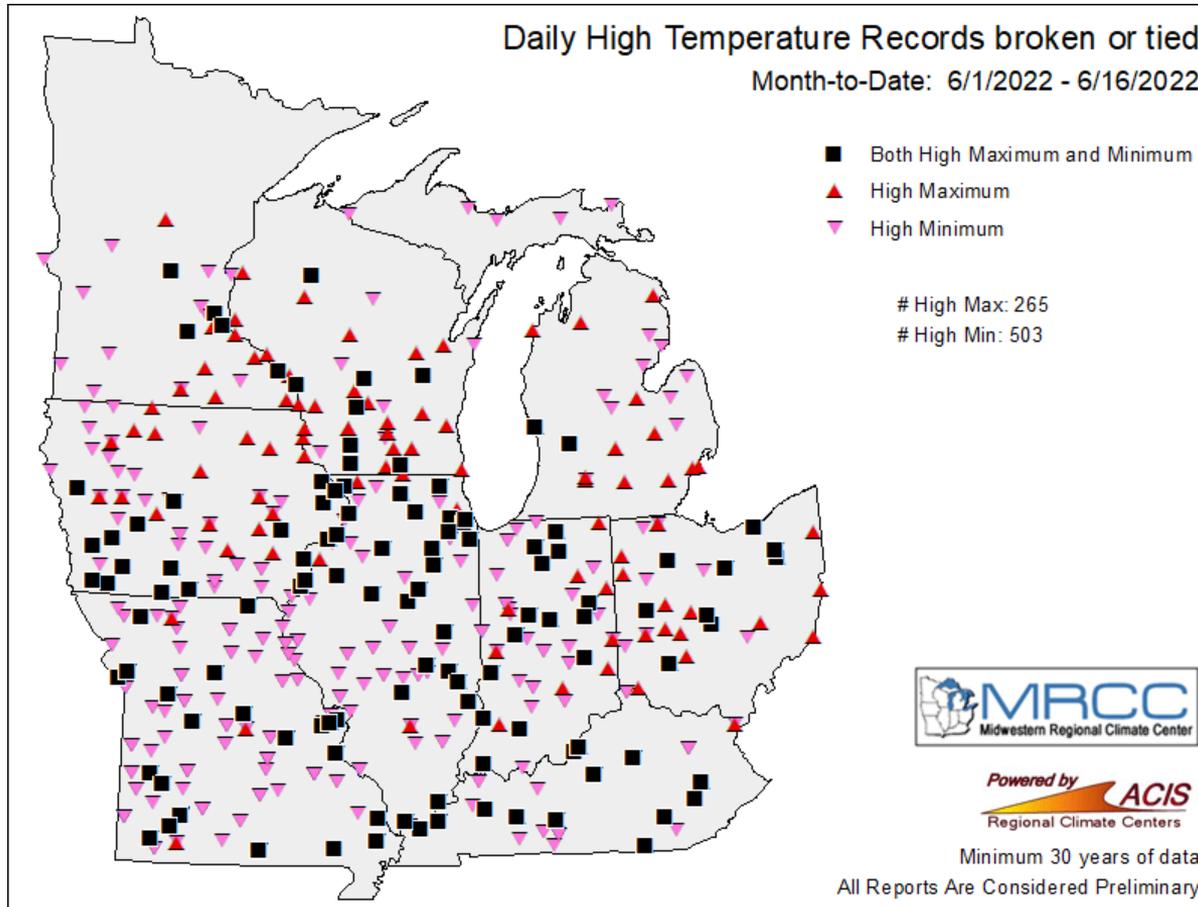
Precipitation Percent of Normal
5/17/2022 – 6/15/2022



Issues & Events

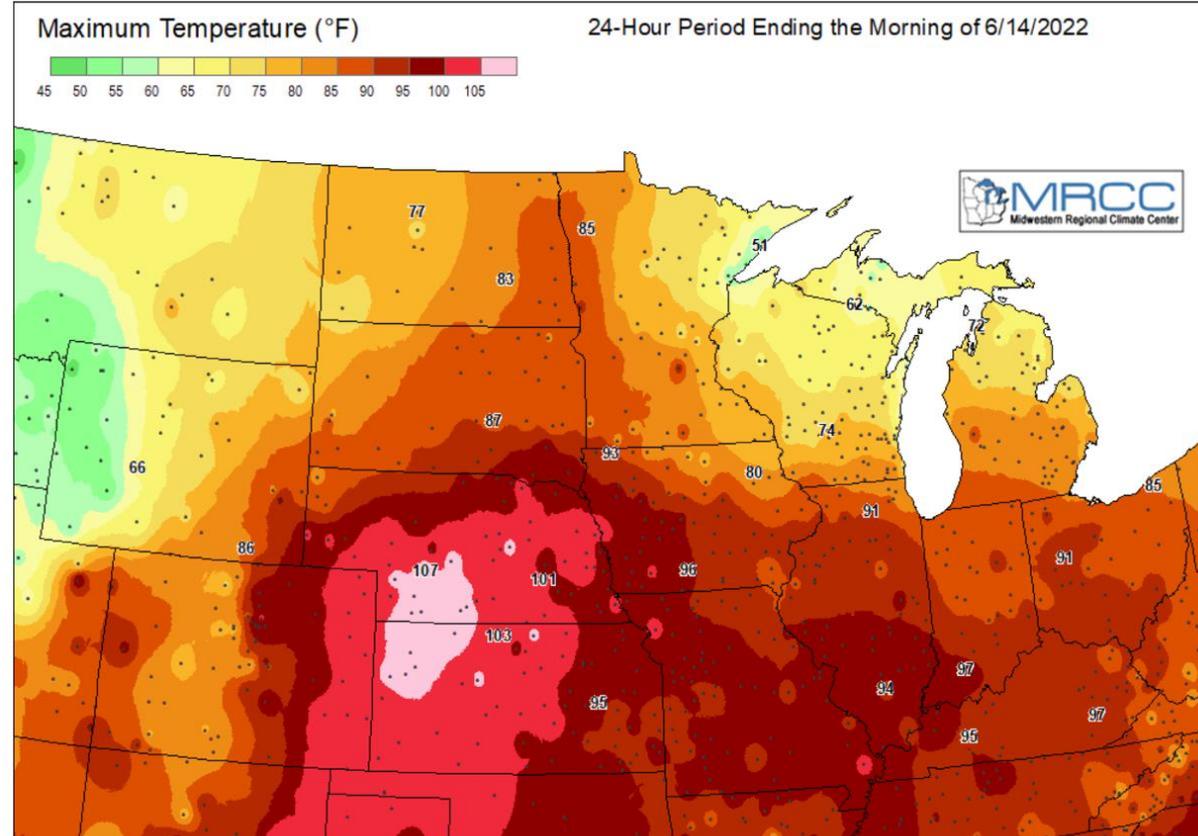


Power lines block several lanes of road near Fort Wayne, IN after June 13 storm. (Fort Wayne's NBC)

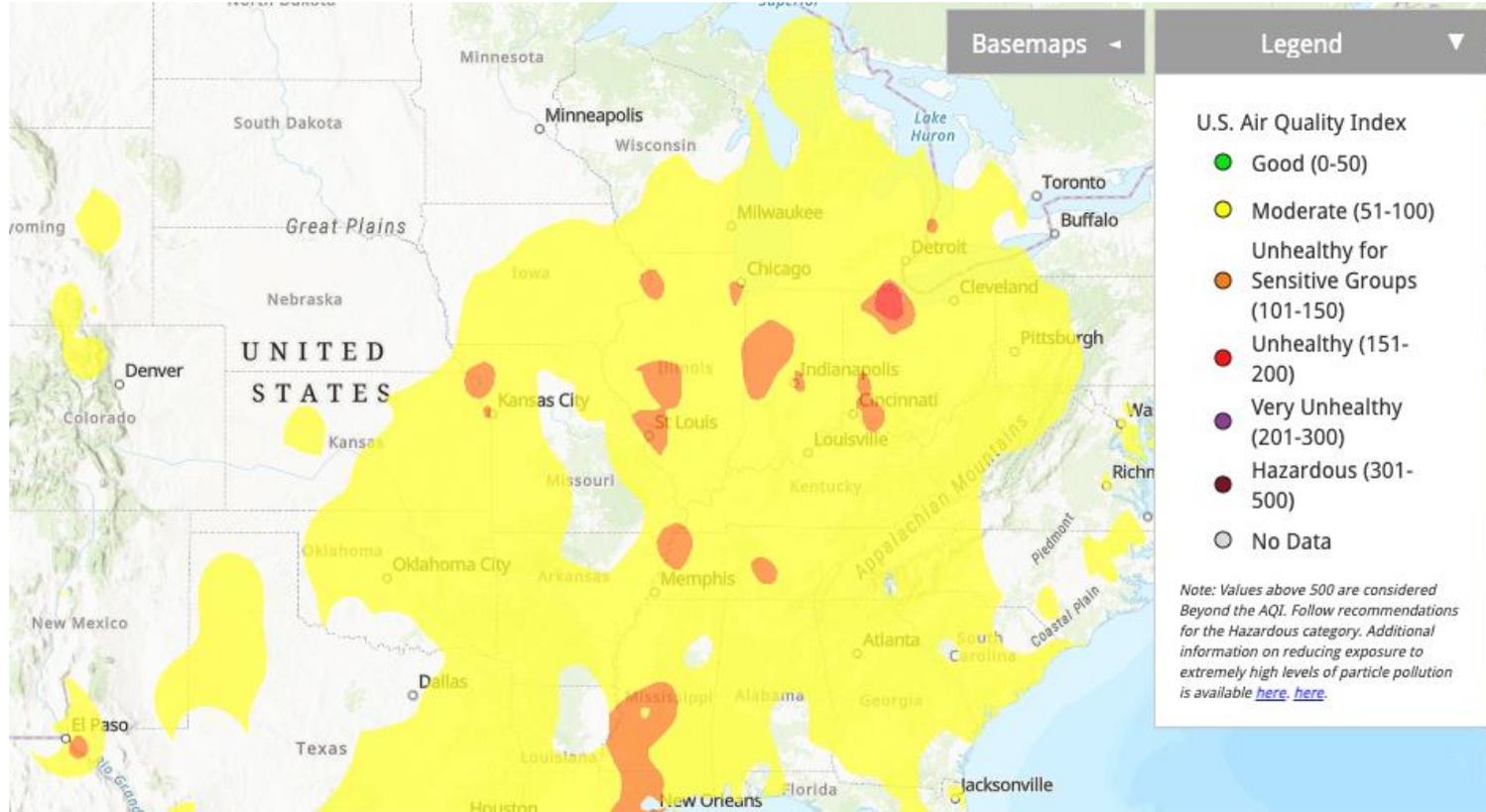


- *Chicago Midway AP reaches 100° (6/15/22).*
 - *First time since July 2012*
- *Consecutive days $T_d > 80F$*
- *Consecutive hours $T > 80F$*
- *Human, livestock stress*
 - *Significant cattle loss*
- *Energy / electrical system strain*

T_d = Dew-point temperature



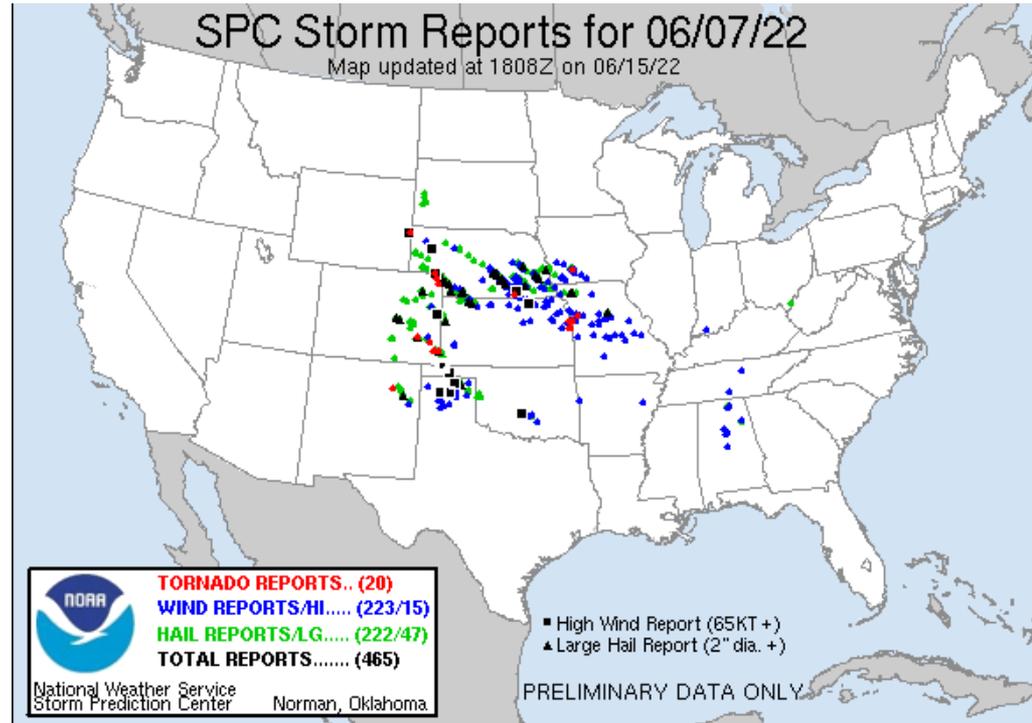
June 15, 2022



Source: AirNow Interactive Map (epa.gov)



Tornado damage, Clark County, SD.



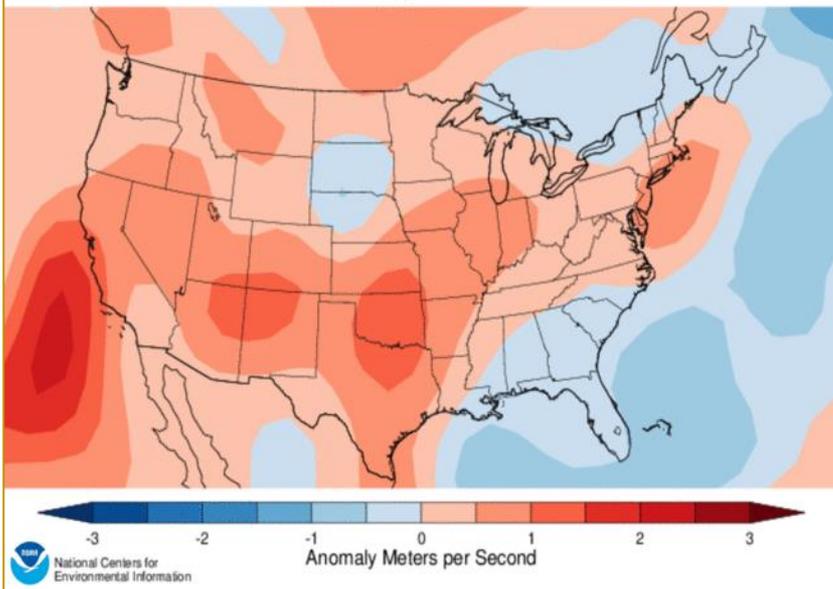


June 11, 2022. Nebraska hail. Photo by Jason Thavenet. Nebraska News 8 (ABC)



Storm damage from Memorial Day, Eagle Bend, MN

10m Wind Speed Anomaly from 1991-2020 Mean
May 2022



1 m/sec = ~2.2 mph

2 mph anomalies for a month are on the high side.

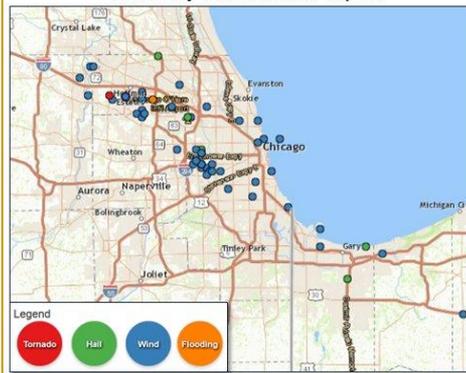
Ohio derecho
June 13, 2022
Credit: Dan Ledyard



June 13, 2022 Supercell Thunderstorm



Preliminary Severe Weather Reports



- A severe thunderstorm, known as a supercell due to its rotating updraft, tracked a little over 100 miles from northern Kane County across the Chicago metro and through northwest Indiana from 5:30-8:30 P.M.
- Hundreds of trees damaged, including many downed, due to severe winds that were measured up to 84 mph at Chicago O'Hare!
- Some structural damage, including apartment roof lifted off in Bellwood where local media reported two injuries occurred.
- Vast amount of damage was due to straight-line winds; NWS survey team continues.

Thank you to storm spotters, broadcast media, and public for your reports!

National Weather Service – Chicago, Illinois

Tuesday, June 14, 2022 3:30 PM CDT

HYDROLOGIC IMPACTS

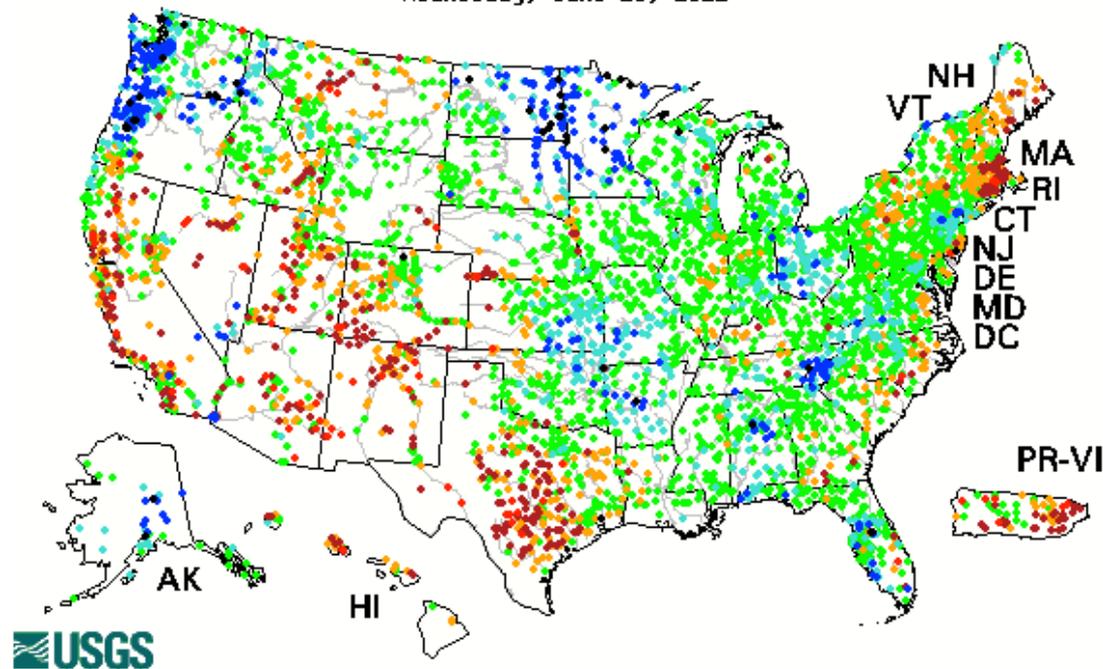


Northeast SD. Photo Courtesy of Diane Mann-Klager; BIA

Wednesday, June 15, 2022

28-Day Stream Flows

- High end flows – MN, eastern Dakotas; southeast KS / southwest MO; parts of OH
- Low-end flows – western KS, NE, KY; Illiana

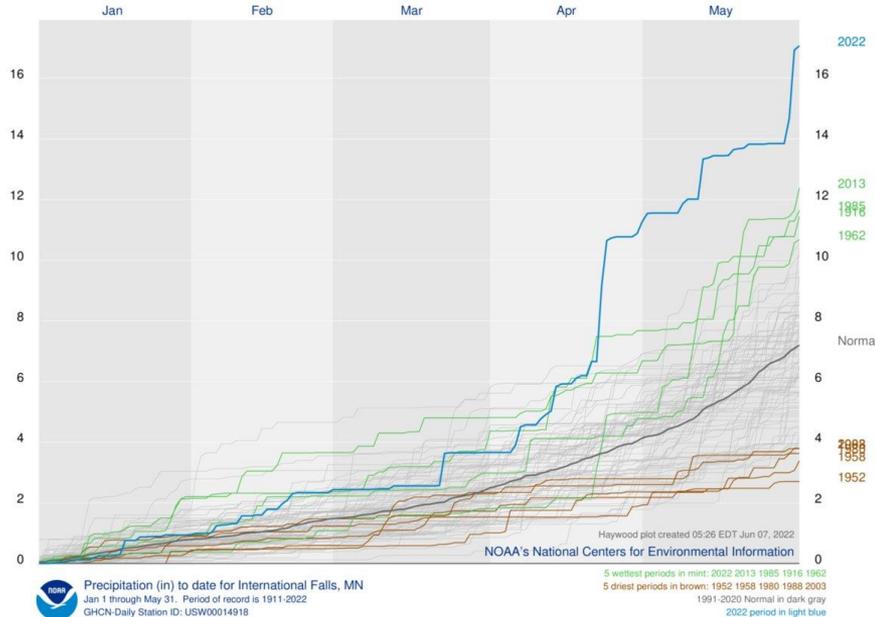


Explanation - Percentile classes						
●	●	●	●	●	●	
Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	High
	Much below normal	Below normal	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal	

- **Rainy Lake, River (northern MN):**
Damaged homes and business
- **Northern MN: International Falls -**
record precipitation to date with 100
years of record
(<https://www.weather.gov/dlh/RainyRiverBasin>)



Flooded lake house on Rainy Lake on the International Falls, MN side.

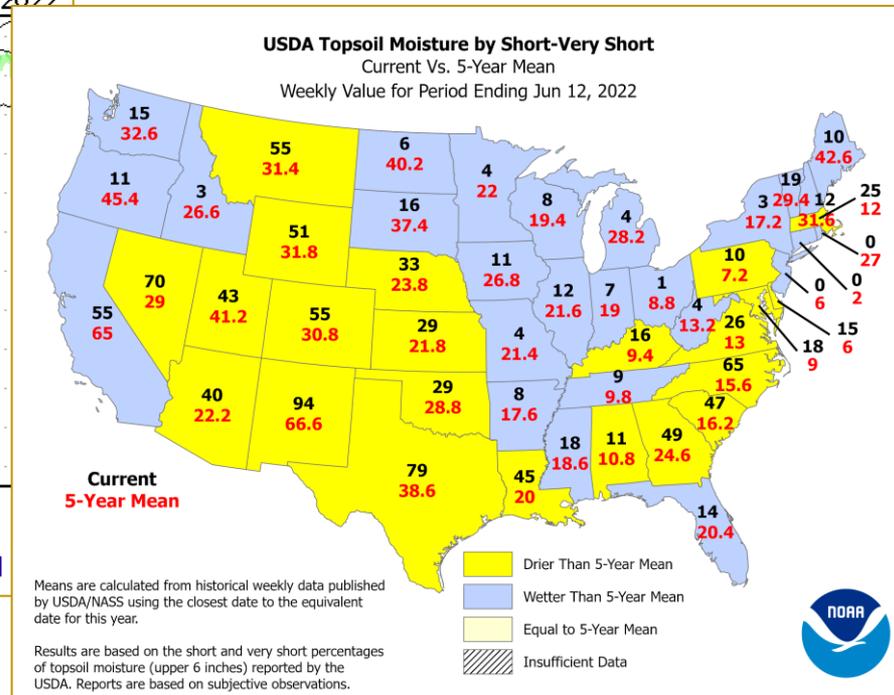
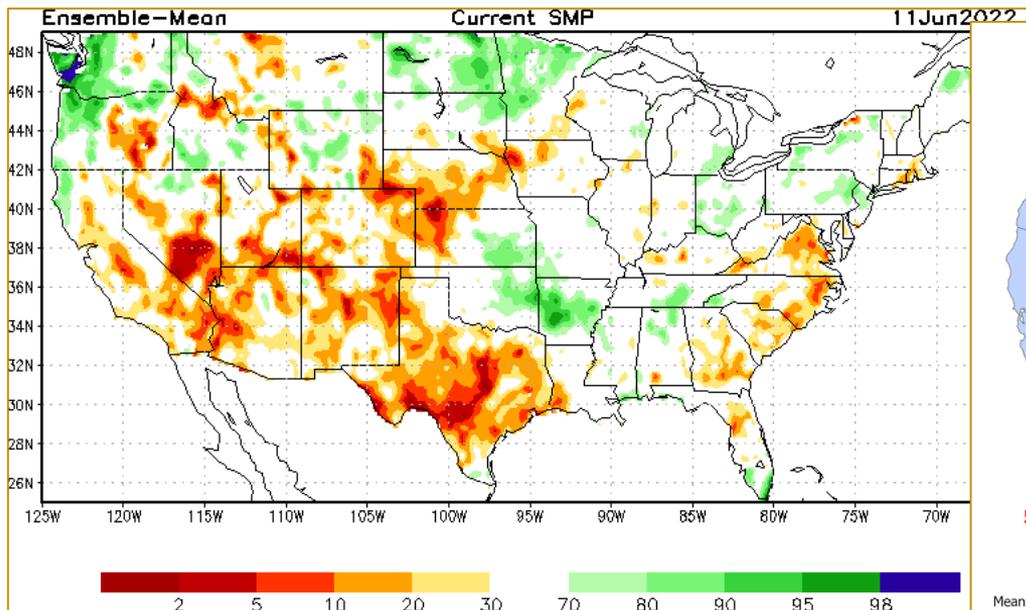


North shore of Rainy Lake near Fort Frances, Ontario (across from International Falls, MN). Photo credit to Mary Ellen Kennedy. Lake of the Woods, Rainy Lake, Namakan Lake, and all of those lakes up in that vicinity are top 2 or record high lake levels.

Yellowstone River flooding

- Lots of rain on snow
- Washed out roads
- Billings water plant shut down
- All time record flow

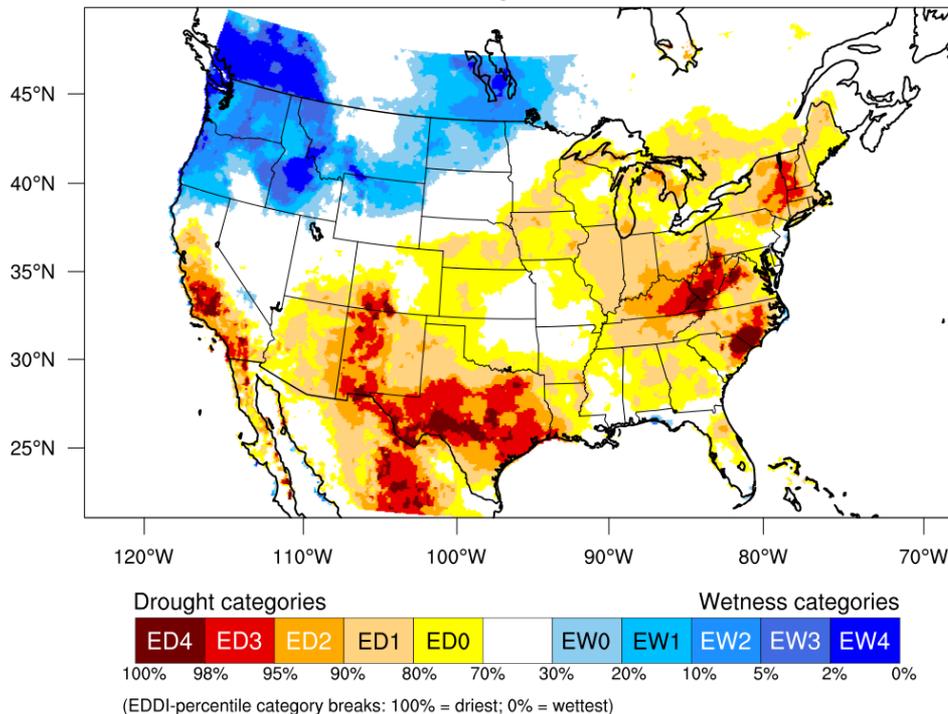




- Dry soils – west KS/NE, CO, parts of WY/ MT, northwest IA
- Topsoil moisture on wet side except for KY, NE, KS

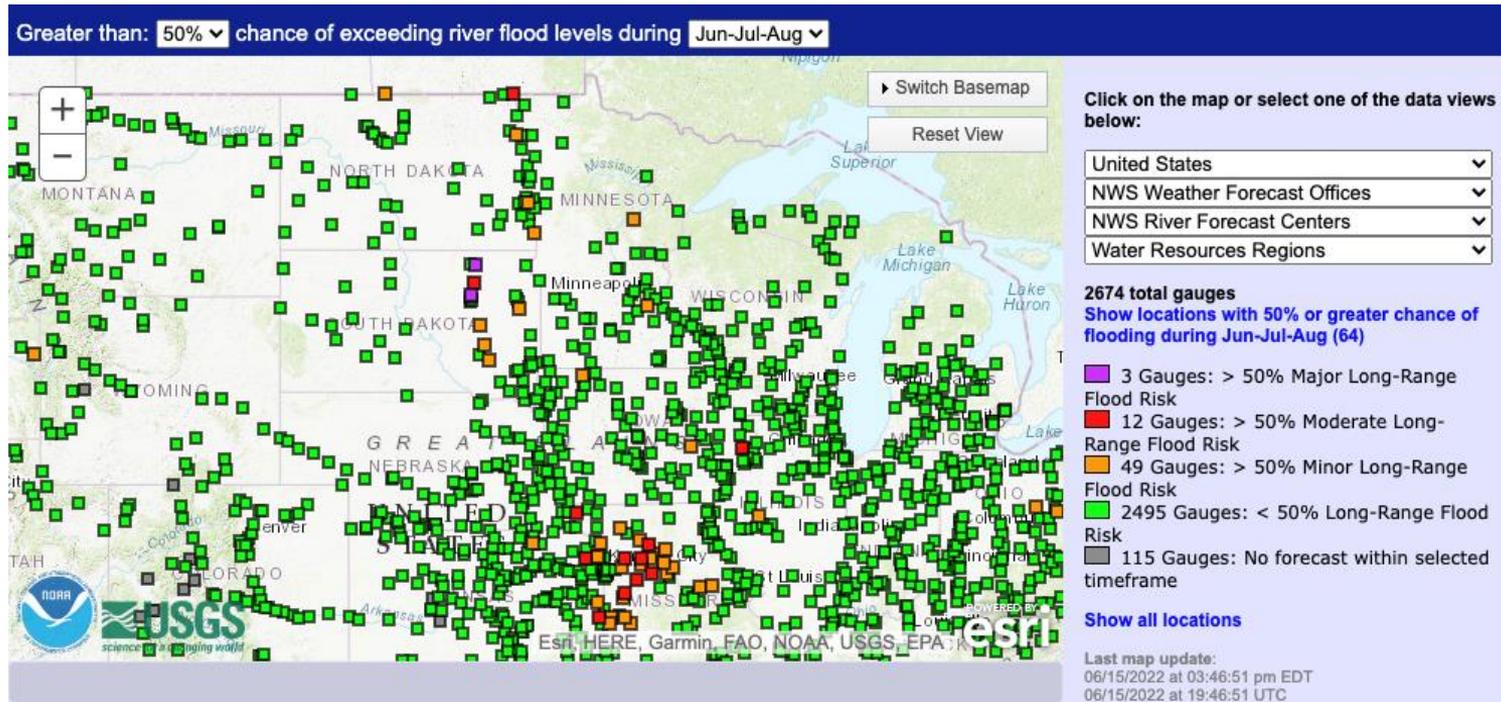
http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/Soilmst_Monitoring/US/Soilmst/Soilmst.shtml#
https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/monitoring_and_data/5yrcomp.gif

1-month EDDI categories for June 9, 2022

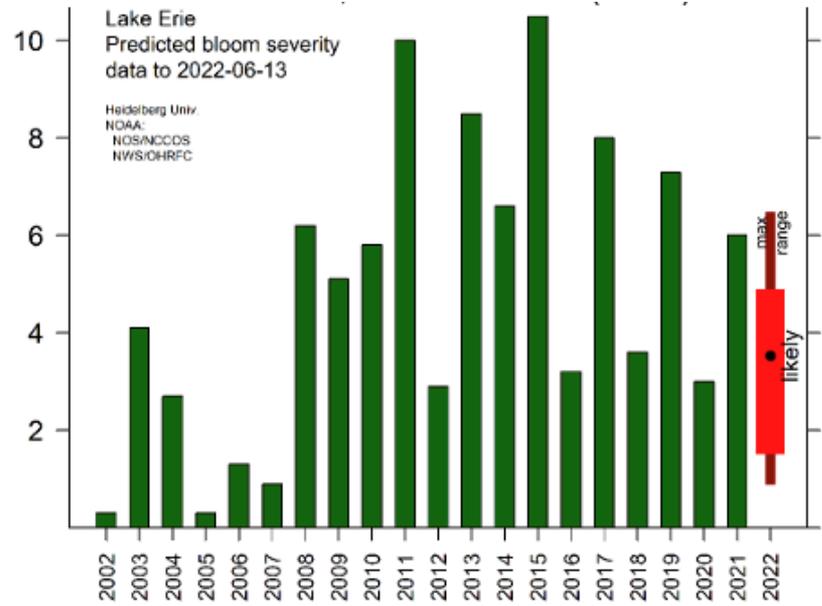


Generated by NOAA/ESRL/Physical Sciences Laboratory

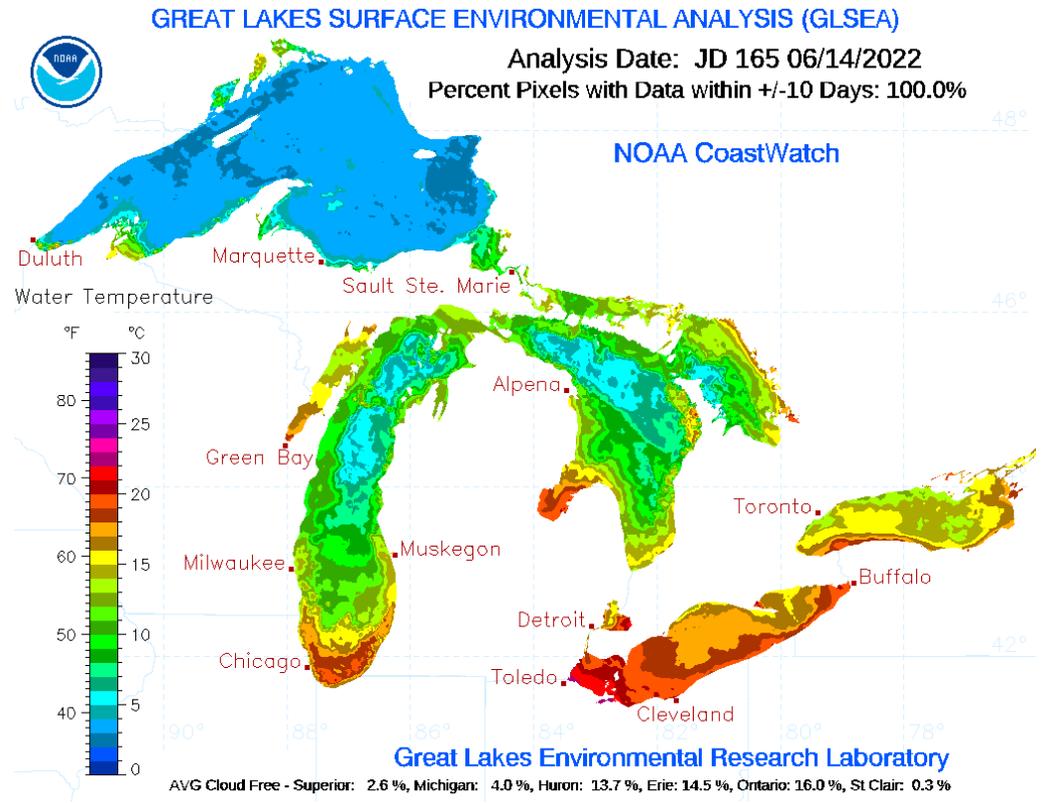
- *“Thirst of the atmosphere” or precursor for water stress*
- *Limited demand across ND westward*
- *Increasing demand – Midwest, KS, NE*



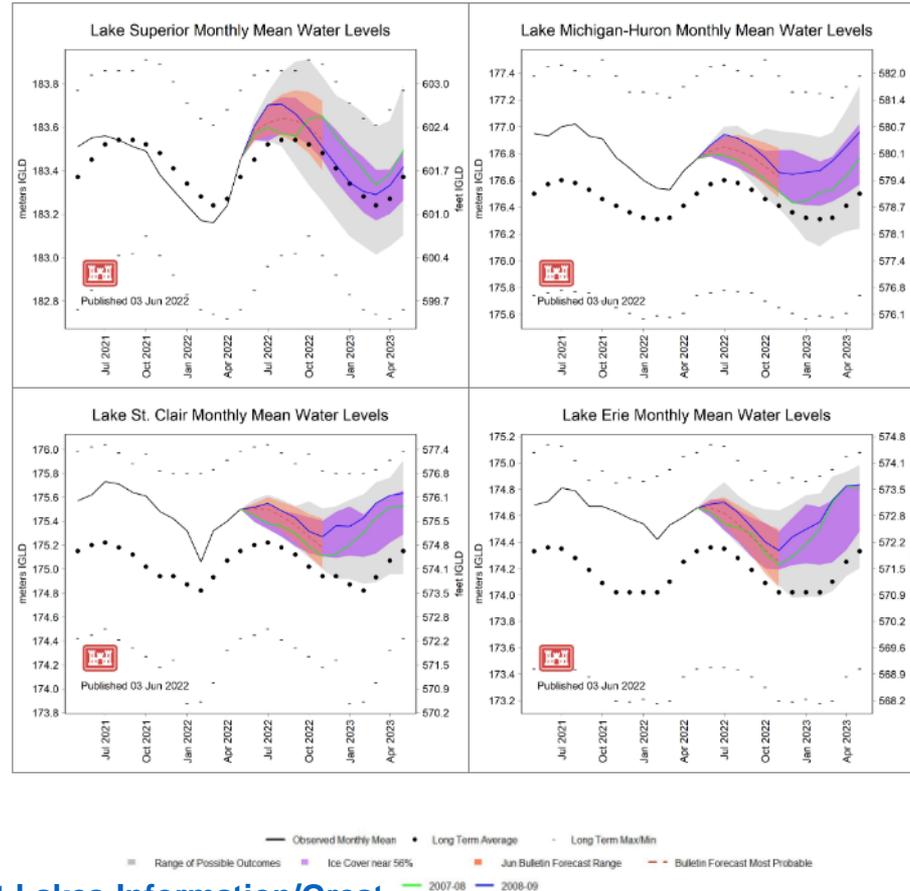
- *Moderate risks downstream*
- *Convective storms – lots of localized rain*
- *James River – ongoing flood*



- Less severe than 2021
- If precipitation stays near normal, expecting 2022 ~ 2020



Relatively normal levels

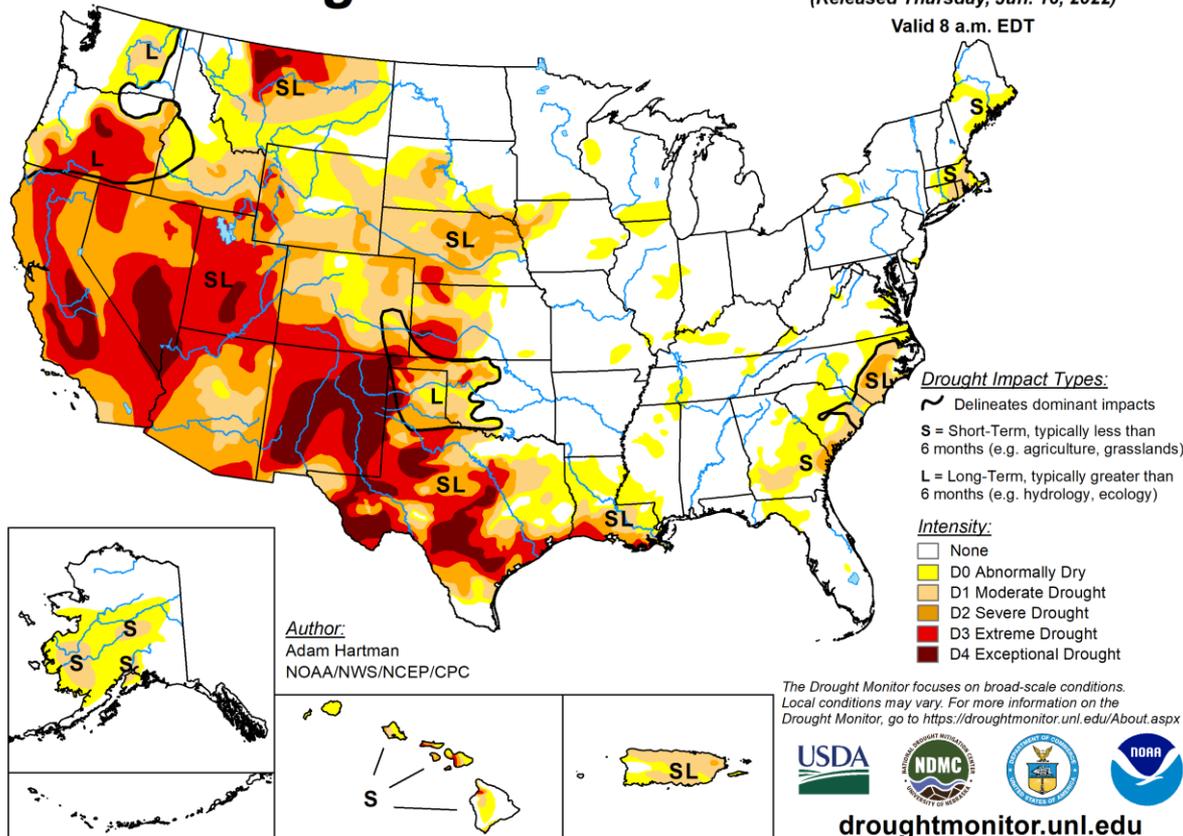


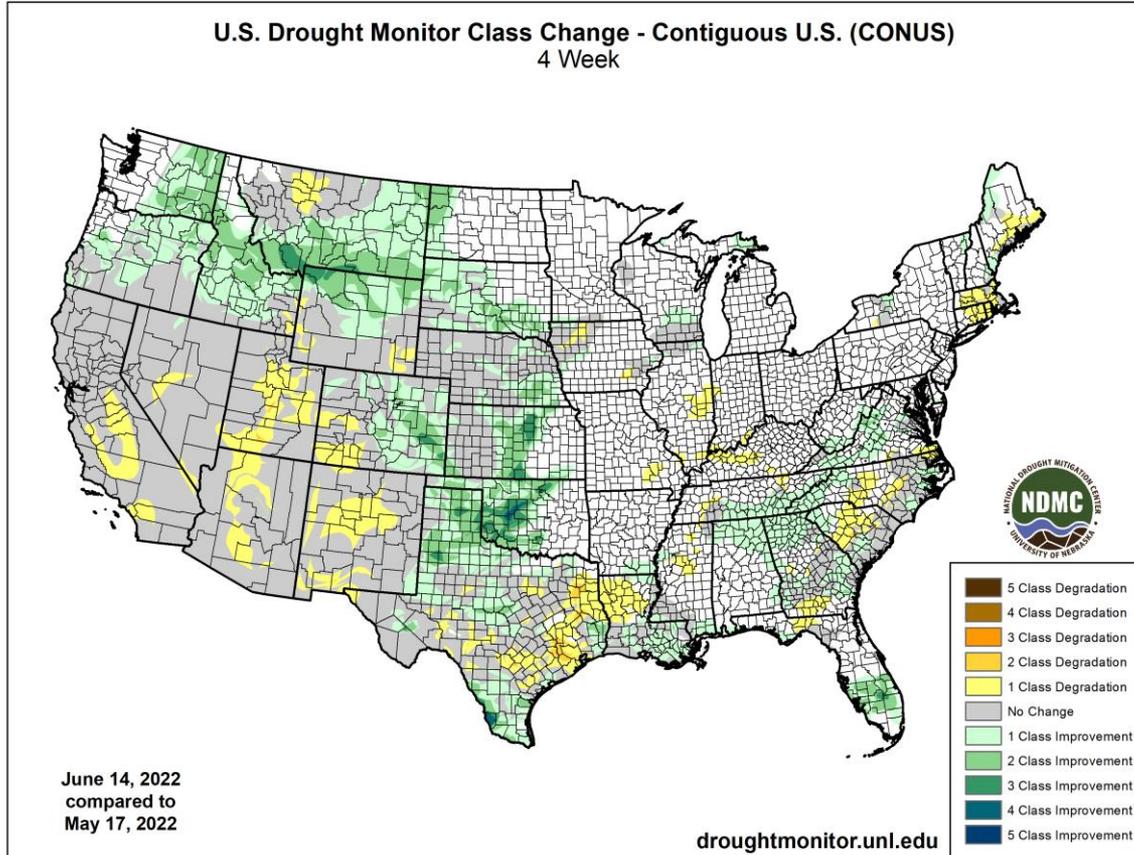
U.S. Drought Monitor

June 14, 2022

(Released Thursday, Jun. 16, 2022)

Valid 8 a.m. EDT

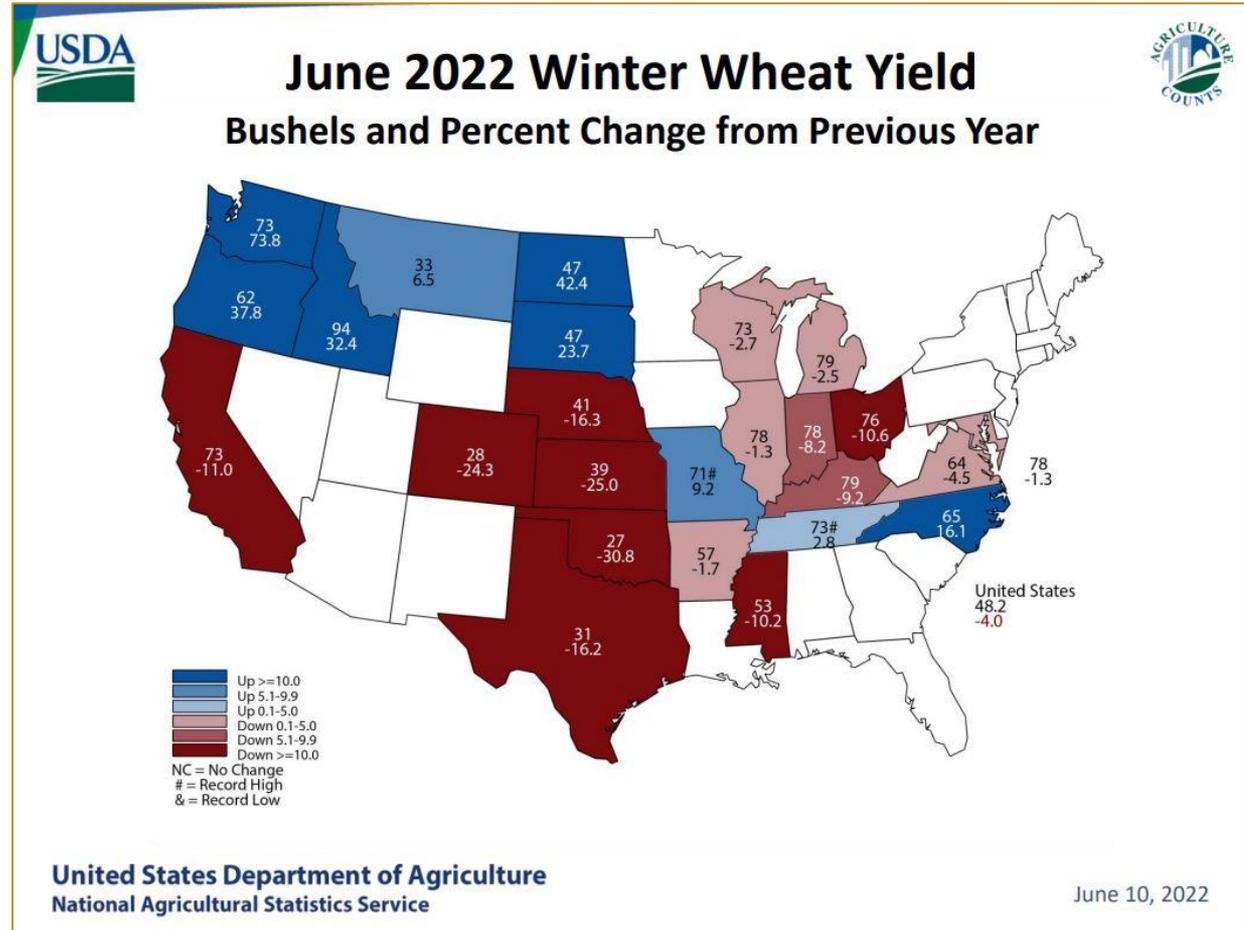




AGRICULTURAL IMPACTS

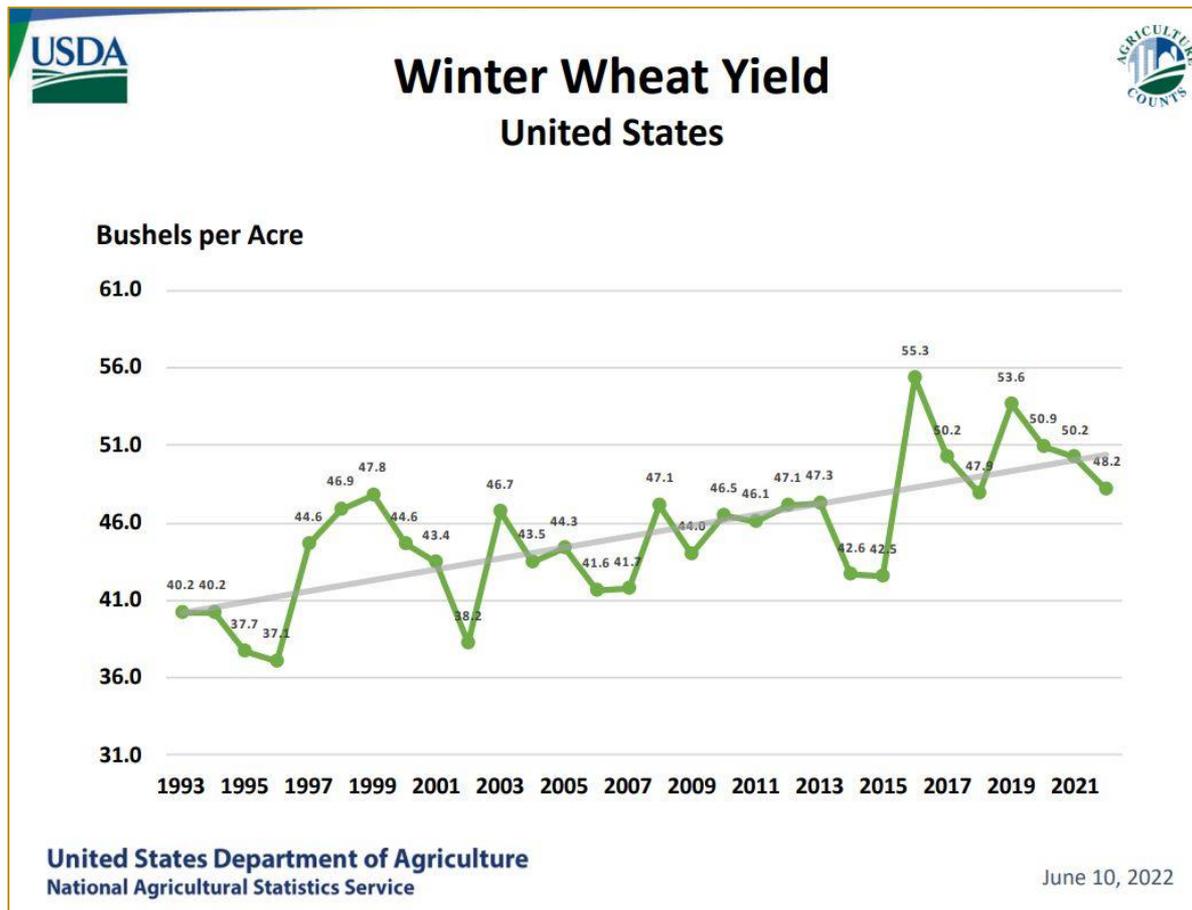


Winter Wheat



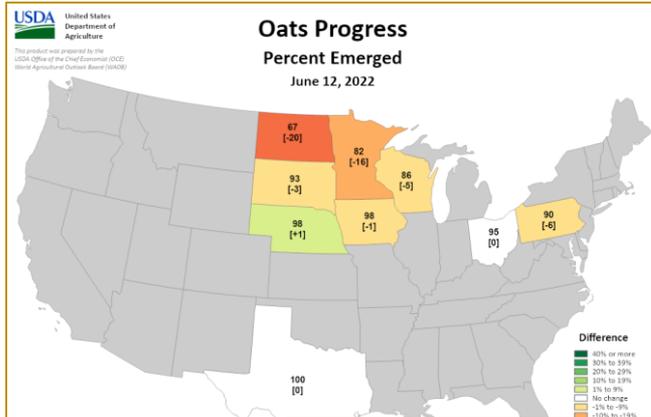
Thanks to Brad Rippey – USDA OCE
Washington D.C.

Winter Wheat



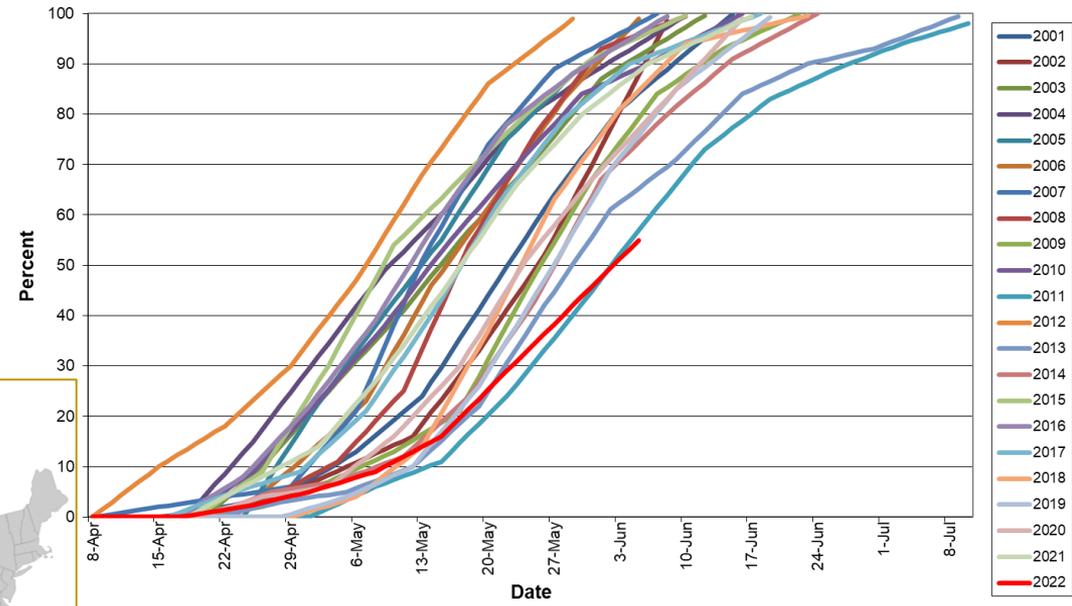
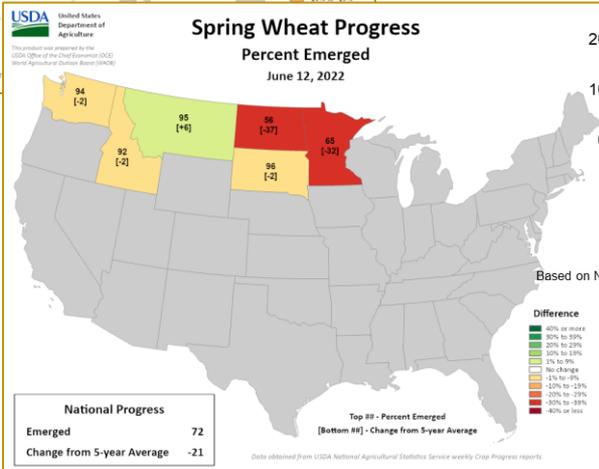
Thanks to Brad Rippey – USDA OCE
Washington D.C.

U.S. SPRING WHEAT: Percent Emerged



National Progress

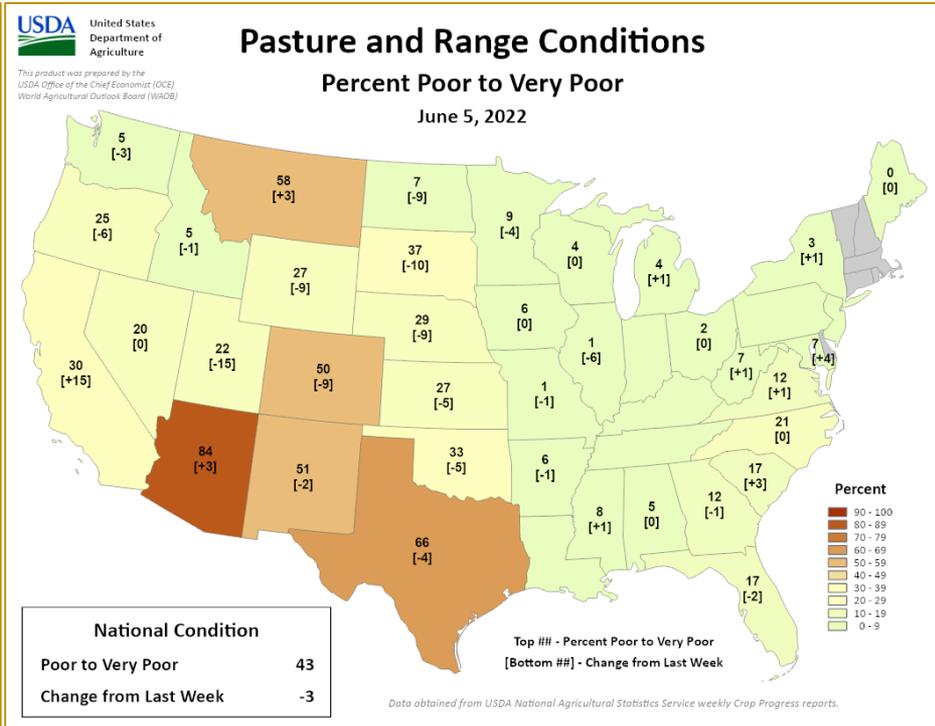
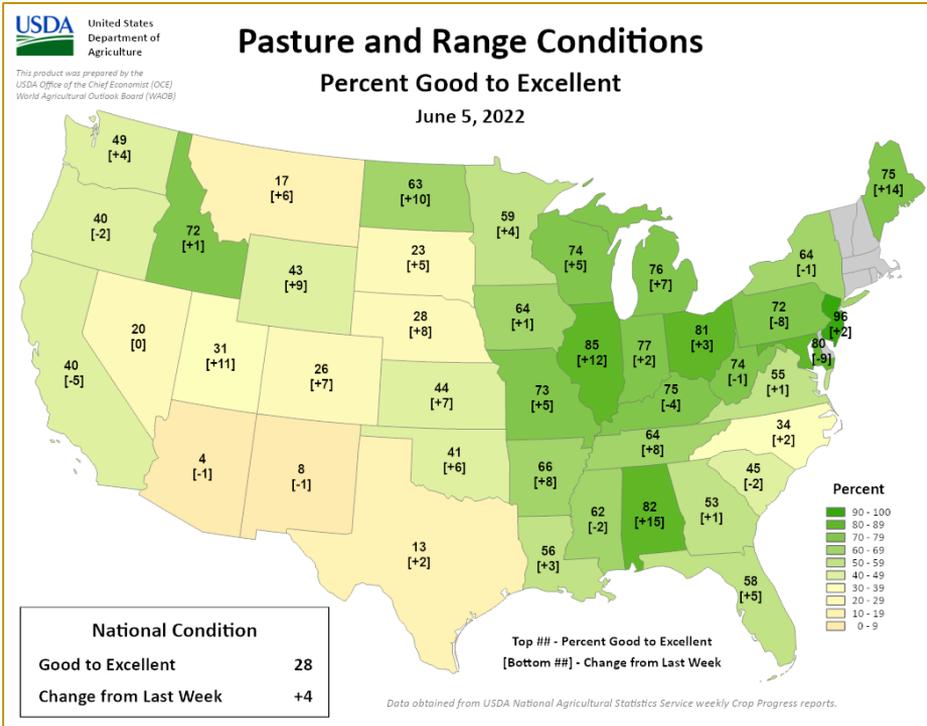
Emerged	88
Change from 5-year Average	-8



Based on NASS crop progress data.

U.S. spring wheat planting pace through June 5 is the second slowest of the 21st century.

Thanks to Brad Rippey – USDA OCE Washington D.C.



- Some improvement with rains
- Still problems in CO/MO; not great in plains (but better)

Wildfire

Southwest Kansas, Photo Courtesy of Chip Redmond

Finney County, KS – June 13, 2022



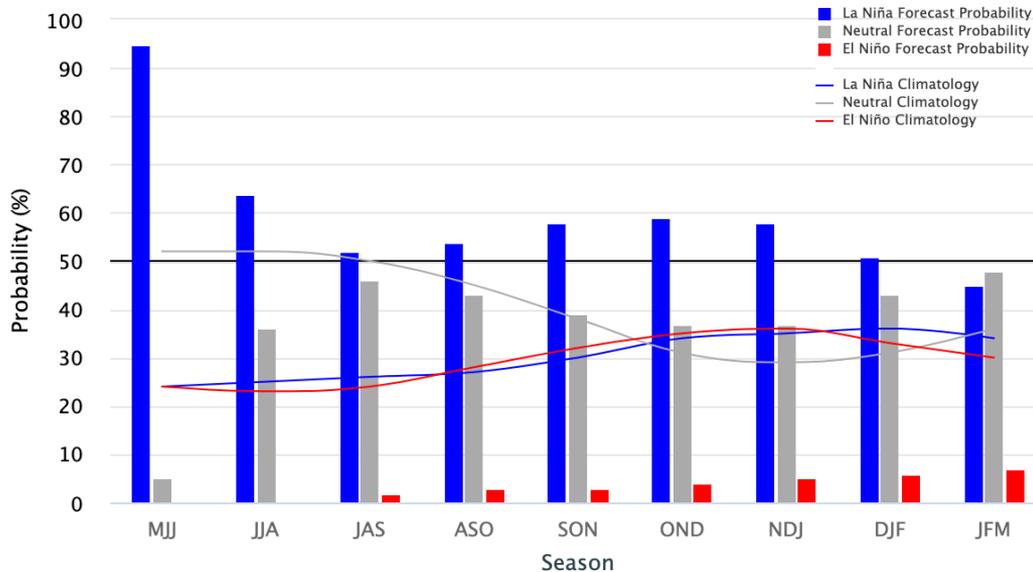
Nebraska fire (Chip Redmond)

Outlooks



Early-June 2022 CPC/IRI Official Probabilistic ENSO Forecasts

ENSO state based on NINO3.4 SST Anomaly
Neutral ENSO: -0.5 °C to 0.5 °C

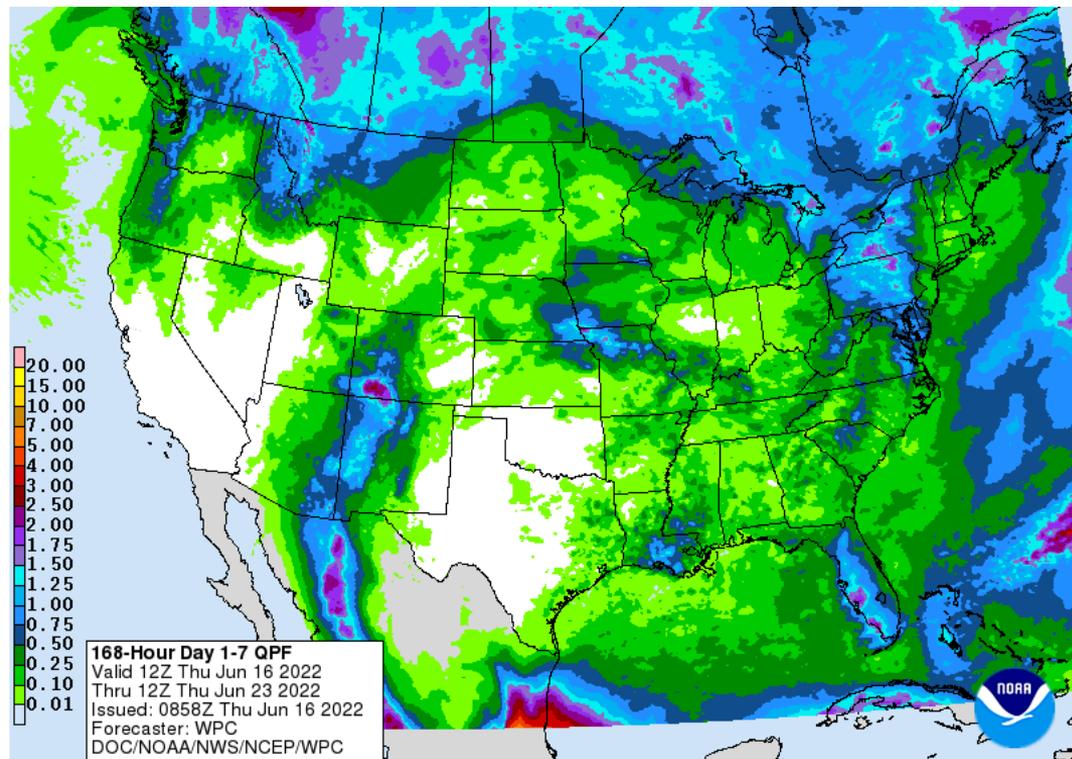


- *La Niña sticking around*
- *Weak La Niña expected to continue, possibly strengthen again this fall/winter*
- *Uncertain level of influence*

Valid Thu June 16-23

- *Low rain amounts over broad areas*
- *Highest rain predicted at NE-IA-MO – potential flooding risks*
- *ET expected to exceed precipitation*

ET = evapotranspiration

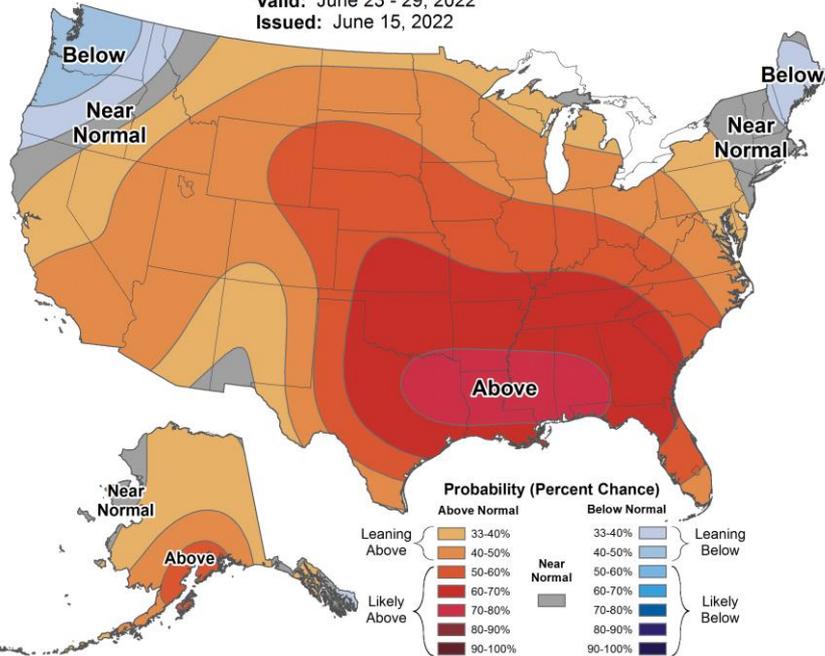




8-14 Day Temperature Outlook



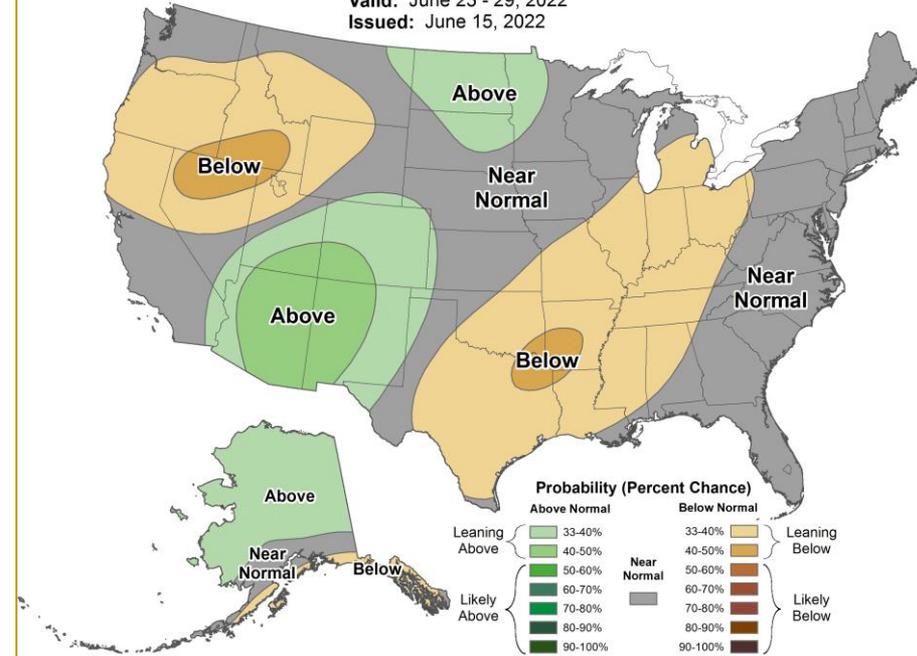
Valid: June 23 - 29, 2022
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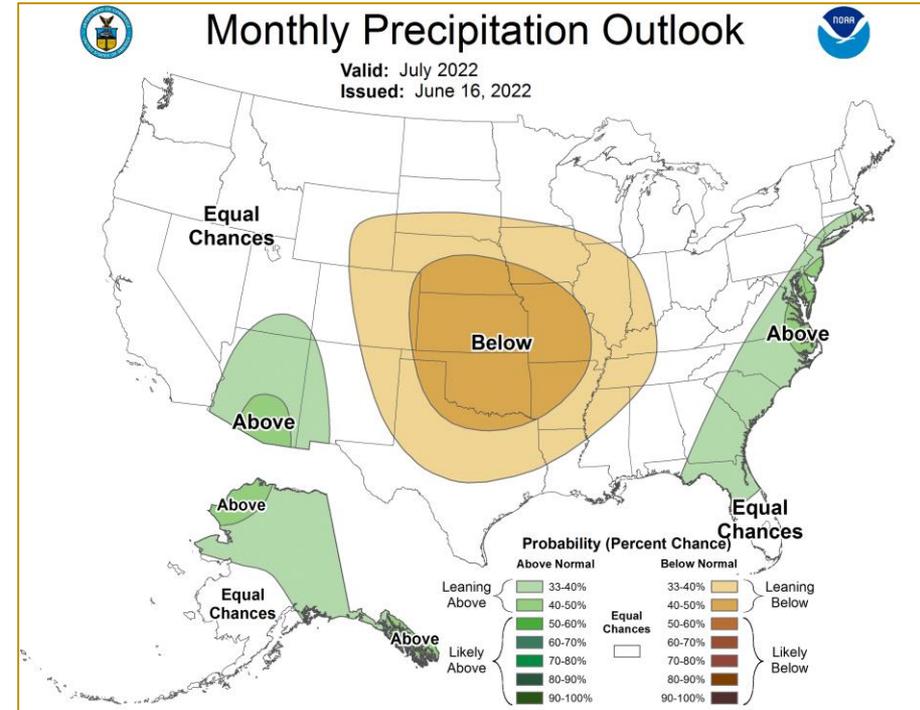
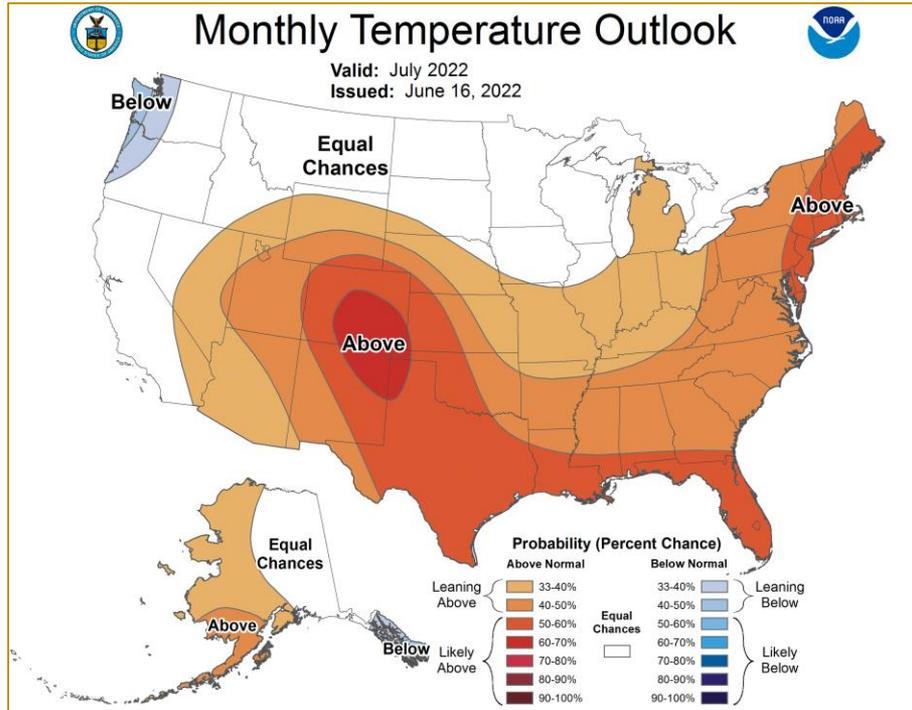


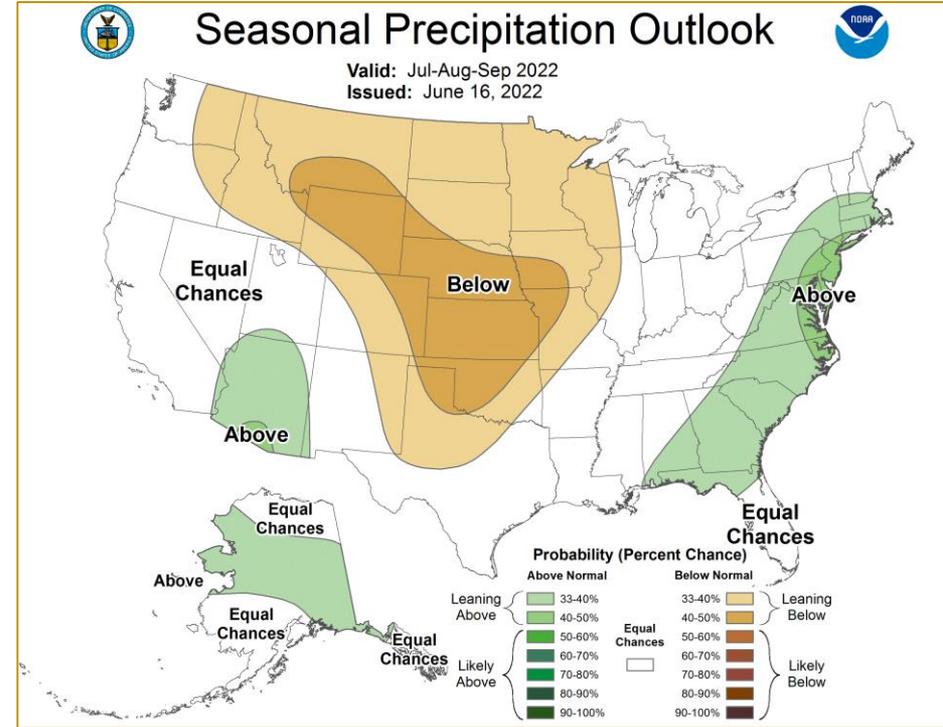
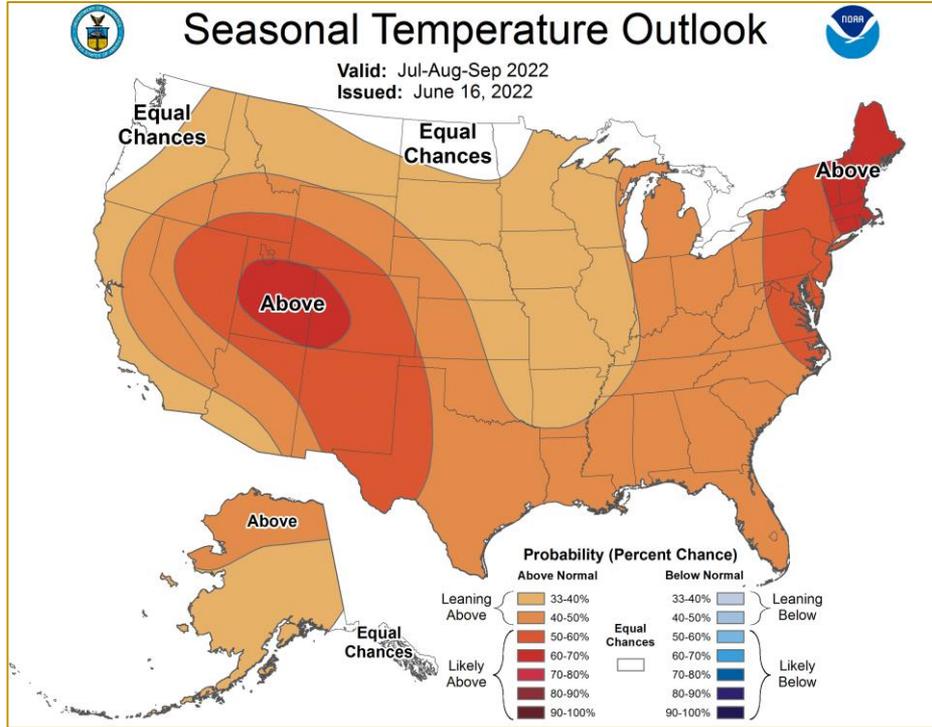
8-14 Day Precipitation Outlook



Valid: June 23 - 29, 2022
Issued: June 15, 2022







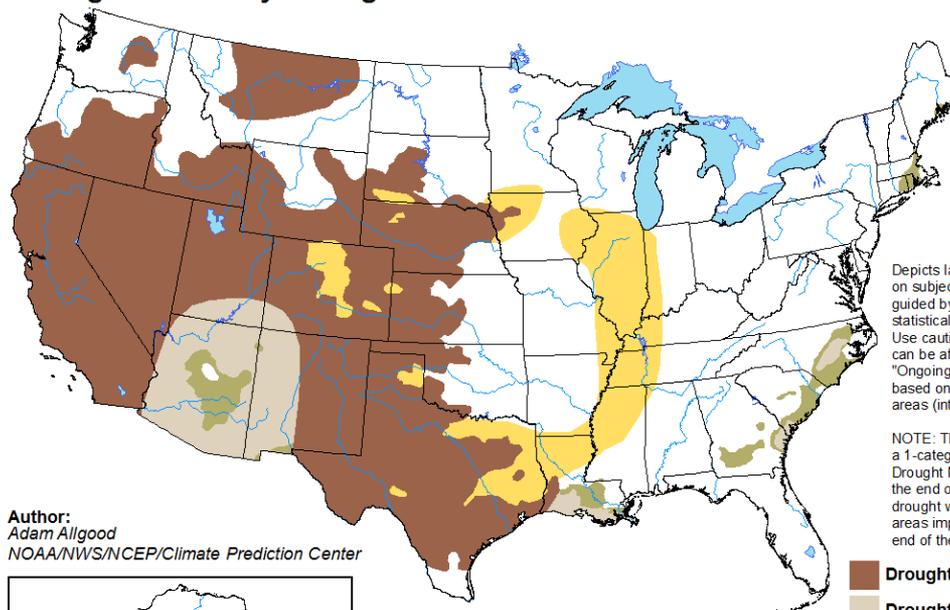
U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

Valid for June 16 - September 30, 2022
Released June 16

Drought development likely:

- Northwest IA
- Eastern IA
- Illinois

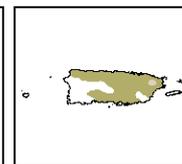
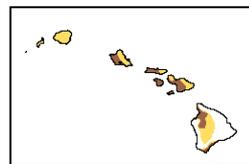
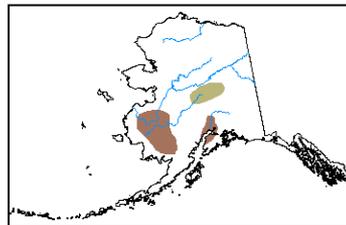
Development where soils are drier



Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Use caution for applications that can be affected by short lived events. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4).

NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none).

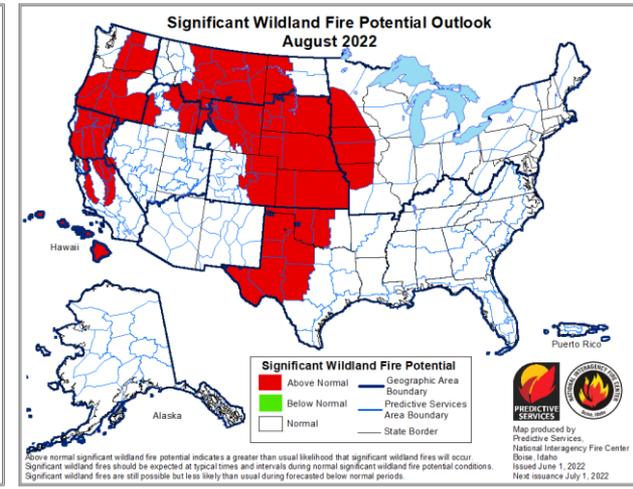
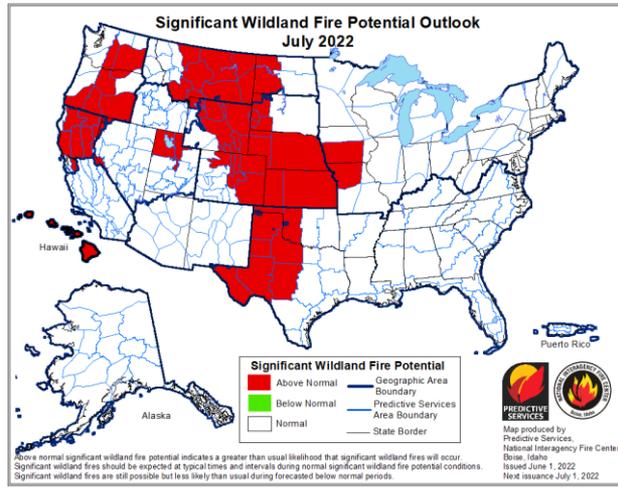
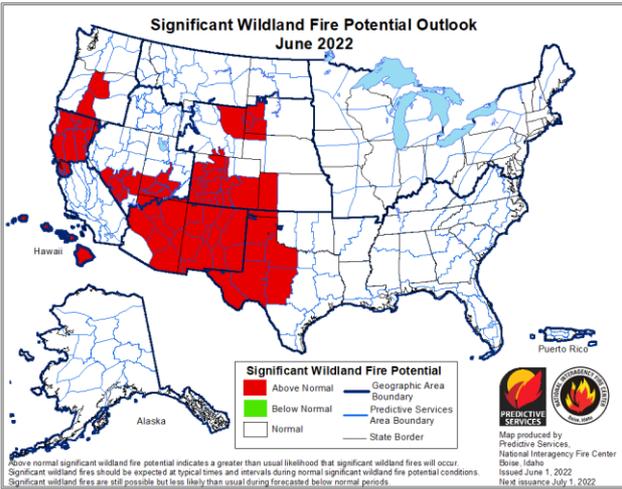
Author:
Adam Allgood
NOAA/NWS/NCEP/Climate Prediction Center



- Drought persists
- Drought remains but improves
- Drought removal likely
- Drought development likely



<http://go.usa.gov/3eZ73>



- High wildland fire danger expands in July, August
- High Plains states, MN, IA, MO most at risk

- **May temperatures were near normal in northern states; warmer in Midwest**
- **Precipitation near normal or slightly wetter than normal**
- **Where cooler and wetter → delayed planting**
- **Ongoing flooding issues for the Red River, James River, and Northern Minnesota**

- **La Niña conditions persist through summer**
- **Increased probabilities of:**
 - **Warmer than normal average temperatures**
 - **Rapid intensification of drought**
 - **Convective / localized flooding**

Today's and Past Recorded Presentations

<https://mrcc.purdue.edu/multimedia/webinars.jsp>

<https://hprcc.unl.edu/webinars.php>

NOAA's National Climatic Data Center: www.ncdc.noaa.gov

Monthly climate reports (U.S. & Global): www.ncdc.noaa.gov/sotc/

NOAA's Climate Prediction Center: www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov

Climate Portal: www.climate.gov

U.S. Drought Portal: www.drought.gov

National Drought Mitigation Center: <http://drought.unl.edu/>

USDA Climate Hubs <https://www.climatehubs.usda.gov/>

State climatologists: <http://www.stateclimate.org>

Regional climate centers: <http://mrcc.purdue.edu> and <http://www.hprcc.unl.edu>

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